The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY

VOL. II, NO. 213. BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1914. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting Ads a with	Tons.
Sept.				
12th "	Malwa	11000	— —	—
12th "	Simla	6000	— —	—
26th "	Morea	11000	— —	—
3rd Oct.	Persia	8000	— —	—
10th "	Maloja	12500	— —	—
17th "	Caledonia	9000	— —	—
24th "	Salsette	6000	Mooltan	10000
31st "	India	8000	— —	—
7th Nov.	Salsette	6000	Macedonia	10500
14th "	Arabia	8000	— —	—
21st "	Salsette	6000	Moldavia	10000
28th "	Malwa	11000	— —	—
5th Dec.	China	8000	Pedina	12500
12th "	Persia	8000	—	—
19th "	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
26th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11400	—	—

Tenders leave CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at the place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and NEW ZEALAND.

These Steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

A. R. BURNEY,
Acting Superintendent,
Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamership Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.
Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Ton.	Arrival.	Departure.
Jinsen Maru	T. Terada	3785	2nd Sept.	11th Sept.
Jokombo Maru	O. Sakamoto	4709	17th Sept.	24th "
Rangoon Maru	H. Nomura	5143	4th Oct.	16th Oct.
Kirin Maru	M. Nakamura	3808	18th "	30th "

For Freight apply to—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
NIPPON YUSEN-KAI-SHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

BY APPOINTMENT.

GENERAL

ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.
(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)
Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000
Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000
ESTABLISHED 1885.

Special Policies and Low Quotations for—

FIRE	ACCIDENT & SICKNESS
BURGLARY	FIDELITY GUARANTEE
MOTOR CAR	PLATE GLASS
MOTOR CYCLE	LIFT & HOIST
BICYCLE	
LIVE STOCK	

INSURANCES.

For Particulars and Proposal Forms apply to—
INDIAN BRANCH:—
12-18, Church Gate St., BOMBAY,
(P. O. Box 112.)
Manager for India—G. M. ROSE.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
98 CHURCH-GATE ST. Fort
BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinal Bath-room Fittings, etc.,

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES,
(JOINT SERVICE).

SAILINGS.
HOMEWARD.
SPRING 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about:	Leave Bomb about.
City of Marseilles A&C	8250	3rd Feb.	— —
City of Glasgow A&C	6545	— —	6th Feb.
City of Poona A&C	7474	3rd March.	— —
City of Paris A&C	9239	15th "	17th March
City of Lahore A&C	6047	24th "	— —
Trafford Hall A&C	6321	— —	29th March
City of Manchester A&C	5551	31st March.	— —
City of Nagpur A&C	7500	12th April	14th April
City of Cairo A&C	—	21st "	— —
City of Benares A&C	6984	— —	27th "
City of Marseilles A&C	8250	8th May	10th "
City of Poona A&C	7474	7th June	— —

"Trafford Hall," carries 1st Class passengers only; all other steamers have accommodation for 1st and 2nd Classes.

FARES.	1st class Singles.	1st class Returns.	2nd class Singles	2nd class Returns
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	484	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	—	999	—	737

Concession granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—
Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,100,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakura
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jhija
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.

Post Box 141

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... "	30,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... "	18,900,000

HEAD OFFICE YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsien	Liaoyang	Osaka
Changchun	Calcutta	Pekin
Dairen (Dalney)	London	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Fankow	Lyone	
Harbin	Fengtien	San Francisco
Hongkong	(Mukden)	Shanghai
Honolulu	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Kobe	Newchwang	Tientsin
	New York	Tokyo
Los Angeles	(Cal. U.S.A.)	Tsingtau

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.
Vessels. Tons. Sailing Date Time Routes.
LHASA, 2184 Fri. 11th Sept. *6 a.m. Direct.
*or on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHIRE.
(Weekly.)
A STEAMER to be named later.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
Extra sailings at frequent intervals.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
A STEAMER to be named later.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.
(Direct.)
Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Strait Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier.
Bombay.
8th September, 1914.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF THE ANCHOR LINE.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. Circassia	6722	C.F. Osborne R. D. R. N. R.	16th Oct. 1914
S.S. Massilia	5091	J Thomson	21st " "
S.S. Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	6th Nov. "
S.S. Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1915.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. Castalia	6388	G. Mitchel	9th Feb. 1915
S.S. Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	24th " "
S.S. Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th March "
S.S. Olympia	5124	J. L. Henderson	26th March "
S.S. Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne R.D. R. N. R.	15th April "
S.S. Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	27th April "
S.S. Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	8th May "
S.S. Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	29th May "

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	...

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

POONA SEASON.

Visitors to Poona will Find the most Up-to-date place for BREAKFAST, TIFFIN, DINNER AND AFTERNOON TEA AT

F. CORNAGLIA'S,

Leading Confectioner and Caterer of Western India.
Local and Mofussil Orders promptly and carefully executed.
All Caterings in the most recherche Style.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

F. CORNAGLIA.

83, Medow Street,
7, Esplanade Road, } BOMBAY.
And 6, Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia." Telephone No. 42.

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.
ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS	CLAIMS PAID
exceed	exceed
Rs. 4,50,00,000	Rs. 4,00,00,000

ABSOLUTE SECURITY
provided for Policyholders by the investment of Funds in Government and Trust Securities.

RECORD BONUS
declared in respect of the last Triennium.

For particulars apply to
STEWART S. STORY,
Ag. Manager.
Oriental Buildings, Bombay.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken-down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorised	Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed	Rs. 19,36,700
Capital Paid up	Rs. 11,24,978
Reserve Fund (In G. P. Notes)	10,40,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches—
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Ambalia City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interests which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent., per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to—

SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

FOR ADVERTISEMENT RATES

APPLY
THE MANAGER,
"BOMBAY CHRONICLE,"
Medows Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

(SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. LAMP OILS.	B. O. C. PITCH.
B. O. C. PETROL	B. O. C. CANDLES.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS.
B. O. C. GREASES.	B. O. C. WAX.

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.

P. O. Box 203. *Telephone Nos.* 102 & 1439.

WAR WATCHES

NOTE—A special discount of **20** per cent will be allowed to all proceeding on active service.

In the days of Joshua there was no need for watches for he controlled the Time-Giving Planets, but to-day, in time of War, Officers and men have to depend on watches for accurate time.

THE CAMPAIGN WATCH.

We have been suppliers of watches for use in time of War, for the past half century nearly, and it is back to **The Afghan War** that we can trace our name as being the original suppliers of **The Campaign Pocket Watch.** A strong, durable and accurate marker of time, whose name other dealers have since thought fit to borrow, thus sincerely flattering us.

Price of our original Campaign Watch is Nickel Rs. **25**; Silver Crystal face Rs. **35**; Hunting or Half-hunting Rs. **45.** Gold Rs. **200,** Half hunting Rs. **225**; Hunting Rs. **235.**

MILITARY MODEL WRIST WATCH.

The best handy timekeeper for Officers of all grades when on active service is **The Military Model Wrist Watch.** Round in shape and protected by a leather wristlet, it can be referred to quickly, and unlike the **Fancy Wristlet Watches** which sit on straps and are ornamentally suitable for private life, this model is essentially strong and it is impermeable to rain, dust or perspiration which attacks the polished steel parts. The ordinary wrist watches are quite suitable for District work but **The Military Model** is **THE WATCH** for **WAR** use being **DURABLE** and **ACCURATE** under extreme climatic conditions.

Nickel Rs. **32,** Silver Rs. **37-8,** Gold Rs. **160.**

THE "IDEAL" WATCH.

May be termed an open watch. It looks neat, light and attractive; sits close on the wrist and is the watch **par excellence** of its kind on the point of quality.

Nickel Rs. 32, Silver Rs. 37-8, Gold Rs. 160.

THE IMPERMEABLE WATCH.

Gives you protection from rain, dust, perspiration because it has a screw-out movement. Obviates risk of every kind.

Silver Rs. **40,** Gold Rs. 125.

THE WALTHAM WRIST WATCH.

The enviable record attained by the Waltham Watch Company is an absolute guarantee against any defect of material or construction.

Silveroid Rs. **40,** Silver Rs. **47-8,** Rolled-Gold Rs. **60.**

For any of the abovementioned watches fitted with luminous figures and hands, Rs. **10** extra.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, 6 & 7 Clive Street, CALCUTTA.
MESSRS. MARTIN & COY., Managing Agents,

SPECIAL FEATURES:—

Improved Schemes of Children's Endowments and Annuities Marriage Dowries for Daughters, **Educational Incomes** for Sons.
Special Provident Assurances, a new and attractive scheme.
Ideal Family Endowment Scheme, a unique system of Assurance.
Double Endowment Assurances, at very favourable rates.
Premiums calculated at Half-Years of Age.
Half-Yearly, Quarterly, Bi-Monthly or Monthly Instalments of Premium accepted without extra charge.
Policies World-Wide from the commencement.
Policies automatically protected from forfeiture by application of the surrender value.
Revival of Policies lapsed by non-payment of premiums effected on most liberal terms.
Guaranteed Surrender and Paid-up Values.
Immediate Payment of Claims.

FIDELITY GUARANTEE INSURANCE:—

The Company is prepared to stand surety for **Government** and **Municipal** Officers, and Employees in Railways, Banks and other public and private Offices, as well as for private individuals.

For Prospectus and Particulars apply to:—

E. F. HALLIWELL,
RESIDENT SECRETARY FOR WESTERN INDIA, SIND & MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

BANKING.

THE EMPIRE BANK, LIMITED.

17-19, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. p. a. on minimum daily balances of Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. p. a.

SAVINGS BANK deposits at 4 per cent. p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved security.

SECURITIES AND STOCKS received for safe custody and dividends and interest thereon collected. Also bought and sold for constituents at market rates.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

Further particulars on application.

HEREDIA & CO.,
Agents.

BANKING.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertiser are requested to note that the Publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.
SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to—
The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

ENGLISH dessert PEARS & APPLES 9 lbs. nett, by V. P. parcel post, Rs.3/8 all charges included. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON. The Manali Orchards, Kulu-Panjab, Telegrams "Banon-Kulu." 3690

THE CARLTON HOTEL.—Exclusively for Europeans, the premier Residential Hotel of Bombay. Reputedly the finest cuisine. Every modern convenience and comfort; suites or single rooms from Rs. 5 per day. Special terms on application to the MANAGER. 416

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 80, Esplanade Road. 832

PIANOS:—MR. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connections with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO Ltd, Music Warehouse, is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS ORGANS HARMONIUMS, etc., Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2450

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

WANTED.

WANTED a cook for the Officers' Mess, 130th Baluchis at Aurangabad. Wages, including mate, Rs. 40 rising to Rs. 50. 2482

S. S. CITY OF CALCUTTA. A qualified European Doctor is required for the above steamer. Apply stating qualifications to Messrs. KILLICK NIXON and Co., Agents Ellerman Line. 250'

ACTIVE PARTNERS to invest Rs.20,000 in a business paying minimum monthly profit Rs. 500. Apply Box No. 850, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3756

WANTED POST by an ENGLISH LADY (widow) as COMPANION, SECRETARY or HOUSEKEEPER at Hotel or Boarding establishment or charge of Invalid or children. Well educated and good references. Apply Box No. 542, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2480

WANTED an Urdu and Persian teacher for the Government High School, Chhindwara, Central Provinces, pay according to qualifications, Rs. 40 to an F. A., or Rs. 60 to a B.A.—Apply with copies of testimonials to THE INSPECTOR of Schools, Nerbudda Circle, Hoshangabad. 2485

WANTED an Assistant Electrician capable of running 3 phase alternative current generations. One with hydro-electric experience preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials stating salary required, to—
EXECUTIVE ENGINEER CANALS,
Malakand, N.W.F.P. 2484

WANTED.—At the Rajkumar College, Raipur, at the end of October, an Indian M.A., as First Assistant Master, Resident. Must be under 32 years of age, good at games, of good family and have experience of work at a boarding school. Pay Rs. 250—10—300, with benefit of Provident Fund and free quarters.—Apply to the PRINCIPAL, Rajkumar College, Raipur. 2503

WANTED for a COTTON MILL, a MANAGER capable of reorganising inside working, cost system office, correspondence; supervising purchases, sales and arranging Finance; generally control the whole business. Must produce references for honesty and capability. No distinction of color or caste. Apply stating age, previous experience and terms to Box No. 849, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3751

WANTED—QUALIFIED LADY TEACHERS to teach English History, Domestic Science and either Algebra or Geometry in Standards VI, VII and VIII. Salary respectively Rs. 60 rising to Rs.80, Rs. 70 rising to Rs. 90 and Rs. 80 rising to Rs. 100. Apply early to RUSTAM P. MODY. Hon. Secretary, Alexandra Girls' English Institution, Waudby Road, Bombay. 3757

WANTED.—A SMART POLICE OFFICER for the POST of POLICE SUPERINTENDENT, RAJPIPLA STATE; one who has served in the British service will be preferred. No objection to a pensioner if he is energetic and able to ride.
Apply with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) to
SARDAR PHIROZE DASTUR,
Dewan. 3749

WANTED.

WANTED—An OPERATOR and an expert PIANIST for NAPIER CINEMA, Poona. Apply soon. 2502

WANTED at once FIRST CLASS MECHANICAL ENGINEER. Salary according to qualifications. Apply sharp to Box, No. 851, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle," Bombay. 3761

WANTED.—FURNITURE etc., purchased wholesale or retail for reasonable prices. Apply Box No. 200, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3786

WANTED GOOD MISTRY for MOTOR REPAIRS; also mistry well up in Magneto and Battery repairs. Only good men need apply stating salary required to
ENGINEER,
State Motor Emporium,
Bhopal. 3746

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SWIFT 2-CYLINDER four-seated in good runing order and condition for Rs. 1,000 or reasonable offer. Apply Mr. LEWIS C/o Inspector Spiers, Hughes Road, Chowpatty. 3755

FOR SALE.—REMINGTON VISIBLE TYPEWRITER No. 10, "A" (foolscap size), absolutely new with accessories. Rs 300, no offers. Apply "B. C.." c/o Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2406

TENTS.—40lbs. officers and 80lbs. Officers Tents can be supplied at once in any number by SUTOR and Co., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 3658

AMMUNITION BOOTS.—Boots for British and Native Troops and Boots and Shoes for Followers can be supplied immediately in any quantity by SUTOR and Co., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 3658

BARGAIN FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—A new 14-16 H.P. BRITON MOTOR CAR, and torpedo body, 4, seated with hood-4-cylinders, Zenith Carborator, thermo-syphon water-cooled. Artillery wheels with Dunnlop tyres 860 x 90 m.m. Car open to inspection after 6 p.m. daily at SIAMAK, SOUTER STREET, BYCULLA. 2506

TO BE LET:

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR of MARINE HOUSE, Marine Lines. No. 21. Apply to Mrs. F. F. KARAKA on the ground floor. 3742

TO BE LET, from 1st October, for EUROPEANS only, Commodious Bungalow on Ridge Road. Electric Lights & Fans. Modern conveniences. For rent and further particulars apply to Box No. 836, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle. 3692

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PROCLAMATION—BOMBAY.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the Fourth Sessions of 1914 of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on Thursday the Tenth day of September 1914 at 10-30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs and Oppresions, had, done or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.
And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.
And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.
And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done. Dated this 22nd day of August, 1914.
FAZULBHOY M. CHINOY,
3624 Sheriff of Bombay.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

THE COMMITTEE of the CHAMBER understand that the "FRANZ FERDINAND, "WARTENFELS" and "LINDENFELS" are likely to arrive in Bombay shortly and they therefore propose to hold a Meeting of those interested in the cargoes of these 3 Steamers on THURSDAY NEXT THE 10TH INSTANT at 3-30 p.m. in the rooms of the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Graham's Buildings, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort. The Committee will be glad if all consignors will attend.
By order of the Committee,
R. E. GREGOR-PEARSE,
Secretary.
Bombay, 8th September, 1914. 3760

NOTICE.

LOST—A dog (female) on Monday last. Description: Fox Terrier, all white, tail cut short, leather collar on, answers to the name "NELLY." The finder will be rewarded; forward it on to the undersigned at 57, Gun Carriage Street, Lower Colaba.
JULIUS BRAGANZA.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited by Captain Walter Lumsden, Director, Royal Indian Marine for the chartering of the following steamers:—
Rheinfels: Stl. Scr. 100A1, Spark Dk. Gross Tonnage, 5512, N. H. P.. 500 Built, 1905, Length 422 Breadth 55.3 Depth, 20.4.
Warturm: Stl. Scr. 100A1, Spark Dk. Gross Tonnage, 4965 N. H. P., 473 Built, 1908 Length, 400.9 Breadth, 52.7 Depth, 20.2.
Term of charter to be for a period of six months certain Vessels to be taken over by charterers at Bombay and redelivered to Government at Calcutta, Colombo or Bombay at charterer's option within two months of notice of requirement being given by Government.
Should circumstances warrant an extension of the time of charter after the said period of six months, such extension shall be the subject of mutual agreement between Government and charterer.
These ships are to be used in the interests of the trade of the Indian Empire, both import and export.
Charterers are to retain the Officers and Engineers appointed by the Director of the Royal Indian Marine under the terms of their agreement and are to pay them at the rates authorised by him so long as their services are satisfactory under the provisions of the Merchants Shipping Act.
The charterers will otherwise have sole control of the vessels and will provide and pay for insurance, coals, stores, etc., as though the vessels were their own.
The vessels to be returned to Government at the expiration of the charter in like good order and condition as when taken over. Fair wear and tear excepted.
Any coals, stores, etc., on board at time of delivery and redelivery to be paid for at a price to be mutually agreed upon between Government and charterers.
Tenders should be made at a price in rupees per Gross Registered Ton.
The tenderer must be prepared to give guarantee as to financial solidity.
Sealed tenders will be opened at the Marine Office at noon on Saturday the 12th September 1914, and envelopes must be marked "Tender for Charter" on the outside of the envelope.
The Director of the Royal Indian Marine does not bind himself to accept the highest tender or any tender from those received.
(Sd.) W. H. HUGHES,
Naval Secretary to the Director,
3754 Royal Indian Marine.

NOTICE.

THE public are hereby informed that from to-day the prices of MICHELIN TYRES and TUBES are reduced by 10 per cent.
THE FRENCH MOTOR CAR & ELECTRIC CO. LTD.
(Incorporated in Belgium.) 3762

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
16, Apollo Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 521.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE THIS DAY TUESDAY, THE 8TH SEPTEMBER, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.),
Under instruction from Messrs. VACHHA & Co., Solicitors for Mr. Pallonji Jamshedji Limboowala, the mortgagee and on account and risk of Mr. Bomonji Edulji Soonawala the mortgagor, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY TUESDAY, the 8th September, 1914, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, very valuable and handsome teak and old carved blackwood household French polished furniture, consisting of cupboards, side-boards, marble-topped tables, hatstands, chiffoniers, easy and rocking chairs, teakwood and brass bedsteads, table fancy ornaments, fancy teapoys, bronze and terra cotta and marble figures under glass domes, Chinese flower pots, and rich cut-ware, platedware by Reed Barton and Elkington and crockeryware and German silver and brass pots, etc.
The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT GHOGHARI MOHOLLA, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.
High Court Suit No. 255 of 1914.
R. D. Sethna Esq. .....Plaintiff.
v/s.
Moosa Haji Essa & others .....Defendants.
Under instructions from Messrs. Mulji and Thakordas, attorneys for B. N. Lang Esq., the Receiver, appointed in the above suit Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public Auction on THURSDAY the 10th September, 1914, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), the following valuable landed property on the premises.
Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house of two compartments standing thereon situate lying and being at Ghoghari Moholla in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay and bearing Collector's Old No. 849, New No. 8014, Old Survey No. 1779 and New Survey No. 1081 and bearing Muncipal C ward No. 6229, Street Nos. 46-48 and which admeasures 104 square yards and which is bounded on the East by the aforesaid Ghoghari Moholla, on the west by the Sweeper's passage, on the North by the property of Moossa Adam Patil Maskar Mistry and on the South by the property of Bhiyas Vacha.
For further particulars and printed conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulji and Thakordas at their Office No. 7, Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.
CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 8th September, 1914.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. RAILWAY LISTS.
63, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 1285.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE ON SUNDAY THE 13TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER 1914 AT 2-30 P.M., (S. T.)
Messrs. MEHTA & Co. Auctioneers are instructed to sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY the 13th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Wodehouse Road the first floor No. 3 of Janjira Chambers opposite the Hotel Majestic, the specially made to order teak and blackwood household furniture by Davjee Canjee, John Roberts and others consisting of dining table and chairs, sideboards, dinner waggon, meatsafe, drawing-room cabinet, corner cabinets, solid iron framed grand cottage piano by Ernest Scheidmeyer, drawing room chesterfield sofas and easy chairs complete set of Encyclopædia Britanica large blackwood partition screen, teapoys, carpets, English made sideboard, American icebox with refrigerator, veranda seats single and double door almiras, clothes and hanging presses, writing, dressing and washhand tables, dressing chest of drawers, hatstand, bookstands, easy, low and Curzon chairs, single and double bedsteads, new veranda bamboo chicks, Japanese fourfold screens, rich glass and crockeryware &c.
The property of W. H. Lang, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be put up for view 3 days before the sale.
Property of another gentleman.
1—2-wheeled rubber-tyred Cabriolette and Waler going in harness.
MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 8th September, 1914.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24, 26, Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 10TH SEPT. AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)
On THURSDAY, the 10th September, 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the shop in Meadow Street. Fort, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co., and next to Messrs. Dunnett and Co., (where the kit has been removed for sale), very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood well made household furniture by well known cabinet makers comprising: sliding dining table arm and without arm chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meat safes, rich glass and porcelainware, rich cabinets, hall cabinets, corners, marble top tables, teapoys, sweet toned cottage piano, in very good order, upholstered drawing room suite, rich engravings double and single bedsteads handsome mirror door almiras, clothes and gown presses, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, upholstered sofas and chairs, chest of drawers, Singer's sewing machine gun, cabinet, Jost Radio fan, automatic table, fan, gent's saddle with bridle, revolving book stands, bentwood chairs, etc., etc.
The property of Thomas Farrell, Esq., and others.
Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.
J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 8th September, 1914.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF SHAWLS, BLANKETS, RUGS AND COLOURS.
Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY. the 9th instant, sell by public auction at 2 p.m., (S.T.), at the Woollen Mills, Dadar, on account of the Insurance Offices concerned.
One large lot grey and green shawls.
White blankets, woollen rugs, etc., and also.—
One lot of Alizarine, Blue, Cothamine, double Orange R., and mixture colours slightly damaged by fire and water. A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.
BENNETT & Co.,
Bombay, 8th September, 1914.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND
Ltd., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,86,606.
Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.
OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife pre-deceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

24th, 25th & 26th September 1914.
THE BOMBAY A. D. C.
PRESENT
"THE MAGISTRATE"
IN AID OF
LADY WILLINGDON'S BRANCH OF THE IMPERIAL INDIAN RELIEF FUND.

Cast—Mrs. Street, Mrs. Worgan, Mis Sim, Miss Warden, Messrs. Aitkin, Binning, Dodds, Hastings, Haynes, Hunt, Medley, Simpson, and Allison.

The Refreshment bars will be run by a number of ladies and gentlemen. Contributions of wine, spirits, cigarettes, cigars, sweets and flowers should be notified to D. B. Binning, "Gool Mansions."

BOX OFFICE AT MESSRS. S. ROSE & Co.

AMUSEMENTS.

DANCE.

Under the distinguished patronage of HER EXCELLENCY LADY WILLINGDON.
The Bombay Branch of the Ex-Soldiers Society of India and Burma will hold a Subcription Dance in the
TOWN HALL
on Friday, 11th September, 1914,
IN AID OF
H. E. LADY WILLINGDON'S
WAR RELIEF FUND.
DANCING COMMENCE AT 9-30 p.m.
ENTRANCE Rs. 300 one Gent. & Lady
,, ,, 180 Extra Lady
Tickets may be had from any member or the following:—
G. NEWBY, Bazaar Gate Police Station
G. THOMPSON Fire Brigade Byculla
or the Branch Secretary
W. J. PRYKE.
ASSTT. STATION M...
Victoria Terminus.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. *To-Night!* Tel. No. 1271.
A Novel and Interesting Drama
THE MASTER CROOK
3,500 Feet long—In Three Parts.
A CHAPTER FROM THE LIFE OF A GENTLEMAN BURGLAR.
Packed full of Sensational Scenes of Absolute Novelty and Thrilling Quality.
THE RED CROSS MARTYR.
Our New War Drama.
The Story of a Girl's heroic self-sacrifice on the Battlefield.
A New Series.
Some more funny pictures from the pen of that inimitable artist Mr. Frank Leah.
ANIMATED CARTOONS.
3 Shows Nightly—7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, 10 to 11-15.
Saturday & Sunday. Prize Show—5-30 to 6-45. Extra Show—11-15 to 12-30.

WAR : WAR : WAR

IN AID OF THE
IMPERIAL INDIAN RELIEF FUND
Under the Distinguished patronage of
THEIR EXCELLENCIES
LORD & LADY WILLINGDON
TWO SPECIAL BENEFIT NIGHTS
SAT. 12th & 13th Sep. SUN.
AT
THE CORONATION CINEMATOGRAPH
SANDHURST ROAD, GIRGAUM.
An exceptionally grand programme has been arranged for the occasion. For particulars watch Newspapers, Handbills, &c.
TELEPHONE NO. 1272.

EXCELSIOR

General Manager Mr. James McGrath.
Wednesday, September 16th
A SPECIAL MATINEE
will be given in aid of
THE RELIEF FUND
WOMEN'S BRANCH
under the patronage and presence of
H. E. LADY WILLINGDON
by the Indian Ladies of Bombay.
FOR LADIES ONLY
Tickets can be secured at 4 Waterloo Mansions or the Excelsior Theatre.
Performance to commence at 4-30 p. m,

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PAINLESS DENTISTRY.
HIGHEST CLASS WORK GUARANTEED
Dr. CARR, D.D.S.
Dental Surgeon,
107, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,
OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER,
Hours 9 to 6. BOMBAY

REASONABLE OFFERS & CASH ON DELIVERY.
Gentlemen proceeding Home or Abroad.
Wishing to dispose of their furniture and effects such as glass and porcelainware, silverware, furniture, piano, horses and carriages, nic-nacks, garden &c. &c. should apply to the undersigned for reasonable offers and prompt cash on delivery. Advances paid on the same.
SURPLUS STOCK & JOB LOTS
OF
English and Continental firms, Manufacturers' Agents &c. purchased at reasonable offers.
HARDINGE & Co.,
67, Meadow Street, FORT.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken-down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight.

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DO YOU KNOW THIS MAN?

LEON KENDAL

THE WORLD-RENOWNED

ASTROLOGER AND PALMIST

TAJ MAHAL HOTEL (Suite 352.)

BOMBAY.

Consultation hours 9 to 5 daily, and by correspondence

THE GRAPHIC (London) says:—"His delineations are nothing short of marvellous."

HENNESSY'S

"One Star"

"Two Star"

"Three tar"

"XO" Liqueur.

BRANDIES.

Sold by all Dealers.

FLEURS de FRANCE PERFUMES

are the perfect scents of the French Flowers,

LILY OF THE VALLEY, JASMINE, ROSE, VIOLETTE, CARNATION, CHYPRE,

And Six other kinds.

Used by the **Fashionables** all over the world

ROSE SUPREME

(A Boquet of the sweetest Rose)

A dozen lovely bottles with a glass feeder and Silver plated Caps on each Card.

ANNAS TWELVE 0-12-0 ANNAS TWELVE PER BOTTLE

Sold every where. Agents Wanted.

FLEURS de FRANCE Coy.

ISMAIL BUILDING, CHURCH GATE STREET, Fort, BOMBAY.

CROMPTONS FANS.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 60 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 83 each.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 36 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 45 each.

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FANS OBTAINABLE

CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

35-37, APOLLO STREET,

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 6.

S.S. Frienfels	Hocking	Calcutta, Aug. 14
S.S. Euryalas	Bignold	Calcutta, Aug. 28
S.S. Kurmark	Cortwer	Calcutta, Aug. 20
S.S. Nankin	Manley	London, Aug. 14
S.S. Rikard Nordrook	Hunn	Bangkok, Aug. 14
S.S. Dewa	Evans	Calcutta, Aug. 26

Sept. 7.

S.S. Homayun	Courtney	Jedah, Aug. 30
S.S. Okara	Peck	Rangoon Aug. 26
S.S. Havildar	Ookerhatt	Calcutta Aug. 29

DEPARTURES.

Sept 7.

S.S. Linga	Cutbush	Karachi

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday.

City of Calcutta	Miller	Karachi

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer	Abydos	for Mauritius etc.
	Rikard Nordrook	for Bangkok

S. S. Euryalas:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Euryalas, 3,569 tons, captain F. B. Bignold, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Calcutta which port she had left on August 28 with ballast.

S. S. Nankin:—The P. and O. S. N. Company's steamer Nankin, 4,250 tons, captain G. Manley, arrived in harbour on Sunday from London which port she had left on Augu t 14 with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Rikard Nandrook:— The steamer Rikard Nandrook, 698 tons, captain H. Hunn, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Bangkok which port she had left on August 14 with a general cargo and timber.

S. S. Dewa:—The steamer Dewa, 2,340 tons, captain R. Evans, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Calcutta which port she had left on Augus 29 with ballast.

S. S. Homayun:— The Bombay and Persia S. N. Company's steamer Homayun, 2,154 tons captain E. W. Courtney, arrived in harbour yesterday from Yedah which port she had left on August 30 with a general cargo and 212 pilgrims

S. S. Okara:— The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Okara, 3,439 tons, captain E. W. Peck, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon which port she had left on August 26 with a general cargo and timber.

S. S. Havildar:—The Asiatic S. N. Company's steamer Havildar, 3,086 tons, captain C. A. Ookershalt, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta which port she had left on August 29 with ballast.

S. S. City of Calcutta:—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Calcutta, 4,891 tons, captain R. S. Miller, will sail to-day for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

S. S. Linga:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Linga, 949 tons, captain H. M. Cutbush sailed to-day for Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Colombo Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Colombo Maru left Singapore for Colombo on the 4th Instant.

S. S. Egypt:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Egypt with the homeward mails of the 29th ultimo arrived Aden at 10 p. m. on Saturday the 5th instant.

S. S. Java Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Java Maru left Singapore for Hongkong on the 5th instant.

S. S. Saigon Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Saigon Maru left Singapore for Colombo via port Swettenham and Penang on the 5th instant.

Monday, September 7th, 1914.

V. DOCK.

SHED	STEAMER	CAPT.	AGENTS
2	Sardar	Ookerjil	P. Y. S. N. & Co
3	Oriental	Valentine	P. & O. S. N. & Co
6	Rheinfels	Sivers	Dock manager
7	Othello	Laiverance	J. F. & Co
9	Jinsen Maru	Terada	N. Y. K.
10&11	Orna	Hewith	M. M. & Co
14	Lhasa	Manley	M. M. & Co

H. W. P. D.

Netravati	Fakira	Bo. S. N. Co Ld.
Mandvi	Ahmed	Bo. S. N. Co Ld.

H. W. P. D.

Bahadur	Mahomed	BO. S. N. Co
Netranati	Abubuker	

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Anatolia	Seaborne	W. & A. G. & Co
Aronda	Hirst	M. M. & Co
Abydos	Davis	Bo. & A. S. N. & Co
Africanic	Kock	T. M. & Co
Arankola	Alexander	
Angora	Learmount	M. M. & Co.
Bandra	Mando	M. M. & Co
Bleamoor	Blakey	M. M. Scostrl.
Bahrein	Bonnet	Arab Steamer.
Budrie	Evans	T. M. & Co
Begum	Park	T. M. & Co
Barjora	O'Connor	M. M. & Co.
Clan Macphee	Ody	J. F. & Co
City of Exeter	Roe	K. N. & Co
Dilwara	Ramage	
Dewa	Evans	
Euryalas	Bignold	M. M. & Co
Ellora	Lyne	M. M. & Co
Ekwa	Kehrer	M. M. & Co
Egra	Chiwas	M. M. & Co.
Frienfels	Hocking	Dock Manager
Fulbala	Cave	M. M. & Co
Havildar	Oakeshott	T. M. & Co
Homayun	Courtney	T. M. & Co
Hellas	Berg	F. F. C. & Co
Hesperoo	Sandaas	P. & O. S. N. Co
Rejaz	Fisher	NF. NE. T. M. & Co
Jelunga	Piggott	M. M. & Co
Kurmark	Conower	Dock Manage.
Kilchattan	Macmillan	M. & A. G. Co
Karadeniz	Mourad	B. & P. S. N. Co
Knight Companion	Saye	T. M. & Co
Kratos	Hallburg	T. M. & Co
Manora	Mortan	M. M. & Co
Metoor	Remmersees	W. & A. G & Co
Nankin	Manley	P. & O. S. N. Co
Okura	Peck	M. M. & Co
Ormara	McLean	
Rikard Nordrook	Hunn	F. F. Campbell
Rena	Berg	W. & A. G. & Co
Risaldar	Bullen	T. M. & Co
Stephnotes	Robinson	A. Y. & Co
Scottish Monarch	Dalzil	W. & A. G. & Co
Sanctoria	Ward	The Bombay & Co
Thangwa	Irwin	M. M. & Co
Torilla	Swanson	M. M. & Co
Ula	Oliver	M. M. & Co
Uriana	Tallent	M. M. & Co
Vasiture	Bova	J. F. & Co
Varela	Modyson	M. M. & Co
Wartura	Thompson	Dock Manager

EXPORTS.

Sept. 7.

FOR HULL.

OTHELLO (s) 8,000 cwts. cotton seed, A. Khimji; 9,740 cwts. castor seed, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

JINSEN MARU (s) 500 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

JINSEN MARU (s) 300 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

JINSEN MARU (s) 200 bales cotton yarn, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

JINSEN MARU (s) 50 bales cotton twist, M. Amersey and Co.

ORIENTAL (s) 100 cwts. gum alibanum, M. Jaferbhoy.

ORIENTAL (s) 10 bales cotton twist, C. Bomanji and Co.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Nankin from London, Agents P. and O. S. N. Co.—86 cases and 47 bales cotton goods, 12 cases yarn, 4 cases linen yarn, 7 cases cotton and silk goods, 82 cases and 3 bales woollen goods, 13 casks and 61 cases sulphur products, 2 cases clocks and watches, 17 cases tobacco, 30 cases cigarettes, 100 cases lime juice, 1 case locks, 10 cases, 16 casks and 199 packages aniline colours, 50 cases beer, 130 cases and 3 hogsheads gin, 219 cases whisky, 158 cases wines and spirits, 1314 cases brandy, 138 cases and 1 cask wine, 10 cases codliver oil, 2 cases hair oil, 6 cases essential oil, 2 crates and 6 casks glass bottles, 502 cases, 172 drums, 46 kegs, and 249 casks paints and colours, 23 cases, 3 bales and 3 packages paper, 13 cases perfumery, 4 cases soap, 4 cases specie, 1 case gold coins, 49 casks tallow, 1 box umbrellas, 880 bundles sleepers.

S. S. Okara from Rangoon, Agents M. M. and Co.—3 pieces teak posts, 180 pieces teak squares, 1,246 pieces and 665 bundles teak scantlings, 1,346 pieces planks, 256 pieces Eng. sleepers, 395 cases candles.

S. S. Record Nordraak from Bangkok, Agents F. F. Campbell and Co.—4 bundles silk, 1,729 pieces teak squares, 762 pieces teak planks, 59,278 pieces and 5,238 bundles scantlings, 1 box rupees.

S. S. Humayun from Aden, Agents Turner Morrison and Co.—6 bags coffee, 12 packages and 28 bundles dry fish, 20 bags gum coarse, 14 bundles skins, 25 jottas cloves.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of Sept 7th, 14		Total since 1st June '14		June 1st to Sept 7th 1913		June 1st to Sept 7th 1912	
	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.
Colaba [Observatory] ..	0	27	60	82	65	16	48	41
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0	28	62	58	75	94	52	54
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital.]	0	41	64	91	75	06	52	22
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0	12	72	35*	78	47	52	19

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

The Ban England announces the following on the 7th August.

"The sum of £12,500 has been set aside % Crown Agents Straits Settlement Note Guarantee Fund Gold Portion."

The Bank of England announced the following on 7th August. 1914:—The sum of £2,000,000 part of the amount set aside % the Secretary of State for India has been released as follows:—

Indian Paper Currency Reserve £1,000,000

Gold Standard Reserve £1,000,000.

Under date August 10th the Bank of England report the following:—

"£12,500 set aside account Crown Agents for Coloniers Straits Settlements Note Guarantee Fund, Gold Portion."

Under date August 12th the Bank of England and report:—

"£12,500 was "set aside" yesterday % Crown Agents for Colonies Straits Settlement Note Guarantee Fund Gold Portion".

New York 5th, Sept.

Cotton Stocks	230,000
Interior	118,000

(Delayed in frasmission.

London, Aug. 13th, 1914.

The following Statement comprises the Shipments of Goods for the Month of July 1914.

TO CALCUTTA.

COTTON PIECE GOODS. (IN YDS.)	
Bleached and White ..	.. 28,100,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	..115,900,000
Dyed and Colored	.. 7,000,000
Printed	.. 10,100,000
TWIST AND YARNS (IN LBS.)	
Dyed and Bleached ..	.. 420,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 550,000
Total Shipment of Salt ..	.. 3,000

TO RANGOON.

COTTON PIECE GOODS. (IN YDS.)	
Bleached and White ..	.. 2,800,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 800,000
Dyed and Colored	..2,100,000
Printed	.. 1,400,000
TWIST AND YARNS (IN LBS.)	
Dyed and Bleached ..	.. 80,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 30,000

TO MADRAS.

COTTON PIECE GOODS. (IN YDS.)	
Bleached and White ..	.. 4,600,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 9,600,000
Dyed and Colored	.. 500,000
Printed	.. 3,600,000
TWIST AND YARNS (IN LBS.) ..	..
Dyed and Bleached ..	.. 250,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 530,000

TO BOMBAY.

COTTON PIECE GOODS. (IN YDS.)	
Bleached and White ..	.. 17,000,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 18,100,000
Dyed and Colored	.. 8,700,000
Printed	.. 14,700,000
TWIST AND YARNS (IN LBS.)	
Dyed and Bleached ..	.. 310,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 900,000

TO KARACHI.

COTTON PIECE GOODS. (IN YDS.)	
Bleached and White ..	.. 14,800,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 2,800,000
Dyed and Colored	.. 3,100,000
Printed	.. 5,400,000
TWIST AND YARNS (IN LBS.) ..	..
Dyed and Bleached ..	.. 110,000
Unbleached and Grey ..	.. 70,000

BOMBAY MARKETS.

Bombay, 7th September.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Nil.

MONEY.

The Cash Balance of the Bank of Bombay is 6½ lakhs down.

EXCHANGE.

We have no change to report in this market. There is very little doing.

Quotations:—

	s. d.
BANKS SELLING—	
T. T. ready	..1 3 13/16
D D. mail	..1 3½
T T. forward. Dec.	1 3 29/32
BANKS BUYING—	
Private D D. ready	..1 4½
Credits 3 m-s ready	..1 4 ⅜
60 d/s Japan ..	..149 (with war risk)

BULLION.

Bar silver in London was 24½ for Spot. There is a small business doing in the local market in ready bars at about 76-0.

Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English bar gold	25	4	0
Australian bar gold	25	4	0
S vereigns.. (dragons)	15	0	0
Bar silver ready (cum duty)	76	0	0

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 4th September 1914.

	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	*14	13,731
B. B. & C. I. Railway	44	52,272

*Boxes and Bars.

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND SHARES.

There was very little doing in the Paper Market to-day and a few transactions for cash were reported at Rs. 91-8.

The Share Market was closed. To-day a special general meeting of the Bombay Share and Stock Brokers Association was held in the afternoon under the presidentship of Sir S. B. Broacha and it was unanimously resolved to contribute a sum of Rs. 5,000 towards the Imperial Relief Fund.

COTTON.

The stock of cotton at the U. S. Ports on 5th instant, was 230,000 bales against 198,000 bales last year, and at the Interior Ports 118,000 bales against 120,000 bales. Spot quotations in Liverpool were uncl anged.

Yesterday (Sunday a small business was done in the bazaar for forward delivery and good Broach closed at Rs. 213. To-day the market opened at Rs. 213½ for good Broach and Rs. 147 for fully good Bengal. There has been little business doing during the day, and at the close rates are Rs. 210 and Rs. 143 respectively.

There is a small business doing in ready cotton, local mills and Japan shippers being buyers at the prices fixed for classes with survey.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat is advancing in the Home markets and the latest quotation for Choice White Karachi is 47½. In the local market prices have also advanced and White Karachi Bungla is quoted Rs. 6-7-0 ready. Local mills are buyers.

In seeds there is little or nothing doing and prices are more or less nominal. Ready Linseed is Rs. 5-12-0 B.T.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal food Grains into Bombay for the week ending at 6 p.m. on Saturday.

Cotton	173	Bales
Wheat	6,588	Cwts.
Linseed	853	"
Rape, Rai etc.	Nil.	"
Gingellyseed	Nil.	"
Poppyseed	Nil.	"
Groundnuts	132	"
Castorseed	743	"
Rice	1,415	"
Myrabolams	9	"
Cottonseed	8,191	"
Mowraseed	10	"
Gram	Nil.	"
Jowar	Nil.	"
Maize	Nil	"
Barley	Nil.	"

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 7th September, 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Both day and night temperatures are in excess in the north Punjab. Day temperature is above normal at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Day temperature is in excess in the extreme western and north-western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Kotah reports 0.17" of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and west Rajputana and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in west Rajputana. Temperature is generally in excess.

Gujarat Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been fairly general in Kathiawar and local in Gujarat and Central India West; Bhuj has had 1·65", Rajkot 0.67", Bhavnagar-Para 0.72", Ahmedabad 0.76" and Indore 0.19". Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in excess in north Gujarat and at Bhuj and Neemuch.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been fairly general; Jubbulpore has had 0.23", Hoshangabad 0.19", Khandwa 0.28", Akola 0.37" and Nagpur 0.39". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0.27", Ratnagiri 0.10", Mormugao 0.22" and Karwar 0.30". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Malegaon records 0.12" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has extended to south Rajputana and increased in Gujarat and Kathiawar but has decreased in the Central Provinces and Central India West and ceased or become insignificant in Hyderabad, the Bombay and the Madras Deccan and the east Punjab. It has been nearly general on the west coast of the Peninsula, fairly general in the Central Provinces and Kathiawar and local in Gujarat, Central India west, east Rajputana and Mysore, while in the Bombay Deccan light isolated showers have fallen.

Fairly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Central Provinces, local rain in Gujarat and Central India west and some showers in Kathiawar, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad. Isolated showers are possible in the east Punjab and the south United Provinces.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is a Prince's Dock sill.

			HIGH WATER.			LOW WATER.		
Day of Week.	Day of month.		Bombay Mean Times	Depth on sill.	Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	Sep.		h. m.	ft. in	Sep	h. m.	ft. in.
M	7	m	0 44	27 3	7	m 6 29	17 7
			0 48 a	27 4		6 52 a	16 5
Tu	8	m	1 14	27 0	8	m 6 57	18 1
			1 12 a	26 10		7 17 a	16 7
W	9	m	1 45	26 8	9	m 7 24	18 9
			1 35 a	26 4		7 41 a	16 11
THU	10	m	2 18	26 1	10	m 7 51	19 7
			1 59 a	25 9		8 7 a	17 4
F	11	m	2 55	25 6	11	m 8 20	20 4
			2 26 a	25 0		8 40a	17 14
SAT	12	m	3 41	24 10	12	m 8 58	21 4
			3 2 a	24 3		9 27 a	18 5
SUN	13	m	4 45	24 4	13	m 10 18	22 2
			3 57 a	23 47		10 41 a	18 16

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Sep.	Sunrise	Sunset
,, 7 (Monday)	,, 6h. 25m.	,, 6h. 49m
,, 8 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 25m.	,, 6h. 48m.
,, 9 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 25m.	,, 6h. 47m.
,, 10 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 26m.	,, 6h. 47m.
,, 11 (Friday)	,, 6h. 26m.	,, 6h. 46m.
,, 12 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 26m.	,, 6h. 45m.
,, 13 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 26m.	,, 6h. 44m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—Full Moon Sept 4th 7h 31-2 p.m Last Quarter Sept. 12th 11h 18-3 p. m. New Moon 20th 3h 3-3 a. m. First Quarter 26th 5h 33-0 p. m.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

The depression which is now in Central Provinces is feeble and has occasioned only a light rain in the central parts of Gujarat. Outside these areas also rainfall in general has been light. Temperature is high in North-west India.

The rainfall has been nearly general in west Central Provinces and west coast of the Peninsula; local in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, North-west United Provinces, east Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India west, east Central Provinces, north Hyderabad and Mysore. A few falls also occurred in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Punjab hills, Bombay Deccan, south-east Madras and north Madras coast.

The chief amounts are:—Moulmein one inch, False Point and Chakrata three-quarters, Simia four, Ahmedabad three-quarters, Bhuj and Cochin one and a half.

Forecast:—Extension of rain along the western Himalayas.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m. on MONDAY, the 7th of September 1914.

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8. A. M.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Rainfall Total 1st Dec. to date.	Rainfall Variation 1st Dec. to date.
PERSIAN-AREA—						
Bushire ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (6th) ..	99.0	77.0	84	..	0.0(	—0.01
Jask ..	91.8	81.3	77	..	?	?
Muskat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	106.6	84.8	45	..	9.3:	4.80
Rawalpindi ..	101.6	75.0	64	..	16.3:	—3.89
Lahore ..	104.6	82.6	77	..	14.6:	0.94
Simla ..	104.7	78.6	67	..	12.7:	..
Ambala ..	93.7	76.3	84	..	18.7:	—2.33
Delhi ..	98.6	..	81	..	14.9:	—5.37
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra ..	99.3	81.6	67	..	22.2	0.65
Mainpuri ..	97.7	78.6	76	..	16.1	—4.76
Cawnpore ..	97.6	80.0	72	..	21.6	—8.55
Allahabad ..	95.0	79.3	82	..	21.3:	—7.02
SIND AND RAJPUTANA:	92.1	79.7	83	..	34.3:	3.92
Jacobabad ..	107.5	81.2	63	..	4.4:	2.21
Karachi ..	89.0	80.6	87	..	6.2	0.35
Ajmer ..	95.8	80.2	71	..	14.5:	—2.86
Jalpore ..	98.2	80.3	68	..	21.6:	2.01
Kotah ..	97.6	79.6	70	0.17	21.6:	—1.10
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA						
WEST—						
Bhuj ..	96.6	71.2	88	1.65	8.74	—3.36
Dwarka ..	87.3	80.0	85	0.06	13.2(	0.06
Veraval ..	84.1	78.3	84	..	10.9:	—4.77
Rajkot ..	92.1	74.8	91	0.67	21.3:	—1.29
Bhavnagar Para ..	94.6	77.8	92	0.72	27.8:	11.15
Surat ..	86.3	77.3	97	0.04	42.5:	8.01
Ahmedabad ..	95.5	74.9	87	0.76	30.2:	4.82
Deesa ..	100.4	76.6	72	0.0.	22.2:	1.34
Neemuch ..	91.2	73.8	87	..	24.0(	0.63
Indore ..	86.1	73.3	97	0.19	20.48	—4.28
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	88.5	76.9	86	0.23	38.55	—2.81
Sangor ..	89.8	75.2	89	..	28.54	—6.38
Hoshangabad ..	91.8	76.8	89	0.19	41.03	1.96
Khandwa ..	86.0	75.3	92	0.28	23.56	1.11
Akola ..	87.5	74.8	93	0.37	19.05	—4.44
Amraoti ..	87.0	74.1	95	0.01	22.34	—2.18
Nagpur ..	89.1	76.3	90	0.39	31.65	—5.70
Chanda ..	87.7	76.2	95	0.02	27.81	—12.59
Raipur ..	88.7	77.6	91	..	35.62	—2.73
KONKAN—						
Bombay ..	82.5	78.2	89	0 27	60.82	0.37
Ratnagiri ..	84.9	76.9	86	0.10	10875	21.68
Mormugao ..	82.3	74.5	94	0.22	99.09	19.18
Karwar ..	83.8	74.7	95	0.30	1320(	28.75
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	88.9	73.6	91	0.12	18.12	4.29
Ahmednagar ..	89.5	69.7	76	0.02	11.93	—0.90
Poona ..	84.0	67.9	84	..	25.75	9.32
Sholapur ..	87.1	70.8	86	..	18.55	2.14
Bijapur ..	88.8	68.6	79	0.03	9.38	—0.14
Belgaum ..	78.7	66.2	92	0.05	74.27	39.63
Aurangabad ..	86.7	71.7	81	..	19.05	—0.06
Nizamabad (Indur).	88.1	74.9	86	..	41.80	12.81
Hyderabad ..	88.0	73.4	86	0.03	29.04	10.02
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore ..	83.8	74.0	91	0.85	12146	20.17
Calicut ..	82.7	75.6	94	0.41	87.74	4.63
Cochin ..	84.2	73.7	90	1.5(	66.86	0.47
Colombo ..	86.9	77.7	86	0.01	16.87	0.37
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam ..	92.1	79.5	84	..	17.67	—1.5
Bellary ..	94.2	74.5	64	..	5.30	—1.75
Guddapah ..	93.6	76.5	59	..	12.80	—2.01
Madras ..	96.9	80.0	75	..	12.66	0.44
Bangalore ..	88.0	68.7	85	0.14	10.58	—3.59
Coimbator ..	89.1	71.4	82	..	2.86	—1.66
Trichinopoly ..	98.0	79.0	65	..	6.59	—1.41
Karaikal ..	94.6	80.6	76	..	7.85	—0.78

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instruments, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 7th September 1914 was 29·992 inches for **temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.13 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is** respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case **of the aneroid no temperature or correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid reading should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial of aneriod for the height of** the barometer cistern above the tide level in **the steam at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the** ship's barometer reading should be increased **by 0.10 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory** barometer reading given above.

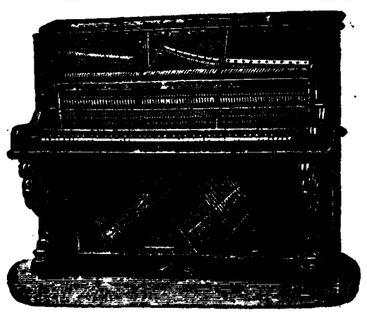
TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 6th September 1914

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr ...	29.727inches.
Temperature of Air ...	80.5degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer ...	77.7 "
Dew Point ...	76.7 "
Relative humidity of Air ...	0.882 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy-10) ...	7.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air ...	82.5 "
Minimum do. do. ...	78.2 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight ...	WSW.SSE,SW,WSW
Movement of Wind do. ...	77miles.
Fall of Rain ...	0.40inches
Total fall during month ...	0.57 "
Do. do. year ...	60.97 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 7th September ...	0.00 "



PIANOS ORGANS

TUNED AND REPAIRED

TERMS MODERATE

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

A. F. SOUNDY

SEA CROFT

OLABA RECLAMATION, BOMBAY.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure: Stearns' Headache Cure, headache gone in a few minutes.

LONDON LETTER

EFFECT OF THE WAR ON MARKETS.

NO PANIC.

BANK OF ENGLAND GOLD FIGURES.

THE ISSUE OF SMALL NOTES

The effect of the war in its early days on the money and other markets in London is described in the following letter from our correspondent.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Aug. 13.

When I last wrote you I was able to tell of crowds in the City, especially round the Bank of England. The latter consisted of people anxious to turn their bank notes into gold. There was not any panic, but it was obvious that this run on the gold of the central institution would not suit the country at a time of war. Fortunately, Monday was a Bank Holiday, and the Government were given an opportunity of consulting with the bankers. In the meanwhile, the Stock Exchange had already been closed for a couple of days. This I explained in my last letter, when I also told of a number of Stock Exchange failures, among which were at least four of an important character. I have since had a good deal of reliable information as to the great seriousness of the position of the Stock Exchange at the time, and the pressure put upon the Committee to act in the manner they did. So far as the difficulties of the House are concerned, they were by no means confined to the firms on whom the hammer fell last week. I have been astonished at the names given me of members who threatened to wind-up their business unless the Stock Exchange was closed for a few days at least. On Monday it was announced that the Bank Holiday would be extended, and that a Moratorium Bill would be passed exonerating holders of Bills of Exchange from meeting their liabilities at the moment. The banks are open again to-day, and though a large number of persons are changing bank notes, they are mostly foreigners and old ladies. There is not the slightest sign of panic.

BANK OF ENGLAND FIGURES.

Some idea of the reasons that led to the closing of the banks and the moratorium—the latter still holds good—may be gathered from the figures of the Bank of England return just published. To begin with, the stock of coin and bullion has declined by £10,509,475 to £27,622,06, and the reserve is nearly seventeen millions down at £9,066,649. A week ago the proportion of reserves to liabilities was 40 per cent., now it is, only 14.6 per cent. The average proportion of reserves to liabilities is 50 per cent., and this great decline has been due to an abnormal demand on the part of the continent. No wonder the directors put the standard rate of discount up to 10 per cent., before closing the doors. Demands for gold by the money market caused the item headed "other securities" to advance by over eighteen millions, but in spite of this other deposits, which consist of bankers' balances and the balances of private customers, are only £2,330,762 up to £56,749,610. The Government's balances do not show much reduction. The Bank rate is now down to 8 per cent. and £1 bank notes as well as 10-shilling bank notes, have been issued to lessen the strain on gold. In the meanwhile, the Stock Exchange remains closed, and the moratorium remains. Outside the various German banking institutions notices are posted to the effect that business has been suspended until sanction has been obtained from the British Government to reopen.

SMALL NOTES.

It is remarkable with what unanimity the leading banking authorities advocated the issue of notes of a low denomination as a relief measure in the present emergency. Hitherto the suspension of the Bank Act and the unrestricted issue of notes of £5 or a higher denomination have invariably served to allay panic and restore confidence, but that was because the previous crises we had to deal with were of domestic origin. The unlimited issue of notes and the restriction of gold exports by the establishment of a 10 per cent. Bank rate, together resulted in the restoration of confidence, and more or less normal conditions. The occasion was however, exceptional, and demanded exceptional treatment. The crisis was not local but international. Nervousness prevailed among a section of the public, and had any doubt arisen regarding the ability of the banks to meet their obligations, a rush to withdraw deposits would probably have resulted. To pay depositors in notes of high denomination would not have saved the situation, for even £5 notes are a most inconvenient form of currency, and for small purhases, at all events, are of little service until converted into cash. On the other hand, £1 and 10-shilling notes will, for all practical purposes, fulfil the functions of sovereigns and half-sovereigns, especially when the public realise, as they doubtless will do, that they are legal tender, and cannot be refused when tendered for payment.

FAVOURABLE TIME FOR WAR.

There is no doubt that Germany struck at France at a time when she thought our position so involved with Home difficulties and other troubles that we would be unable to go to the help of our Ally. As a matter of fact, political quarrels at Home being forgotten for the occasion, there are many reasons why the Kaiser could not have chosen a time more favourable to ourselves. This especially applies to our food supplies. There has been a great deal of talk about England being "starved out;" but the facts published by the Board of Agriculture prove how satisfactory is our position. The supply of wheat in the country is sufficient for four months' ordinary consumption, and that does not include the great quantities at present on their way here, much of which is already close to our shores. The fine crops of the States and Canada should supply considerably more in the future, and chances are greatly in favour of our holding the Atlantic clear for their shipment. The situation with regard to meat is not less satisfactory. The normal killing of our home grown stock supplies 60 per cent. of our consumption, a far greater proportion than has generally been supposed. We are not, therefore, dependent on foreign imports for the balance of our supplies, for in case of emergency we could increase the quantity of stock we kill. The contingency cannot, however, arise in present circumstances. There is at the present moment a great quantity of meat in cold storage, and heavy consignments are on their way to our shores. The Board of Trade are keeping a sharp eye on prices, and no undue inflation in quotations for food will be allowed.

SHORTAGE OF FISH.

One direction in which a shortage is expected is in the fish market of London. Already the supply at Billingsgate shows a falling off as a result of the war, the trouble in the North Sea and consequent decline in the supply from the East coast. Under normal conditions about five to seven thousand trunk of fish are brought daily to Billingsgate by the carrier ships direct from the fishing fleets stationed on the Dogger Bank. In addition, large quantities are received in London by rail. Altogether, the normal supply handled daily in Billingsgate market varies from 300 to 500 tons. "We hardly expect that the carriers which have arrived this morning will put to sea again, and to-day we have received information from Aberdeen that the vessels fishing from that port will not sail, as the insurance companies are stated to be refusing to cover the risk:" said the representative of a well-known fishing house yesterday. It must be borne in mind that large numbers of fishermen have joined the fleet.

FAMOUS FIRM'S COMBINE.

There is scarcely a city in the civilised world where the names of Lever Brothers, the great soap manufacturers, of Port Sunlight, in Lancashire, is not known. Equally celebrated is the old firm of A. & F Pears Limited, and interest generally will be aroused by a report that the former will absorb the latter. Messrs. Lever Brothers Limited, has already absorbed a number of other soap manufacturing undertakings, including that of Vinolia. The issued capital is no less than £11,704,200. The share capital of A. & F. Pears Ltd., is £520,000. For years past the shareholders of the latter company have been receiving dividends of 10 per cent., while Lever Brothers shareholders have been getting 12 per cent., so it is quite likely that the Pears shareholders will be content to be bought up by the famous firm at Port Sunlight. It will be remembered that some weeks ago I had to chronicle in a social letter to your journal the death of Mr. T. J. Barrett, the managing director of A. & F. Pears, Ltd., Mr. Barrett was not only one of the best known personalities in London but was also the life and soul of the famous business he controlled. No doubt his death has had much to do with the success of the overtures which Messrs. Lever Brothers have been making.

KING'S FOREIGN LEGION.

Photo by Topical Press.

Some of the Foreign Volunteers of all nationalities who joined the Legion during Mail Week.

BOMANJEE DINSHAW PETIT PARSEE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The following contributions towards the above named Hospital have been received:—

Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 24,11,402-11-0; The Trustrees of the Estate of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia, C.I.E., (for the Endowment Fund) Rs. 2,00,000-0-0; Mr. Dhunjibhoy Sorabji Dolmeherji and others, Trustees of the Charity created under the will of Mr. Pallonji Dorabji Dolmeherji deceased, under a Decree of the High Court (for the Endowment Fund) Rs. 21,063-7-4; Messrs. Shapoorji N. Chandabhoy and Co., Rs. 10,000-0-0; The Trustees of the late Mr. Jivanji Edulji Commissariat, under a Decree of the High Court (for the Endowment Fund), Rs. 10,000-0-0; Messrs. Kuttonji Sorabjee Contractor and Co. 5,000-0-0; Amount sent direct to the Parsee Punchayat as follows:—Mr. Khursetji Muncherji Bhesania, in pious memory of his late son Mr. Byramji Khursetji Bhesania (for the Endowment Fund) Rs. 500-0-0; From a shop of the Zoroastrian Company, Rs. 150-0-0; From a Zoroastrian, in pious memory of the dead, Rs. 30-0-0; Mr. Pestonji Manecksji Damania, being the amount subscribed in the Oothamna ceremony of the late Mr. Nowroji Dorabji Baria, Nowsari, Rs. 25-0-0; Mr. Dorabji Khursedji Palkhiwalla, being the amount subscribed in the Oothamna ceremony of the late Bai Maneckbai, wife of Mr. Jamsetji Hormusji Bodaliwala or Daroowalla, Rs. 25-0-0; Bai Shirinbai Darabshah Adenwala, in pious memory of the 4th anniversary of the late Mr. Darabsha Pestonji Adenwala, Rs. 25-0-0; N. F. P., in pious memory of the 2nd anniversary of the late Mr. Rustomji Framji Batliwala, 21-0-0; Mr. Dinshaw Bhicaji Mistry and children, in pious memory of the late Mr. Bomanji Dinshaw Mistry, Rs. 15-0-0; Messrs. Merwanji and Jamsetji, in pious memory of their late father Mr. Nowroji Jamsetji Kotwal, Rs. 9-0-0; Amount subscribed in pious memory of Bai Motibai, the widow of the late Mr. Fakirji Manecksji Damania, by her sons Messrs. Rustomji and Nowroji Fakirji Damania, daughter-in-law Bai Soonabai Rustomji Damania and grandson Mr. Framroz Rustomji Damania (for the Endowment Fund), Rs. 500-0-0; Mr. Rustomji Cowasji Mody, being the amount subscribed by his brocher and sisters, in pious memory of the late Mr. Ardeshir Cawasji Mody, (for the Endowment Fund), Rs. 500-0-0; Mr. Pestonji Piroshan, in pious memory of the late Bai Hirabai Edulji Nusserwanji Doctor (for the Endowment Fund) Rs. 500-0-0; Messrs. Dadabhoy Pestonji and Co., Rs. 250-0-0; Mr. Hormusji Edulji Allbless, being the amount subscribed in the Oothamna ceremony of his relative, the late Seth Nanabhoy Byramji Jeejeebhoy, Rs. 200-0-0; Messrs. Crawford and Co., in pious memory of the late Mr. Piroshaw Dadabhoy Modi, Rs. 100-0-0; Bai Dhunbai Cawasji Shroff in appreciation of the services rendered to her at the time of her illness at this Hospital (for the Endowment Fund), Rs. 100-0-0; Total Rs. 26,60,416-2-4.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure: Stearns' Headache Cure, headache gone in a few minutes.

GERMANY'S FRENZY OF RAGE.

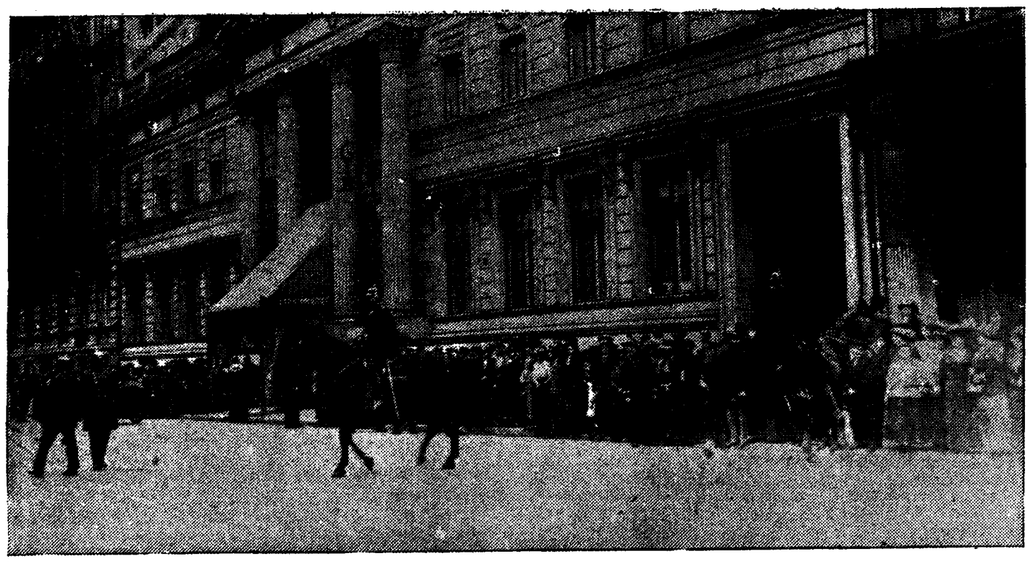


Photo by Topical Press.

THE BRITISH EMBASSY IN BERLIN.

On the news being known that Britain had declared war against Germany, all the windows on the ground floor of the Embassy were smashed.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR TUESDAY, THE 8TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1914.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar.
In the Division Court No. 52.
For Judgment.

21-14-931-10—Little & Co. Messrs. Price Wills and Reeves v. Nawab Kamal Yar Jung Bahadur, Bick. M. R. & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.
In the Division Court No. 40.

495-14—Smetham B & Co. Allibhai Chagla & Co., a firm v. Cassam Rahim.

602-14—Payne & Co. Khemraj Balabux a firm v. Ahmedally Shaik Kaderbhoy and ors. Madia. G & Co., Bick. M. R. & Co., Little & Co.

669-14—Tyebji W. & Co. Semaram Gokaldas a firm v. Chothmal Narsangdas.

735-14—Malar. H M & R. Messrs. Rajaram Girdharilal a firm v. Jetmul Jasrup and anr.

750-14—Mulla & M. Messrs. Mamraj Rambhagot a firm v. Ramchander Jaynarayan & ors.

768-14—Bick. M. R & Co. The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld. v. Mulchand & Co., a firm.

771-14—Dabash & Co. Papat Premchand v. Shivji Bhawanji.

782-14—Ard. H. D & Co. Kazi Virani v. Bhanji Uttamchand & Co., a firm.

784-14—Bick M. R. & Co. The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld. v. Baldeodas Kedarnath a firm.

785-14—Bick. M R & Co. The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld. v. Murlidhar Hardwarmal a firm.

803-14—Craigie B & C. William Shillcock v. Messrs. McAlphim & Co. a firm.

821-14—Motichand & D Maganlal Ranchord v. Nagjibhai Manar.

823-14—Shroff D & D. Prithiraj Jethmal a firm v Bhulla Chandrasing a firm.

829-14—Vachha & Co. Abdul Hoosein Mahomally v Shaik Tarafally Maniaji, Patel & E. Z.

843-14—Matubhai J & M. Ramnarayen Harnandrar v. Abdulally Abdul Kadar & anr.

851-14—Motichand & D Nanchand Keshowji v. Ranchoddas Dharsey.

854-14—Madh. K & Ch. Shamy Shivji v. Vara Sullemanji Karim a firm.

869-14—Mulji & Tha Mistry Abdulla Esmail v. Putlibai Baphubai Velinkar & anr.

848-14—Smetham B & Co. Grieves Cotton & Co. a firm vs. Charles Frederick Williamson.

For Consent Decree.

383-14—Jeh. M & S K Fadoony v. Abdul Kadar Khureshi & anr. Ela. P & P.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

775-13—Crawford B and Co, The Trustees of the Improvement of the City of Bombay v Ratanlal Choonilal Panalal, Dastur and Co, Crawford B and Co. Part Heard.

1056-13—Captain and V, Gomtibai v Vallabhdas Hirji a firm and ors, Shroff D and D. Part heard, 3-8-14.

O S 620-13—Unwalla P and P, Jijibhai Sorabji Dubash and anr v The Hon'ble The Advocate-Genl. of Bombay and ors. Dastur and Co, Wadia G and Co, Pestonji R K and Co, Khambatta and Co, Unwalla P and P, Ardeshir H D and Co. Part heard, 28-3-14.

655-13—Bhai. K & G Diwan Bahadur Kasturchand Ahirchand v. Prof. Tribhowandas Kalliandas Gajjar & ors. Bick. M. R. & Co. 3-8-14 Part Heard, Tyabji Dr. C. A. Payne & Co.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Special Commissioner's Report.

1282-12—Mirza M & M Mahommed Nasim Fatmajan widow & anr. v. Mulji & Th. Madh. K & C. Testamentary Suits

5-14—Sen B. & Co. Bai Kashi widow Nanashanker Mahashanker & anr. Jain. R & D.

18-14—Purmanand & Co. Parshotam Gopaldas Ghadially v. Krishnabai widow & anr. Manu. H & Co.

Long Causes.

961-13—Edgelow G W and Co, Mulji Cursondas v Madhowji Thakersey and Co a firm, Payne and Co.

437-14—Little and Co, The India Specie Bank Limited in Liquidation v Keshri chand Rupchand, Edgelow G W and Co.

1029-13—Tyabji D and Co, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Benkuverbai and ors Madhowji K and C, Mirza M and M

372-14—Ardeshir H D and Co, Haji Ebrahim Haji Esmail v Mahomed Haji Ismail, Mans H M and Co.

449-12—Payne and Co, Dady Nasserwanji Dady and ors v Heerji Ardeshir Dady and ors, Patell and Ez, Dastur and Co.

567-14—Khunderao L and M, Khumaji Gugaji and Co a firm v Dayabhai Chotalal and anr, C P D'Cunha.

1180-13—Wadia G and Co, Sakhinabai widow v Bai Kazbai widow and ors, Shroff D and D.

371-14—Jehangir M and S, Bachibai widow v Goolam Hoosein Cassam Visram and anr, Pestonji R K and Co, Jehangir S M and H.

579-14—Edgelow G W and Co, Harivallabhdas Bechardas and anr v Manoher Virji and anr, Ardeshir H D and Co, Edgelow G W and Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice Beaman.
In the Division Court No. 53.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

929-12—Sabnis and G, Merwanji Jehangirji Vakil v. Sulleman Hoosein Soudagar and anr, Daptary F and D, Amin and D, Part heard, 2-12-13.

1167-12—Unwalla P and P, Ahmed Fakrudin v Haji Rajab Haji Mohidin and ors, Patell and Ez., Manecklal and Co, Part heard, 9-2-14.

842-12—Mulla and Mulla, Syed Abdulla bin Abubakar Brusab v Ahmed Fakrudin and ors, Un P and P, Patell and Ez.

For further directions and costs on Comr's Report.

176-05—Raghavaya N and Co, Sulleman Abdulla and ors v Abdulla Khakibai and ors, Amin and D.

493-05—Ragh N and Co, Sulleman Abdulla and ors v Abdulla Khakibai and ors, Amin and D.

For hearing on exceptions to Comr's Report.

281-11—Raghavaya N and Co, Bai Mithabai widow v Mulji Sunderji and ors, Mulla and M, Unwalla P and P.

1346-12—Judah and S, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Damodardas Rangildas and ors. Matu J and M, F P Pavri.

508-12—Captain and V, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Dinkar Khanderao and ors, Jeh S M and H, Edg G W and Co.

104-14—Payne and Co, Haji Goolam Mahomed Azam v The Fraser Ice Factory Ld and ors, M B Chothia.

Long Causes.

189-12—Manecklal and Co Ranchordas Harjiwan and anr v Aboo Bucker Abdul Rehman, Little and Co, as Part heard, 15-9-13.

1030-13—Motichand and D, Kesarichand Bhanabhai a firm v Darashaw Dhanjishaw Jamshedji R and D.

261-12—Sabnis & G. Amarsing Gumansing & anr. v. Prithiraj Jethmal a firm, Shroff D & D.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod
In the Division Court No. 43.
Summary Suits for Disposal in Chambers.

114-14—Purnand & Co. The Gujrat Bank Ld. v. Arthur Frank Soundy & anr.

853-14—G B Pandya Vallibhai Fatabhai a firm v. Rajabally Nazarally & anr.

Before the Prothonotary in his Office.
For Investigation of Pauperism.

791-14-24-14—In Person Maneckbai widow v. Dhaklibai widow & ors. Payne & Co. Patell & E. Z.

Long Causes.

57-14—Madhowji K & C Jeynarayen Baldevdas Daga v. Gill & Co a firm and anr Crawford B and Co.

940-13—Amin and Desai, Chandulal Laldas and ors v Nathlal Balerishna and ors, Un. P and P, Mulji and Tha, Bhimji and Co.

711-13 Payne and Co Haji Esmail Gool Mahomed and Son a firm v. Karimji Ebramji & Sons a firm Motichand and D.

713-13—Payne and Co Haji Esmail Gool Mahomed and Son a firm v Adamji Jafferji & Co a firm Motichand and D.

1202-13—Rustomji & Co Balmakund Gobindram v. Dayaram Mangamal and anr. Jamsetji R & D.

3-14—Crawford B & Co The Motsni Bushan Kaisha Ld. v. Ebrahim Mahomed Bham Payne & Co.

21-14—Smethan B & Co Philip Haggin v. Hadrian Courts Crowford B & Co.

23-14—Dubash & Co Bhura Ratna & Co a firm v. Baboo Sakharam Jadhav Unwalla P & P.

28-14—In person Hirachand Manrup & ors. v. Javanmull Manrup and ors. Smetham B & Co.

29-14—Sabnis and G Amirbibi Widow v. Azizabibi Widow and ors. Sabnis and G Little and Co.

1028-13—G H Dalal Rupchand Rangildas a firm Haji Hoosein Khan Mahomed Khan Soudagar and firm Sabnis and G.

89-14—M B Chotia Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Denugara v. MMaganlal Hargovandas and anr Bhaishanker K & G.

103-14—Khambatta & Co (For pauper) Shaik Mahomed Valad Shaik Gulam Moiddin Patri v. Aishabai Widow and anr Ardeshir H D & Co.

749-13—Payne and Co Ahmed Sulleman Dinath v. Fakira Babar and ors Metha D & L.

1352-12—Nadirshaw and D Premabai Widow v. Sultan Amir Smetham B & Co.

183-14—Vachha & Co Leopold Sebastian De Silva v. Mary Victoria De Silva.

23-13—Malvi H M & R Memraj Maumal v. Govindram Ramnath Motichand & D.

276—14—Bhimji & Co Nathibai Widow v. Velbai Widow and anr Tyabjee D. & Co.

249-13—Bhaishanker K & G the Poona Bank Ltd & anr v. Motilal Chunilal Malvi. H M & R.

1126-12—Malvi H M & R Gopiram Shankardas & ors v. Gangasagar Lachmandas & ors Payne and Co.

967-12 Mulji & Th The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Bai Nani Widow & ors Tyabji D & Co.

569-13—Captain and V Mangaldas Chaturbhuj v. Chimabhai Peraj & ors Mulla & Co.

552-14—Patell and Ez Laxmibai Widow v. Kapurchand Monji and anr Little & Co.

169-13—Judah and S Appa Gangaram Kaduskar v. Sakubai Widow and ors Khanderao L & M Little and Co.

167—13—Mulla and Mulla Aishabai v. Aishabai Widow & ors Sm & Co Matu J M Little & Co.

963-13—Bhai K & G Saroopchand Purshotamdas v. Talackchand Harnath Motichand M. B. Chothia & D.

1179-13—Dikshit and P Chaturbhuj Vasanji v. Magji Phakimdas Motichand & D.

Sect 18/746-14—Dikshit and P. Chaturbhuj Vasanji v Wagji Lakhmidas, Motichand and D.

197-14—Captain and V, Karson Purshotam v Jadavji Devkaran and ors, Dhanjisha and B, Rustomji and Co, Vachha and Co, Mulla and M.

39-14—D J Mantri, Kanayalal Vallabhdas Pardeshi v Gowrishankar Ramchander Pardeshi, Tyabji D and Co.

1032-10—Wadia G and Co, Harivalabhdas Kashidas v Kanayalal Jeynarayen and ors, Tyabji D and Co.

933-11—Edgelow G W and Co, Messrs. Maneckchand Kapurchand a firm v Chunilal Nehalchand and ors, Motichand and D.

829-13—Jam R and D, Narayen Genuji Barve and ors v Balaji Genuji Barve, Sabnis and G.

CONTROL OVER PERSONS ENTERING INDIA.

AN ORDINANCE FOR PUBLIC SAFETY AND TRANQUILITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5.

A "Press Communique" states:—In view of the outbreak of war the Governor General in Council has considered steps necessary in Council has considered that steps are necessary to ensure public peace is not endangered by the action of any persons who in the interests of hostile powers might seem to return to India with the object of creating disturbances or of ascertaining facts likely to be of assistance to our enemies. The fact that such persons are few does not permit of their being ignored, the situation is one of emergency and any exceptional action is justified by the present state of war.

The Governor General has therefore decided to take certain general powers of control over all persons entering India after this date. These powers will only be exercised to protect the state from any prosecution of any purpose prejudicial to its safety, interests or tranquility and will be restricted to such measures as are necessary to safeguard the security of the Empire. They will not extend to prohibition of entry. An Ordinance on these lines is accordingly being issued to-day.

An Ordinance on the lines of the above "Communique" is published in a "Gazette Extraordinary." It empowers imprisonment up to one year of persons entering British India by sea or by land where the authority defined in ordinance 3 of 1914, is satisfied that this is desirable in order to protect the State from prosecution of some purpose prejudicial to its safety, interests or tranquility.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45 and 10 to 11-15.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15 10-30 to 12.

Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road, 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30

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BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL H. STANLEY REED, A.-D.-C. COMMANDING.

Sept. 7.

1. Orderly N.-C. Officer for the week ending, 12th instant.—Corpl. R. C. Lowndes.
2. Riding School for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts daily from 7-15 a.m. Parade for the ensuing week.
3. To-day Tuesday, the 8th instant.—Combined drill with 33rd Cavalry, Rendezvous Church Gate Station at 7-15 a.m. Dress.—Drill Order with arms.
To-day Tuesday evening, the 8th instant.—Drill at the Town Hall from 6 p.m.
4. Thursday evening, the 10th instant.—Dismounted drill at the Cathedral Boys' High School, 6 p.m.
5. Friday, the 11th instant.—Combined drill with 33rd Cavalry, Rendezvous Church Gate Station at 7-15 a.m. Dress.—Drill Order with arms.
6. Members are requested to draw their arms from Head-quarters, Council Road, immediately, and obtain a receipt for same.

D. W. WILSON, Capt.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bo. Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental Orders by Major J. W. Hawes V.D. Commanding.

Sept. 7.

288 Parades.—Nos. 1 & 2 Companies will parade at Headquarters on Thursday next 10th instant at 7 p.m.
Dress:—Plain Clothes, every Member is hereby ordered to attend this parade.

289 Parades.—The 20 N. C. Os. & men detailed for 15 per Gun drill will parade in Town Hall Compound at 7 a.m. on Wednesday next 9th instant.

(Sd.) R.C.D. GRAHAM, Captain, R.A.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, Commanding.

Sept. 8.

750 Parades.—Company Parades for the week ending September 12th:—
"A" Company, Thursday at 6 p.m.
"B" Company, Daily at 7-30 a.m. Plain Clothes.
"C" Company, Wednesday, Friday at 6-15 p.m.
"D" Company, Tuesday, Thursday at 6-30 p.m.
"E" Company, Wednesday and Friday. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6-30 p.m. prompt. Dress.—Uniform Drill Order with helmets.
"F" Company, Wednesday at 6-30 p.m.
"G" Company Thursday at 7-30 a.m. Fall in at the Gymkhana. Dress for all the above parades unless otherwise notified:—Uniform with helmets. Those men who have not drawn uniform to parade in plain clothes. Those men who have drawn all their uniform except helmets to parade in khaki, Topees of any pattern.
N. C. Officers of Adult companies to parade for instruction at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m. Tuesday. Dress.—Plain clothes.

Recruits.

"A" Company daily at 6 p.m.
"C" Company daily at 6-15 p.m.
"D" Company daily at 6-30 p.m.
"F" Company daily at 6-30 p.m.

Bugle Practice.—Tuesday at the Bo. Ed. Soc'y's School, Byculla, at 6 p.m.

751. Clothing.—It is notified for information that the Stores at Head-Quarters will be open for issues of clothing on Thursdays and Saturdays only from 6-30 to 8 p.m.

752 Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—
Wednesday 9th Inst.—"A" Coy. Recruits only.
Thursday 10th Inst.—"B" Coy. Recruits only.
Friday, 11th Inst.—"C" Coy. Recruits only.
Saturday 12th Inst.—"F" Coy. Recruits only.
Sunday 13th Inst.—"D" Coy. Recruits only.

753 Staff.—Captain F. H. James having returned from leave resumes duties of Adjutant from this date.

754 Transfer.—No. 4614 Vol. G. B. O. B. Pounde, is transferred from "D" Coy. to the Reserve from this date.

755 Leave.—No. 7911 Vol. O. Tryer, "B" Coy. is granted leave of absence to 31st December 1914.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Captain,
Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

BAND AT THE ROYAL YACHT CLUB.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. M. Thomason, V.D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., B. B. and C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, at Royal Yacht Club this evening, commencing at 6-15 p.m.:—

March ..... Distant Greeting ..... Doring.
Overture ..... Loin de Pays ..... Bouillon.
Valse ..... Love and Life in Vienna ...Komzak.
Potpourri ..... Melodious Memories ..... Finck.
Song ..... The Rosary ..... Nevin.
Pizzicato ..... Herz and Herz ..... Lantann.
Gavotte ..... La Cinquantaine ..... Marie.
Patrol March ..... Indienne ..... Thiere.
National Anthems.
1. Japan, 2. Belgium, 3. Russia, 4. France.

STRING BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

ACCIDENT AT THE DOCKS.

Laxmon Baloo, a Hindu boiler-maker was working on a scaffolding attached to the s.s. City of Sparta lying in the Alexandra Docks, on Sunday evening last, when he suddenly overbalanced and fell between the steamer and the dock wall and disappeared. A search was made for him, but his body could not be found.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

During the 24 hours ended at 6 a.m. on Monday, two attacks and one death from plague were registered in Bombay City. There were no cases of either cholera or small-pox reported during the same period. The plague attacks were reported from Fort (Southern) and Kumbharwada. The total mortality from all causes on Sunday was 68, as compared with 84 of the corresponding day of 1913 and 101 of 1912. The total number of rats caught by the municipal rat-catchers on Saturday was 18 out of which 8 were found to be plague-infected. Two of the plague rats were found in B Ward, five in C Ward and one in E Ward.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE BENEFITS.

On Wednesday next, September 9th, will commence the series of benefits for the various branches of the War Relief Fund. On this occasion the Indian ladies of Bombay are giving a cinematograph performance at the above theatre, which will be for ladies only, and a special programme is being arranged. The prices will remain as usual and tickets can be secured either from 4, Waterloo Mansions, or at the theatre. The programme will be under the kind patronage and presence of Her Excellency Lady Willingdon, and the Indian ladies of Bombay are making a strenuous effort to dispose of tickets, which is meeting everywhere with instant response.

TRAMCAR FATALITY.

At the morgue, yesterday, Mr. H. P. T. Lattey, Coroner, held an inquest touching the death of Intru Saldanha a native Christian employed as a cook on board a steamer.

The evidence showed that on Sunday night, the deceased jumped from a moving tram car near Carnac Bridge and fell underneath it. The tram car was stopped immediately, and the deceased was picked out conscious, though he complained of severe pain in his left side. He was removed to Sir J. J. Hospital, where he died yesterday morning.

The jury returned a verdict of death from injuries received owing to his falling while trying to alight from a tram car in motion.

THEFTS ON A TRANSPORT.

INDIAN CHRISTIAN SENT TO PRISON.

Before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Second Presidency Magistrate, who presided yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court, Inspector Butterfield charged John Antone Fernandez, a native Christian working on board the transport Dongola, with the theft of two brushes and with being in possession of twenty-seven sovereigns and other cash reasonably believed to be stolen.

The evidence showed that on her voyage to Bombay, the passengers on the Dongola complained to her captain of several thefts and the police were informed. Inspector Butterfield boarded the vessel on her arrival and began to take a search. The accused interfered with the search, and this aroused Mr. Butterfield's suspicion. He was, therefore, searched and the abovementioned property was recovered from him.

The accused denied the charge. The brushes, he said, he had found in the bath room, and he kept them for safe custody. The money he claimed to be his and said it was given to him as tips.

His Worship convicted the accused, and sentenced him to an aggregate term of five months' rigorous imprisonment.

ROYAL AVAL VOLUNTEERS.

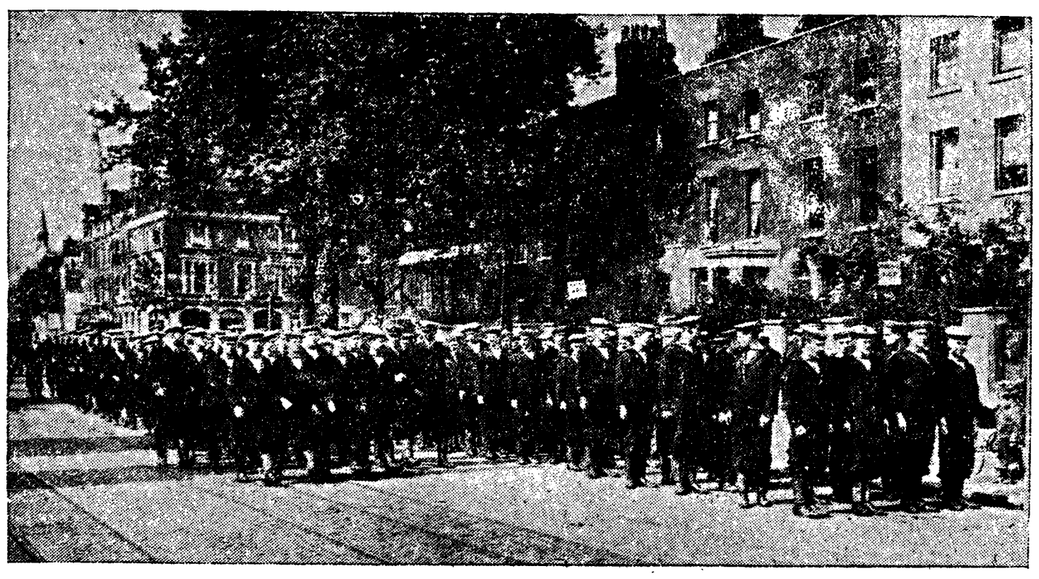

Photo by Topical Press.

Companies of Volunteers Marching to Lambeth Baths.

BOMBAY LAW STUDENTS' UNION.

REPORT ON LAST YEAR'S WORK.

The third annual report of the Law Students' Union Bombay, 1913-1914, states—

Owing to a change in the constitution the distinction between ordinary members, sympathisers and friends has been abolished. The total number of members on the Roll at the close of the year was 89, at the close of the last year the number of members was 105, the decrease being due to the unwillingness and failure of some members to pay arrears of subscription. When the present Secretaries began to collect the arrears and the current subscriptions some members resigned and the names of some had to be struck off after repeated requests to pay their dues.

The Union at first engaged a Common room at 56 Esplanade Road but the rent being found too high, a room at a moderate rental was subsequently engaged at 54 Esplanade Road, where at present the Union has its Office.

With a view to promote social intercourse among the members, it was resolved to hold weekly conversational meetings every Saturday evening when tea should be provided for the members present and it has been found that these meetings are very popular and successful. It is hoped that a large number of members will take advantage of these meetings which are instrumental in creating closer bonds of sympathy and friendship amongst members.

The Committee are extremely glad to announce that in response to a petition dated the 14th February 1914 sent by the Union to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the Judges of the High Court, the Prothonotary by his letter dated the 7th March 1914, informed the Secretaries that their Lordships were pleased to direct that the order in which papers would be set at the Articled Clerks' Examination would be henceforth notified before-hand. This was accordingly done at the last examination.

With a view to secure to the Graduates in Arts and in Law of the Bombay University, who desire to proceed to England and to qualify for the Solicitor's profession, exemptions from the preliminary examination and from two years service in the period of their Articles in England and a further exemption from the Intermediate Examination the Union sent a petition to the Law Society of England and in reply thereto the Law Society have expressed their inability to assist us as these concessions could only be granted by an Art of Parliament. As similar concessions have been granted to several Universities of Great Britain and Ireland by such Acts the Committee have applied to the Bombay University to take the necessary steps to get an Act of Parliament passed recognising the claims of Graduates of the Bombay University and thus putting them on a level with Graduates of the English Universities.

The result of the examination of Articled Clerks in September 1913 was very satisfactory to the Union. The three successful candidates were all members of the Union. In the examination held in March 1914 one member of the Union Mr. D. H. Nanavati our Treasurer was among the successful candidates.

The total income during the year under report was Rs. 831-7-7 and the total expenditure Rs. 594-2-9 leaving the balance of Rs. 237-4-10 which together with the reserve of the previous year amounts to Rs. 427-4-0.

RISE OF PRICES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—In spite of Government's Resolution restricting the prices of necessaries of life, I had to pay the following prices in the retail shops in Girgaum:—

Big Crystal Sugar at 10 seers a rupee instead of 14 seers last month. Gossages pale bar soap at 0-4-6 instead of 0-3-6 last month. Bombay made Bar soaps at 0-3-3 instead of 0-2-6 last month. Tur Dal at 0-7-0 for common quality instead of 0-6-6 last month. Mug. Dal at 0-2-3 a seer instead of 0-2-0 last month. Fine powdered Sugar at 0-1-9 a seer instead of 0-1-6 last month. Almond one rupee a seer instead of 0-13-0 last month. These are a few examples to show how the prices are daily rising in consequence of war. This steady rise in prices has so heavily told on the resources of the poor employees drawing Rs. 50 to 60 a month with family members to support, that many of them feel it very difficult to live in Bombay.

Under the circumstances would it not be more reasonable to give something as War Allowance to enable the poor family-clerks to live in Bombay?—Yours, etc.,

PUBLIC SERVANT.

Bombay, Sept. 7.

STOCKBROKERS' LOYALTY.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Share and Stock Brokers' Association was held yesterday afternoon in the hall of the Association to express their sentiments of loyalty and devotion to the British Crown. The meeting was largely attended and Sir Shapurji B. Broacha was voted to the chair.

The Chairman, in opening the proceedings, which were conducted in the vernacular, said they all regretted that the son of their beloved Viceroy had been wounded in fighting for his King and country in a righteous cause, and they all prayed for his speedy recovery. They were enjoying liberty and ease under British rule, and it was only fitting that they should express their sentiments of loyalty. The news of the war was now very assuring, and as they had all noticed that British supremacy on the sea had been instrumental in keeping the trade routes clear.

A resolution of loyalty was then passed amid acclamation. It was further resolved to contribute Rs. 5,000 to the War Fund.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

MESSRS. SAMUEL MONTAGU'S WEEKLY CIRCULAR.

GOLD.

LONDON, Aug. 14.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. have sent to us their following weekly circular, dated 13th August:—

During the last fortnight, over two millions sterling arrived in the form of bar gold. Of this, only a very small portion was sent to the Continent last week. The rest has been, or will be, received by the Bank of England.

The stock in the Bank (depleted by the financial situation) is being rapidly supplemented by consignments of bar gold and American gold coin from New York—already foreshadowed in our last Bullion Letter. A transfer of Indian Government balances has also been made from London to India; this process releases gold here, and provides cash in India, at the disposal of the Government.

The exceptional condition of finance impelled the Bank of England to raise its official minimum rate of discount on July 30th from 3 per cent. to 4 per cent., on July 31st to 8 per cent. and on August 1st to 10 per cent. On two previous occasions the same high figure was fixed (namely, May 12th 1866 and November 9th 1857.

The energetic action of H. M. Treasury (comprising amongst other measures the suspension of the Bank Act, which became operative on Aug. 7th, assisted by suitable precautions on the part of the Bank of England, regained control of the financial situation so rapidly that the Bank of England was able to reduce its minimum rate of discount to 6 per cent. on the 6th instant, and to 5 per cent. on the 8th instant, at which the rate now remains.

The extremely important announcement has been made that the Bank of England is willing to purchase gold at Ottawa, by the intermediary of the Canadian Government, and to pay cash in London there against, for which purpose, the price of gold bars has been fixed at 77s. 6d. per oz. standard, and U. S. gold coin at 76s. 0½d. per ounce.

The following amounts were received by the Bank:—

July 30th, £174,000 in sovereigns from Brazil.
July 30th, £73,000 in bar gold.
July 31st, £139,000 in bar gold.
Aug. 1st, £56,000 in bar gold.
Aug. 7th, £2,155,000 in U. S. Gold.
Aug. 7th, £874,000 in bar gold.
Aug. 7th, £447,000 in sovereigns from Brazil.
Aug. 7th, £90,000 in sovereigns from Argentina.
Aug. 7th, £2,000,000 in sovereigns released from the amount set aside for the Secretary of State for India.
Aug. 8th, £602,000 in bar gold.
Aug. 8th, £145,000 in sovereigns from Argentina.
Aug. 10th, £438,000 in bar gold.
Aug. 10th, £2,195,000 in U. S. Gold Coin.
Aug. 11th, £32,000 in bar gold.
Aug. 11th, £64,000 in U. S. Gold Coin.
Aug. 11th, £25,000 in sovereigns from Uruguay.
Aug. 11th, £100,000 in sovereigns from Argentina.
Aug. 12th, £172,000 in bar gold.
Aug. 12th, £258,000 in U. S. Gold Coin.
Aug. 12th, £30,000 in sovereigns from Brazil.

Withdrawals were made as under:—

July 30th, £971,000 in sovereigns for France.
July 30th, £150,000 in sovereigns for Gibraltar.
July 30th, £100,000 in sovereigns for Egypt.
July 30th, £60,000 in sovereigns for Switzerland.
July 31st, £572,000 in sovereigns for the Continent.
July 31st, £548,000 in sovereigns for Belgium.
July 31st, £143,000 in sovereigns for France.
July 31st, £80,000 in sovereigns for Malta.
Aug. 1st, £100,000 in sovereigns for Gibraltar.
Aug. 1st, £16,000 in sovereigns for France.
Aug. 7th, £230,000 in sovereigns for France.
Aug. 7th, £12,500 in sovereigns set aside account. Straits Settlements Note Reserve.
Aug. 10th, £12,500 in sovereigns set aside accaunt Straits Settlements Note Reserve.
Aug. 12th, £12,500 in sovereigns set aside account Straits Settlements Note Reserve.

During the fortnight, the net influx amounted to the heavy sum of £7,061,500.

The net import of gold into India for the month of July, 1914 was £421,500 (approximately).

SILVER.

The silver market was closed from the 31st July to the 6th August inclusive, as a consequence of the hostilities entered upon by the German Government, in the course of which Belgium was invaded. Belgium having appealed to this country for help, Great Britain declared war on the 4th instant upon the German Government, which had violated the neutrality of Belgium.

So prolonged a period without a quotation was unprecedented, and our Weekly Bullion Circular Letter was not issued last week, for the first time since its institution.

The course of public events has had a considerable effect upon the silver market. For instance, no price for forward delivery has been fixed since July 30th, owing to a general indisposition to make forward contracts.

A desire to close contracts for forward delivery already in existence, and the fact that only cash silver is dealt in, presents a peculiar feature of the situation.

The English Mint has bought freely, and the price has risen by leaps and bounds, although a temporary reaction took place on the 11th instant.

It is to be noted that silver is contraband of war, and that until shipping upon the high seas is free from interference by the enemies of our country, fresh supplies of silver will be unusually difficult to obtain.

The stock in London at the period when hostilities were commended was in the neighbourhood of 5,000,000 standard ounces, and is now naturally much reduced.

The rapid advance in the price prompted Eastern operators, fortunate enough to hold silver in London, to take handsome profits, and, at the time of writing, business is confined to selling or buying against contracts falling due, and to fulfilling the requirements of the English Mint.

The United States Government has made a purchase of 1,175,000 ozs. for mintage. This is the first transaction of that character for a very long time. Several other Governments have under consideration the advisability of increasing their silver coinage.

The cash price—the only quotation now fixed—rose from 23¾d. on the 30th ult. to 26d. on August 7th, to 27d. on August 8th, and to 27¾d. on August 10th. On August 11th, a reaction ensued to 26½d. followed by a fractional recovery to 26 5/8d. on August 12th, at which price it remains to-day.

Statistics for July are appended:—
Highest Price 26 1/8 cash 26 3/16, 2 mos.
Lowest Price 23 3/4 cash 24 1/16, 2 mos.
Average Price, 25.218 cash 25.3, 2 mos.

On one day—the 31st—there was no quotation. On the remaining 26 working days, both quotations were identical on 3 days, on 17 days silver for forward delivery was at a premium of 1/16d., on 4 of 1/8d., on 1 of ¼d., and of 1 of 5/16d.

No shipment has been made from San Francisco to Hongkong since our last letter.

The quotation to-day for cash silver is 2 7/8d, above that fixed a fortnight ago.

Quotations for Bar Silver p. oz. std.—
Aug. 7, 26 cash.
Aug. 8, 27 cash.
Aug. 10, 27¾ cash.
Aug. 11, 26½ cash.
Aug 12, 26 5/8 cash.
Aug. 13, 26 5/8 cash.
No quotation for forward delivery.
Average for the week 26.75.
Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bar Gold p. oz. std. 77/9.
French Gold Coin p. oz. Nominal.
German Gold Coin p. oz. Nominal.
U.S.A., Gold Coin p. oz. Nominal.

NEXT ENGLISH MAIL.

EXPECTED IN BOMBAY ON FRIDAY.

The P. and O. Company's S. S. Moldavia with the outward Mails of the 21st ultimo is expected to arrive in Bombay at 2 p.m., on Friday next.

BIRTH OF AN HEIR-APPARENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LIMBDI, Sept. 6.

H. H. the Idervala Yuvaranissaheb gave birth to an heir-apparent last night. A durbar was held to express joy and congratulations and sugarcandy was distributed freely to the people and children. The event is unique in the Limbdi State as it occurs after over half a century and is, therefore, the occasion of special rejoicings.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache and be out of sorts. Carry Stearn's Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

OPINIONS OF THE DAY.

Indians and Volunteering.

"Indian Social Reformer."—There has as yet been no pronouncement on this question. As we said before, let Government and the military authorities lay down what conditions they please as to physical requirements and as a guarantee of loyalty to British rule. We shall not object. But let the colour and communal bar, for such it is, in regard to volunteering be removed. From the lowest point of view, it is far better that the people of the country, who have at all a taste for soldiering, should be brought on some kind of register than that they should have to wear out their souls at not being permitted to have the same opportunities of "defending their hearths and homes," as Anglo-Indians, Eurasians and Goanese, the last-named being, as a rule, Portuguese subjects. While on this topic, we may mention that we have heard some disappointment expressed at the omission of any reference to it in Sir Pherozeshah Mehta's address at the Town Hall meeting. One correspondent has obligingly furnished us with a quotation from an old address of Sir Pherozeshah's in strong condemnation of the policy of excluding Indians from the Volunteer force. We have no reason to think that Sir Pherozeshah has changed his views on the subject in the least.

The Upsetting of German Plans.

"The Statesman."—If we may assume that the German plan is to crush the British and French forces by superior numbers before attempting to cope with the Russian invasion, the success of their strategy plainly depends on the speed with which they can strike an overwhelming blow at the foe which now confronts them. The longer the Allies in France can avert this ambitious design the greater the danger to Germany of being caught between the upper and nether mill-stones of the Russian advance and French resistance. The withdrawal which has just been forced upon the Allies indicates, however, the importance of reinforcing their troops, and it may be inferred from Lord Kitchener's speech that the strength of the field army is likely to be increased until a total of thirty divisions, approximately 600,000 men, is maintained in active service. The grim survey of the position which the new Secretary for War has given should dispel any idea entertained in Germany that England is at the end of her resources in human material. Lord Kitchener intimates that he is prepared to carry on the war for three years or longer, if necessary. All the reserves of a vast and united Empire will be thrown into the struggle. Not only the inhabitants of little England but the citizens of Greater Britain are resolved to see this matter through, not in any spirit of vain-glory but because they realise that the time has come to end the appalling burden of armaments which has been heaped up by Germany's ambition and her incessant conspiracy against the peace of Europe.

The Congress Presidentship.

The "Leader."—We understand that the Burma Congress Committee have recommended the election of Lala Lajpat Rai and failing him, of Babu Bhupendra Nath Basu as the President of the next Congress. On Tuesday we published a telegram from our Nagpur correspondent that the Central Provinces Congress Committee recommended, 1st, Mr. Gandhi; next, Lala Lajpat Rai, and 3rdly, Babu Bhupendra Nath Basu. Mr. Gandhi's election this particular year being obviously out of the question, Lala Lajpat Rai has now the votes of five committees out of nine and Babu Bhupendra Nath Basu of three. If we assume that the Berar vote will go to the latter, Lala Lajpat Rai has still the majority of votes to his credit. We understand too, that the reception committee are in favour of his election. It is probable that they will meet in the course of this fortnight and we may confidently look forward to the announcement of Lala Lajpat Rai's election then. So far so good.

Stuffed Calves.

"New India."—Milkmen all the world over are said to be dishonest; but perhaps nowhere are they so cruel as in Madras. The sight of the stuffed carcase of the calf carried along with the milk-can is heart-rending; and, we believe, it is not particularly conducive to good health to consume such milk. But it is rather surprising that the Corporation has not found it necessary to prohibit milking with the aid of a carcase. Many milkmen make no secret of the fact that they gradually starve the calves to death in order that their immediate profit may be all the greater. It will not, therefore, be any injustice if some sort of prohibition against using dummy calves is enforced by the Corporation. No doubt there will be some difficulty in enforcing any such rule, because it will not be an easy task to distinguish those who starve their calves to death from those whose calves have died a natural death. But some beginning must be made to put an end to this wicked practice.

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We receive numerous testimonials of this character and if you wish your business to be attended with equally successful results you should advertise in

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INDIA'S LOYALTY SEEKS EXPRESSION.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Tuesday, Sept. 8, 1914.

THE SITUATION IN FRANCE.

The description of "comprehensive" that Reuter's gives to the review of the recent fighting which has been issued by the Press Bureau is hardly justified by the contents of the Agency's telegram. There is a great deal of gratifying information as to the behaviour of the British troops, who, it is more apparent than ever, have helped their French Allies to make the German advance a very costly one. But it fails to give the reader a real comprehension of the campaign, for the understanding of which much is still left for speculation. So far as can be gathered the whole allied front was engaged all last week in a general strategic withdrawal which practically turned their front from N. N. E. to N. N. W. To have accomplished this withdrawal without once admitting actual defeat, but, on the contrary, with the infliction of severe punishment on the enemy was a remarkable military achievement. There have been battles, we are told, along an immense front which in others wars would have been considered of the first magnitude, but which in this unparalleled campaign were mere incidents. Such an affair was that at Compiègne when the British troops fought the Germans to a standstill and captured ten guns; the great battle at Cambrai where the British successfully countered the attempt at a deadly turning movement by the enemy; the notable French success at Guise, where three German corps were driven back with heavy loss, and the repulse of the seventh German army corps near Deinville by the French. That all these are only some of the incidents of about a week's campaigning is a striking indication of the immensity and the complexity of the struggle which has been in progress. That it has left the Allies practically unimpaired in spirit and vigour, and, more than that, with the sense of having established an actual ascendancy over the enemy, is matter for intense satisfaction, and gives just ground for the confident hope that, even if the moment has not yet arrived for the actual turn of the tide, the allied troops are possessed of the capacity to continue the trying process involved in the strategic conceptions of the French General Staff. That the French strategy is wisely conceived, and that the movements of the past two weeks have been preconceived and not altogether accidental we are perfectly content to believe.

It will be observed that the review of the situation issued by the Press Bureau carries the progress of affairs up to September 1st, exactly a week ago. A later telegram gives us an indication of the position of the forces on September 3rd,—that is last Thursday. The first German army was then to the north of the Marne. The second was at Rheims and advancing on Chateau Thierry and the fourth was between Suippe and Ville Tourbe to the west of Rheims. The British were south of the Marne, which runs direct eastward of Paris, in a line with the French forces on the right and the left. That was the position four days ago. What has happened in the interval is not yet clear, but it seems that we must almost immediately receive news of a development of a decisive character,—a development which will have decided whether the Germans have, after all, achieved a strategic movement as skilful and successful as it has been daring and precarious; or, whether, on the contrary the allied forces have pursued wise tactics in drawing the enemy so far down into French territory. In the meanwhile there are indications. But we prefer to treat them with caution. A telegram dated Sept. 6th 1-40 p.m., states that the success of the French and British forces at St. Quentin is officially confirmed. The Allies drove the Germans for twenty kilometres and inflicted considerable losses. It is not clear whether this refers to an action subsequent to September 3rd. The presumption is that it does, as the Press Bureau's communique, which speaks of the British as being south of the Marne only takes events up to September 1st, and it is hardly conceivable that a telegram of this character referring to an event prior to this would have been sent out late on Sunday without a clearer indication that it concerned an occurrence which was comparatively ancient history. On the other hand the telegram which reports the positions of the three German armies on September 3rd, as stated above, is timed five hours later than this one which speaks of the success at St. Quentin. It would be premature, therefore, at present to accept the latter as meaning that the Germans have been forced back again so far as St. Quentin. But two later telegrams giving reports of an unofficial character justify the hope that something of the kind has occurred. One states that "The Times," in an edition published on Sunday night, says that the Mayor of Boulogne has received news that General Joffre has succeeded in turning the German lines, and that the British have outflanked the enemy; the other says it is reported in Boulogne that the Germans have hurriedly evacuated Lille, Valenciennes, Armentieres Donai and Balleuil. It is not necessary to enlarge on the significance of these two reports, taken in conjunction, if they are true. But we prefer to treat reports of an unofficial character with caution, and it is impossible to avoid the feeling that the interval of silence which has since elapsed is somewhat suspicious. Ere these lines are in print it may be that all doubts on the subject will have been set at rest.

BANKING AND BANKERS.

Writing on the subject of some of the most striking amalgamations of banks during the past two years, the "Bankers' Magazine" for August discourses on the essential qualifications which should be possessed by those who are entrusted with their chief executive management. Persons of such qualifications are not easily found. But in the larger scope which this newer class of banks, with their numerous branches and vast international transactions, may offer to those employed by it, the training that such employees may acquire will be of the utmost value, specially those who in their early career reveal special talent in the art of practical banking. In this way a large number of experienced officers will by and by be available for holding high and responsible positions. At present the field is too narrow and confined. A variety of constructive suggestions are made how to found the nucleus of such a trained staff for the steering of these new banks. This statement of the narrow field of such men at present has been verified by those who have experienced grave doubts as to the want in India of directors and bank managers of the qualifications needed to carry on the colossal and complicated problems related to the proposed State Bank. The Government of India, as well as the Secretary of State, are not unaware of the great paucity of this class of trained banking officers. And one of the reasons among others, which prompt them to view the proposed State Bank with extreme caution, if not disfavour, is this deideratum. The extract which we reproduce adds emphasis to these views:—

If the right systems for the conduct of these powerful concerns are evolved, there should be no difficulty in finding the right men to work them and to develop them further, but the vitally important thing is that the system should ensure the full moral and mental development of the men who are to do so. If the "system" does not produce the right kind of men, there is something seriously wrong with it, and the remedy for the evil should be found at once.

The doctrine of the survival of the fittest will apply to these banks as much as it did to their smaller predecessors, and one of the surest tests of fitness will be their capacity to train men capable of thinking for themselves and of acting on their own initiative—bankers in the best sense of the word. Unless such men, and plenty of them, are deliberately trained for the increasingly important duties which will have to be performed, the process of accumulation of wealth and power in a few hands will become a source of weakness to the community rather than strength. If it is necessary to build these Banking Dreadnoughts, it is advisable to look ahead and to take whatever steps may be necessary for the provision of increasingly highly-trained crews to man them, so as to ensure that they shall render the best service to the State.

The question has been asked: Where are the men to come from to take the place of those who are at present at the head of affairs? It is well that it should be asked and answered. The question and all that it involves should be given most serious attention, and the matter should be thought out well in advance so that the required men may be forthcoming in due course.

It has to be remembered that in the banking world such men are made,—not born. It is a question of opportunity more than anything else. There is plenty of good material to work upon if the men are given the opportunity of gaining wide enough experience. Of course, it is easy to allow a man who is fully acquainted with a particular branch or department of banking work to continue in one office doing the same work until he has lost the power of adaptation, and this bad principal has only to be put into practice on a sufficiently extended scale to ensure the production of a large number of "officials." But obviously it will not produce men of wide experience,—the bankers who will be wanted badly later on; the succession has to be, and will be, provided for only if the matter is deliberately thought out years in advance.

It is well known that in the past good sound banks have had to be absorbed, partly because those who controlled them had not exercised sufficient foresight in this particular direction, but if the same difficulty were to arise in the future in the case of a mammoth bank, it would be infinitely harder to find the proper solution of the difficulty, and some form of State control might be suggested, which heaven forfend!

Notes of the Day

Our Troops.

The marked superiority of British troops of every arm, alluded to in his Report by Sir John French, is fully borne out in the highly interesting details contained in to-day's messages in regard to the recent fighting. It will also no doubt give the German military experts furiously to think. Some twenty years ago and even until recent years, the British Army counted for little in Europe. It was looked upon as a peace army, totally unready for any war, the rank and file recruited by hunger and crime from the dregs of the nation, the officers an idle and inefficient band or riffish sportsmen, devoid of any professional keenness or military knowledge. Bismarck's opinion of the British Army is well known, the Iron Chancellor being credited by a biographer with the observation: "If a British Army dares to set foot on German soil, I will send for the police and have them locked up." There is no doubt that even prior to the war a good many Germans still religiously held the Bismarckian delusion about the capacity and efficiency of our troops. The present war has already given the quietus to Continental theories of Britain's military "unreadiness."

Japan and the War.

Although the news we have received from the Far East in regard to the Japanese operations against Kiao-Chau has been extremely meagre, they at the same time indicate clearly enough that steady progress has been made, presaging the doom of the German colony, and the extinction of Germany as a Far Eastern Power. Far Eastern issues are, of course, but dust in the balance compared with the matters of life-and-death moment now being decided in Europe, but they are by no means insignificant. Germany early recognised the importance of the Pacific and one of the first uses she made of her growing naval power was to create a position for herself in that part of the world. Thanks to her own wanton aggression in Europe, she will now have to bid farewell to her ambitious scheme in which Kiao-Chau, the German possessions in New Guinea, and the German islands in the Pacific were intended one day to play a part. Whatever again may be the outcome of the war in Europe every State must henceforth recognise in her a dangerous neighbour and put every obstacle in her way of realising her earlier dreams of world-power. Although Japan has not entered upon the war purely on her own initiative, being bound to come to Great Britain's assistance under the terms of the Anglo-Japanese Agreement, there can be no doubt that her action against Germany is immensely popular in the country, as evidenced by patriotic demonstrations in Tokio, where enthusiasm for the war appears to be as high as in any part of Europe to-day.

Japan's Anti-German Feeling.

The Japanese who are an intellectual and humane race, recognise as fully as ourselves that there never has been a war so utterly without a spiritual fervour or an intellectual idea in those who set it going than this one. They recognise as fully as ourselves that Germany has forced on the war through sheer brutality. Apart from this, again, it has to be remembered that the Japanese bear an ancient grudge against Germany, and there is probably no European people so disliked in Japan as the Germans. This grudge had its origin in German intervention with Russia and France for the surrender of Port Arthur after the war with China in 1894-5. Towards Russia Japan's feeling was that of a foiled antagonist who appreciates an enemy's position and motives. France's action as Russia's ally, was equally well understood, but against Germany Japan cherished the animosity that a gratuitous injury awakens in the injured. Japan felt that she had to withdraw or face annihilation, and she has never forgotten Germany's share in depriving her of the fruits of victory. That the Japanese Government is eager to settle that account speedily is evident. It is also evident that the Government has undoubtedly the national support at this juncture. Speculation about the future is of course dangerous, but there are good grounds for assuming that Kiao-Chau, as well as Germany's other possessions in the Pacific are practically forfeit. We have also the best of reasons for believing that the Tokio Government have no desire to embark upon a large range of action which might bring into inconvenient prominence questions which are better kept in the background at this grave moment.

Foreign Legions in London.

We learn from a Home paper received last evening that one of Garibaldi's veterans, the Chevalier Ricci, has organised a foreign legion in London which has offered its services to the War Office. The Chevalier's legion is commanded by a captain who fought against the Boers and is composed of Frenchmen and Italians, with a sprinkling of Russians, Danes and Englishmen, most of whom have seen active service. There is also the King's foreign legion being organised in London. The Chevalier Riccis corps is said to be a highly efficient one. It is a matter of pride as well as sadness to learn that several British officers on the retired list, who are too old to serve with the Regulars, have joined the Chevalier's legion.

Petrograd.

From several correspondents we have had enquiries as to the meaning of the changing of the name Petersburg to Petrograd. "Grad," in old Slavonic, has the same meaning as "burg" in old German, a town. Petrograd therefore simply means, like Petersburg, the town of Peter. This change has no doubt been made as a concession to Slavonic sentiment. Petrograd is a town regarded by the Russian as rather under German influence; and it is true the Russians of this part are somewhat Germanised, there being a great admixture of blood. The change of names is therefore but another symptom of the national revival so noticeable to-day in all Slavonic countries. Another correspondent, by the way, writes that we were incorrect in stating in our issue of Wednesday that British reinforcements could be landed at Antwerp, on the ground that, in order to reach Antwerp, the transports would have to traverse Dutch waters and hence violate the neutrality of Holland. Under the precepts of International Law, Belgian ships have every right to sail into Antwerp, and, provided the Dutch Coast was not touched and no troops landed in Holland, Dutch neutrality could not be considered as violated.

Society Women and the War.

Society ladies at Home are facing the situation in an admirable spirit of quiet determination and confidence. There is plenty of enthusiasm, but it is of the quiet, undemonstrative kind, and it is manifesting itself principally in eminently practical ways. The Duchess of Westminster has organised a base hospital for the seat of war; Lady Sarah Wilson has equipped another base hospital for English, French and Belgian soldiers; several ladies have placed their houses at the disposal of the War Office; and thousands of them have come forward to serve as nurses. It is interesting to learn from a Home paper that Queen Amelie of Portugal has offered her services in the nursing department of the British Red Cross Society's Headquarters at Devonshire House.

The New Ministers.

Lord Islington, the Chairman of the Indian Public Services Commission, has been appointed Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies in succession to Lord Emmott, who enters the Cabinet as First Commissioner of Works, as the result of the rearrangements occasioned by the resignations of Lord Morley and Mr. Burns. Another interesting appointment, says "India," is that of Dr. Christopher Addison, the Liberal member for Hoxton, who takes the place of Mr. Trevelyan as Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Education. Dr. Addison has been a good friend to India since he entered Parliament in 1910.

GERMANS EVACUATING THEIR POSITIONS.

HURRIED DEPARTURE FROM LILLE AND DOUAI.

ALLIES' VICTORY AT ST. QUENTIN.

ENEMY OUTFLANKED AND LINES BURNED.

What is described as a "terrific encounter" took place on the west of Malines, the Germans losing 3,000 men. The fighting in the positions occupied by the advanced forces, and on the flank of the German right wing, is assuming larger proportions. Fighting continues in Lorraine.

The Montenegrins have defeated the Austrians at Boljanitza in Herzegovina, capturing all their stores. They have also captured Cianitza. Sanguinary fighting continues.

The Russians are still pushing forward on the offensive and their cavalry have already appeared among the passes of the Carpathians.

Following a week during which the news of the operations in France was of the scrappiest character, cables began to come in with a rush this morning, and we are now able to give a comprehensive report of the battle which raged continuously from August 26th to September 1st. Perhaps the most remarkable feature of this review is the number of tributes paid to the all-round superiority of the British troops over the Germans. Sir John French, who is not given to lavish praise, dwells upon the marked superiority of every arm of the British troops. He adds that "our cavalry do as they like with the enemy until confronted by three times their number," and similar tributes are paid in the report sent out by the Press Bureau. The cavalry, indeed, seem to have covered themselves with glory all through the fighting, crowning their achievement by the brilliant victory at Compiegne, when they fought the Germans to a standstill. Incidents of the fighting show that the British, officers and men, have once more exhibited that do or die spirit which has always been such a marked characteristic of the British army.

Two reports, which must be accepted with reserve inasmuch as they are only reports, and not official, state that the French have succeeded in turning the German lines, and that the British have outflanked the Germans; and that it is reported in Boulogne that the Germans have hurriedly left Lille, Valenciennes and other towns in the North of France.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

A TERRIFIC ENCOUNTER.

GERMANS LOSE THREE THOUSAND MEN WEST OF MALINES.

LONDON, Sept. 7, 1-55 p.m.

The Germans lost 3,000 men in a terrific encounter west of Malines.

FIGHTING CONTINUES.

OPERATIONS ASSUMING LARGER PROPORTIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 7, 1-55 p.m.

A communique issued in Paris says that the fighting in the regions occupied by the advanced defence forces and on the flank of the German right wing is assuming larger proportions.

Fighting continues in Lorraine.

ALLIES' SUCCESS.

GERMAN LINES TURNED BY FRENCH.

ENEMY OUTFLANKED BY BRITISH.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 6-5 p.m.

The "Times" to-night says that the Mayor of Boulogine is reported to have received news that General Joffre has succeeded in turning the German lines, and that the British have outflanked the Germans.

GERMANS RETREATING.

HURRIED DEPARTURE FROM LILLE AND OTHER TOWNS.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 6-35 p.m.

It is reported in Boulogne that the Germans have hurriedly left Lille, Valenciennes, Armentieres, Douai and Ballcuil.

GERMAN CRUELTIES.

LIKENED TO DARKEST PERIOD OF MIDDLE AGES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

An Official list has been issued in Petrograd giving German cruelties committed on the Russian people. It describes the German conduct as being like that of the darkest period of the Middle Ages.

ST. QUENTIN FIGHT.

GERMANS DRIVEN BACK TWENTY KILOMETRES.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 1-40 p.m.

The success of the French and the British at St. Quentin is officially confirmed. The Allies brilliantly drove the Germans for twenty kilometres and inflicted considerable losses.

PEACE AGREEMENT WELCOMED.

LONDON, Sept. 7, 1-55 p.m.

The papers welcome the Franco-Anglo-Russian agreement as an opportune off-set to German machinations.

POSITION OF GERMAN ARMY.

THE CAUSE OF THE CHANGE OF PLAN

LONDON, Sept. 6, 6-10 p.m.

The First German Army is reported to be between Lafertesous-Jouarre, Essises and Voffort.

The second, after taking Rheims, is advancing eastward on Chateau-Thierry.

The fourth is reported to be marching along the Argonne ridge between Suippes and Ville Tourbe.

The Germans reached all these points on the 3rd September.

Whether the German change of plan is voluntary or enforced by the strategic situation and great strength of the allied armies will be revealed by the course of events.

WHEN THE DYKES WERE OPENED.

BELGAINS AND GERMANS FIGHT WAIST DEEP IN WATER.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

When dykes near Antwerp had been opened, the Belgians and the Germans fought waist-deep in water. The work of the Belgian infantry under the cover of the guns of Antwerp was very effective.

STIRRING INCIDENTS.

GALLANT DEEDS BY BRITISHERS.

NO SURRENDER.

SUPERIOR TRAINING OF OUR TROOPS TELLS.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The Press Bureau gives prominence to the following incidents: During the action at Le Cateau, the whole of the officers and men of the British battery were killed or wounded with the exception of a subaltern and two gunners. These continued to serve one gun, kept up a sound rate of fire, and came unhurt from the battlefield.

The German cavalry cut off a portion of the British Supply Column, and asked the officer to surrender. The latter refused and dashed his motors safely through, losing only two lorries.

The superior training and intelligence of the British enabled them to use open formation with effect, and thus to cope with the vast numbers employed by the enemy. Our cavalry, who had even more opportunities of displaying their personal prowess and address, definitely established their superiority.

It is noted that on one occasion while the guards were in action, Germans were seen assisting the British wounded.

The weather has been tropical. Nevertheless, the men are well and hearty. The horses, in consquence of the amount of hay and oats in the fields, are in excellent condition.

POOR GERMAN SHOOTING.

FEW BRITISH SOLDIERS SUFFERING FROM SHOT WOUNDS.

LONDON, Sept. 7, 1-55 p.m.

It is noteworthy that scarcely one hundred of the eight hundred patients in Netley Hospital are suffering from shot wounds, and hardly any from rifle bullets. This confirms the reports of the poor shooting of the German infantry. The vast majority of cases merely have sore feet, and most of the men will be able to return to their regiments shortly.

THE BRITISH TROOPS.

MARKED SUPERIORITY IN EVERY ARM.

GENERAL FRENCH'S REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 4-40 p.m.

Field-Marshall Sir John French in his report dwells upon the marked superiority of the British troops of every arm. Our cavalry do as they like with the enemy until confronted by three times their numbers.

The artillery have never been opposed by less than three or four times their number.

The statement concludes:—In short the war has hitherto given opportunities to add to the reputation of the British army, and to achieve notable successes, but we must have more men to operate on a scale proportionate to the strength and power of the Empire."

PRINCE LICHNOWSKY AT THE FRONT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Prince Lichnowsky has gone to join the staff of the First German Army Corps.

MORE GIFTS FROM THE DOMINIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Monitoba has offered the Motherland half a million pounds of flour, and British Columbia 25,000 cases of salmon.

MUNITIONS OF WAR.

TRAINS FULL CAPTURED BY RUSSIANS AT LEMBERG.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

When the Russians entered Lemberg station, they found it full of trains loaded with munitions of war, dynamite, petrol and medical stores.

THE RECENT FIGHTING.

OFFICIAL REVIEW.

GAPS ALL FILLED UP.

LONDON, Sept. 6. 4-40 p.m.

A comprehensive review of the recent fighting has been issued by the Press Bureau. It says that the British troops have been fighting continuously since the battle at Cambrai on August 26th until a brilliant action at Compiegne on 1st September, when the First Cavalry Brigade and the Fourth Guards' Brigade fought the Germans to a standstill and captured ten guns. Since then the British have not been molested. The total British casualties are 15,000, but many of the missing will rejoin the colours safely.

The British inflicted upon the Germans three times these losses.

British drafts of 19,000 troops have arrived to fill up the gaps. The troops are in the best spirits.

STRATEGIC WITHDRAWALS.

During the week no new main trial of strength has occurred. There have been indeed battles along an immense front, which in other wars would have been considered of the first magnitude but in this war are merely incidents in the strategic withdrawal and contraction of the allied forces, which have continued since the battle at Cambrai, where the British successfully guarded the left flank of the entire allied armies from a deadly turning attack.

RETIREMENT CONTINUED.

We have been supported by the Seventh and Fifth French armies. The latter at Guise secured a solid success, driving back in disorder with heavy loss three German corps. Nevertheless, a general retirement has continued. The British army is now south of the Marne, in a line with the French forces on the right and left. The Germans appear to be marching towards the Marne towards the left and centre of the French lines. A French corps has repulsed the Seventh German Army near Deinville.

GERMAN MOVEMENT ABANDONED.

It would appear that the enveloping movement on the Anglo-French left wing has been abandoned by the Germans, either because it is no longer practicable to continue such a great extension or because the Germans prefer a direct attack on the allied line.

There can be no doubt that our men have established a personal ascendancy over the Germans. The shooting of the German infantry is poor while the British rifle fire has hitherto devastated every attacking column.

WORKING ON GENERAL STRATEGIC PLAN.

MUCH SLAUGHTER AT CAMPIEGNE.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 6-10 p.m.

The statement issued by the Press Bureau shows that the British Army throughout conformed with a general movement of the French forces and acted in harmony with the strategic conceptions of the French General Staff.

The Compiegne affray was caused by a very vigorous effort by the Germans, who were not defeated until much slaughter had been inflicted on them.

Our guards brigade bore the brunt of this creditable affair, losing three hundred killed and wounded. Our losses, if heavy for so small a force, have in no way affected the spirit of the troops.

The Army's sacrifices has not been out of proportion to its military achievements.

The five quiet days since 1st September have been passed in filling up the gaps, and refitting and consolidating the units.

The British have fought throughout in open order on a wide front. This, with repeated retirements, has caused large numbers of officers and men, and even small parties, to become separated. It is known, however, that these, which are included in the total casualties, will find their way back to their regiments.

CAPTURED COLOURS PRESENTED TO M. POINCARE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

M. Millerand has presented President Poincare with the colours of the Sixtieth Prussian Infantry.

OPERATIONS IN GALICIA.

AUSTRIANS' ONLY HOPE.

THE GERMAN CONTINGENT.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 1-10 p.m.

Despatches received in Rome fron Vienna declare that the whole Austrian army operating in Galicia has been routed, and the only hope now is the German contingent, which is congesting all the railways towards the north-eastern frontier.

The Austrian staff is urging the Germans to send fourteen inch howitzers to Galicia.

RUSSIANS PUSHING FORWARD.

CAVALRY ALREADY IN CARPATHIAN PASSES.

LONDON, Sept. 7, 1-55 p.m.

The Russians are still pushing forward on the offensive along the whole Austrian line, particularly in the centre.

The Russians have engaged the German division marching along the Vistula to the assistance of the Austrians.

Russian cavalry have already appeared among the passes of the Carpathians.

EXAGGERATED GERMAN REPORTS.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY STILL ADVANCING.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

It is announced here that the official German accounts of the Russian reverse in East Prussia are greatly exaggerated. The Russian cavalry is advancing through Mazour lakes and is still in touch with the enemy. A German armoured train has been operating on the left bank of the Vistula near Nestar.

MONTENEGRIN VICTORY.

AUSTRIANS DEFEATED IN HERZEGOVINA

LONDON, Sept. 7, 1-55 p.m.

The Montenegrins have defeated the Austrians at Boljanitza in Herzegovina, capturing all the stores. They have also captured Cianitza. Sanguinary fighting continues.

ENEMY'S SUBJECTS IN KARACHI.

FURTHER RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, August 7.

The principal effect of the notification by the Commissioner-in-Sind imposing further restrictions upon the liberty of Germans and Austrians in Karachi, is, in substance, to place out of bounds for the enemies' subjects all cantonments and military depots and their purlieus, Keamari and the approaches thereto and Holy Trinity Church compound.

The notification also requires the enemies' subjects to report themselves daily. With regard to foreigners in general, the Commissioner's notification prohibits any foreigner from leaving Karachi, whether by sea or by land, without a police pass and requires every foreigner arriving in Karachi to report himself within twelve hours. Any householder or hotel-keeper, entertaining a foreigner must promptly report the arrival and departure of the guest.

KARACHI PORT TRUST.

In view of the war happenings, the Chairman of the Karachi Port Trust has asked that body to allow him to deal at his own discretion, with certain matters (such as the employment of Port Trust labour and the grant of allowances to lower paid employees) as necessity might arise, in anticipation of the Board's sanction. The Board granted the power and the Chairman has already placed the establishments, buildings, boats and appliances of the Port Trust at the disposal of the military authorities, in anticipation of the Board's sanction, since given.

DEATH OF SIR STEPHEN FURNESS.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The death is announced of Sir Stephen Furness.

ALBANIAN INSURRECTION.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Insurgents have marched in procession into Durazzo with trumpets sounding. They have hoisted the insurgent flag over the Palace.

AMERICAN AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Mr. Ouimet has won the American Amateur Golf Championship.

NAVAL DISASTER.

BRITISH LIGHT CRUISER SUNK.

FLOATING MINE STRUCK.

TWENTY MILES FROM THE EAST COAST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

The Viceroy has received an Admiralty report stating that yesterday, about twenty miles from the East Coast, H. M. S. Pathfinder struck a mine. The loss of life is probably heavy as she sank very rapidly.

The Pathfinder is a light cruiser and was attached to the Eighth Destroyer Flotilla. She has a displacement of 2,940 tons, indicated horse power of 16,500, and a speed of 25 knots. Her captain was Capt. Francis M. Leake, her Lieutenants Charles G. Robinson (Gunnery), Egerton W. Isaacson (Torpedo) Gerald Leather (Navigating) and Fitzadam Millar, with Thomas A. Venning as engineering lieutenant. The other officers were:—Staff surgeon, Thomas A. Smyth; staff paymaster, Ernest R. Graham; assistant paymaster, Alan G. Bath; gunners, Henry E. Morrison and Eli. F. Bright; sig. boatswain, Philip H. Ford; carpenter, Edward E. Back; and artificing engineer, Frederick McCarthy.

JAPANESE AIRSHIPS' EXPLOIT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The Naval commander reports that two Japanese Zeppelins dropped bombs on the wireless station and barracks at Tsingtau. One of the Zeppelins was hit by fifteen shots but both returned safely.

WILSON LINER SUNK.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The Admiralty announces that the Wilson liner Runo was sunk by a mine yesterday on the east coast. All were saved with the exception of twenty Russian refugees.

SUMMARY OF WEEK'S NEWS.

TELEGRAM TO THE VICEROY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

The Viceroy has received the following war news summary for the week ending yesterday:—

Apart from the engagements incidental to the strategic withdrawal of the Allies no new main trial of strength has occurred. The British have acted in concert with the plans of the French General Staff.

Since the battle of Cambrai on August 26th, the British have been supported by the Seventh French Army on the left, which in conjunction with the Fifth French Army on the right, has greatly relieved the pressure on the British.

It is believed that the Commander of the Tenth German Army Corps was killed in an engagement to the south of Guise where the French drove back three German Army Corps.

Since the creditable engagement at Compeigne (from 30th August to 1st September) our troops have not been molested, this being the first break after continuous marching and fighting since the 23rd August.

The British casualties during the whole period are about 15,000, but a very considerable number of the missing are expected to rejoin.

The German loss is believed to be three times as heavy. Our troops are now consolidated. The Germans appear to have abandoned the enveloping movement on the Allies left.

Sir John French states that the British troops have established a personal ascendency showing superior training and intelligence over the Germans in every branch of the service. They remain in admirable condition.

GERMAN ATROCITIES.

WOMEN STRIPPED BY SOLDIERS.

A St. Petersburg message dated August 12, from Reuter's Agency ran as follows:—

News is filtering through from Germany of Russian ladies being stripped naked by soldiers in the presence of officers. In one instance a father of one of the ladies so treated was shot dead for intervening, and other Russian men, upon protesting, were threatened with the same fate.

CONSULS STARVED.

A telegram from Stockholm reports the arrival in Sweden of 6,000 Russians who were expelled from Germany, where they state they suffered "barbarous" treatment. The Swedish authorities have given them accommodation and food, and are looking after them.

According to an Exchange message from Paris, travellers from the Dutch-German frontier assert that a British and a French Consul, whose names are unknown, have been held prisoners in German territory. It is alleged that they have been kept 23 hours without food.

IMPERIAL INDIAN RELIEF FUND.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY BRANCH.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Amount already acknowledged	9,16,699	7	5
H. H. The Thakor Saheb of Palitana	5,000	0	0
The Barwani Durbar	5,000	0	0
Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas	3,000	0	0
H. H. The Raja Saheb of Sitaman	2,000	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas	1,100	0	0
Messrs. Whittle and Co.	1,000	0	0
Col. A. Street, I.M.S.	1,000	0	0
The Staff of the Eastern Telegraph Co.	850	0	0
Messrs. Turner Hoare and Co.	750	0	0
Panchgani Station per Revd. T. Rowan	547	8	0
The Staff of the Mercantile Bank of India	525	0	0
The Chief of Kurundvad (Junior)	500	0	0
Meherban Udajirao Abasaheb Chawan, Himat Bahadur, Feudatory Jahaghirdar under Kolhapur	500	0	0
Dinsha D. Daver, Esq.	500	0	0
Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Bombay Branch	500	0	0
Messrs. Bhogilal Veerchand Deepchand and Dalsukhbhai Vadilal Veerchand	500	0	0
The Manager, Mandwa State	500	0	0
The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalvad	500	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Turner Hoare and Co. and Bombay Motor Car Co.	450	0	0
L. H. Savile, Esq.	300	0	0
G. Wittet, Esq.	300	0	0
The Hony. Secy. and Treasurer of the Imperial War Fund, Bijapur District	294	8	0
W. A. Anderson, Esq.	250	0	0
R. H. Braithwaite, Esq.	250	0	0
Basil N. Lang, Esq.	250	0	0
D. N. Bahadurji, Esq.	200	0	0
J. N. Dallaporta, Esq.	200	0	0
Lt.-Col. and Mrs. J. B. Smith	200	8	0
V. F. Taraporwala, Esq.	200	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw and Co.	200	0	0
R. D. N. Wadia, Esq.	200	0	0
The Staff and Pupils, Boys High School, Panchgani	202	8	0
J. B. Kanga, Esq.	200	0	0
Commissioner, C. D. Revenue and Alienation Offices	184	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Little and Co.	164	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co.	165	2	0
The Staff of the Judicial Department, Secretariat	153	0	0
H. Campbell, Esq.	150	0	0
S. S. Miranda, Esq.	150	0	0
H. Dewar, Esq.	150	0	0
F. W. Allison, Esq., I.C.S.	150	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Treacher and Co.	150	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co.	148	4	6
Dr. Dossabhoy K. Patell	101	0	0
Cursondas Dharamsey, Esq.	101	0	0
Chandraseinya Kyasth Prabhu Social Club, Poona	100	0	0
Dr. A. N. Meedrum	100	0	0
The Hon'ble R. B. Ramanbhai M. Nilkanth	100	0	0
The Staff of the Office of the Resident, Kolhapur and Political Agent, S. M. Country State	100	0	0
Y. G. Nadgir, Esq.	100	0	0
W. G. Warburton, Esq.	100	0	0
N. Khatau, Esq.	100	0	0
Khan Bahadur P. H. Dadachanji	100	0	0
A. Hyland, Esq.	100	0	0
H. F. Chard, Esq.	100	0	0
S. G. Kharkar, Esq.	75	0	0
A. G. Khambatta, Esq.	51	0	0
"A. Paris"	50	0	0
The Staff of the Natural History Society	50	0	0
F. S. Patuck, Esq.	50	0	0
C. Butler, Esq.	50	0	0
Dr. M. G. Desai	50	0	0
M. J. Dixit, Esq.	50	0	0
Joseph Baptista, Esq.	50	0	0
Mirza A. A. Khan, Esq.	50	0	0
G. G. Nadkarni, Esq.	50	0	0
Pranlal Kahandas, Esq., Joshipara	50	0	0
R. K. Tarachand, Esq.	50	0	0
The Staff of the Bombay Sub-Registry Office	42	0	0
The Manager, New Zealand Insurance Co.	30	0	0
A Parsi Clerk in the Paper Currency Office	30	0	0
K. B. Pradhan, Esq., Joint Sub-Registrar	25	0	0
J. B. Patel, Esq.	25	0	0
Narbheram Jamietram, Esq., Patan, N. Gujarat	25	0	0
"Jam-e-Jamshed"	15	0	0
S. P. Patuck, Esq.	15	0	0
Pestonji N. Wadia, Esq.	15	0	0
Master S. J. Banaji	10	0	0
"Duty"	10	0	0
R. D. Billimoria, Esq.	10	0	0
H. K. Vakil, Esq.	10	0	0
A. M. Masani, Esq.	10	0	0
L. J. Siqueira, Esq.	5	0	0
H. H. The Maharaja of Jodhpur	1,00,000	0	0
H. M. Customs House, Princess Dock—			
Rs.			
Appraising Dept. ... 1,053			
Asstt. Collectors ... 400			
Examining Dept. ... 355			
Gauging Dept. ... 225			
Clerical Dept. ... 146			
Sepoys ... 4	2,183	0	0
His Highness The Raja of Jawhar	2,000	0	0
Mulraj Khatau Esq	1,500	0	0
Officers and Staff of the City Improvement Trust	1,067	13	0
A. R. Bennett Esq., Inspectors, Preventive Officers and Office and Outdoor staff of the Bombay Customs Preventive Service (1st instalment)	650	0	0
Officers, Clerks, Menial Establishment, Merchants, Aguries of the Pritchard Salt Works, Kharaghoda	570	0	0
The Hindustani Native Merchants' Association	500	0	0
Mill Staff of the Jehangir Vakil Mills Co. Ltd.	450	0	0
E. A. Doran, Esq.	400	0	0
Messrs. Matubhai, Jamietram and Madon	400	0	0
Land Records Registration Office Staff	391	0	0
European and Native Officers and Clerks of the Textile Mill	317	9	0
C. N. Caroe Esq	259	0	0
Lodge Truth	250	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. Gaberna and Co.	205	6	7
F. G. H. Anderson Esq., I.C.S.,	200	0	0
Jehangir Dossabhoy Framji Esq.	200	0	0
The Hon. Mr. G. W. Hatch, I.C.S.	200	0	0
Major F. de B. Hancock	200	0	0
Tata Hydro Electric Power Co. Mill Dept.	161	0	0
S. N. Nathan Esq.	150	0	0
Mr. and Mrs. J. Mercer	150	0	0
Miss M. E. Chub	150	0	0
Office Staff of the Commissioner, N.D.	145	0	0
Khan Bahadur P. R. Mehta	125	0	0
The Pupils of Sir J. J. P. B. Institute	114	9	0
R. M. Kerr Esq	100	0	0
Mr. and Mrs. Jamsedji Dadabhoy Munsiff	100	0	0
Seth Bhogilal Tarachand	100	0	0
Seth Motilal Hirabhai Adenwalla	100	0	0
John Blagrave Esq.	100	0	0
F. H. Johnston Esq	100	0	0
Karamali Peerbhai Esq	100	0	0
D. N. Wadia Esq. Principal, J. J. P. B. Institute	100	0	0
W. T. Saxton Esq	100	0	0
G. Sugdurg Esq.	100	0	0
Ramchandra Bhasker Mantri Esq.	100	0	0
P. J. Fernandez Esq. (Poona Branch)	100	0	0
H. R. Hume Esq	100	0	0
H. K. Kirparam Esq., I.C.S.	75	0	0
Munchubhai N. Choksi Esq.	75	0	0
Narmadashanker D. Mehta Esq.	75	0	0
Shivabhai M. Patel Esq	50	0	0
Dr. J. Rutter Williamson, M.D.	50	0	0
Fallonnji N. Daver Esq.	50	0	0
Rao Bahadur P. V. Joshi J.P.	50	0	0
Messrs. H. C. Soundy and Co	50	0	0
The Staff of the Special Collector under the Land Acquisition Act	50	0	0
The Staff of Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Co.	45	0	0
The Staff of Sir J. J. P. B. Institute	36	8	0
A Parsi	31	0	0
Dayabhai Ijatram Esq.	30	0	0
Deputy Sanitary Commissioner's Office Clerks	28	0	0
Messrs. Thucker and Co.	25	0	0
Ardeshir J. Lalkaka Esq.	15	0	0
Markundrai M. Dave Esq.	15	0	0
Ratanji Jamsedji Lalkaka Esq	15	0	0
Revd. Mr. D. Alessio	15	0	0
The Servants of the Yacht Club Chambers	12	0	0
G. R. Talvarkar Esq.	10	0	0
Manilal H. Bhagat Esq.	10	0	0
Sassoon Abraham Esq.	5	0	0
Miss Semba Abraham	5	0	0
	10,63,416	2	6

(The Honorary Secretaries would be glad if subscribers to the Fund would make their cheques and donations payable to the order of the Honorary Treasurer, Sir James Begbie, Kt. (Bank of Bombay.)

CORRECTION.

In the Subscription List published on the 7th an amount of Rs. 500 was acknowledged from Dinshaw D. Daver Esq. This subscription was sent by the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Daver, Kt.

BOMBAY WOMEN'S BRANCH

The following further contributions towards the above Fund are gratefully acknowledged:—

Amount previously acknowledged	56,521
Mumtaz Jehan Begum Nawabzada Nasrullahkhan	100
Mrs. M. A. Rogay	100
Mrs. Abdulla Fazulbhoy Janmahomed	15
Mrs. Gulamali Gulam Hussain Vakil	15
Mrs. Moosabhoy Soomarbhoy	25
Mrs. Mohamed Cassam Surti	15
Major McPherson, I.M.S.	100
A Hospital Nurse	20
Messrs. Dadabhoy Hormusjee & Co.'s Staff	250
Madame Pentasi	15
Mrs. B. S. Patkar	5
Mrs. J. Barclay	10
Mrs. J. C. Mukadam, Dhulia	51
Mrs. Jehangir R. Umrigar	50
Mrs. B. Pinto	25
Mrs. N. Igarashi	50
Major F. de B. Hancock	100
H. H. Rani of Chhota Udepur	2,000
H. H. Rani of Jawhar	500
Mr. Bhogilal Virchand's mother & wife, Ahmedabad	101
Belgaum ladies (2nd contribution)	500
	Rs. 60,568

Mrs. M. Raminee, 2 hot water bottles, 1 air cushion, overcoats, etc.

Mrs. T. J. Ward, 4 pieces flannel and parcel washed flannel.

Mr. F. A. Ryde, parcel warm clothing.

Mrs. Crawshaw, 22,000 cigarettes.

Hongkong Spg. and Mfg. Co., Ld., 1 bale cloth.

Mrs. M. Quintaba, 6 rugs, 18 pairs socks.

Mrs. Julius Muller, 1,000 cigars.

Midland Rubber Co., through Mr. Stamer, 1 doz. hot water bottles.

Mr. H. M. Thacker, 3 doz. roller, bandages, and mufflers.

Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw and Co., Ld. (6 vacuum flasks, 3 rubber hot water bottles, 45 operating cloths, 50 nail brushes, 72 writing pads, 6 pairs scissors, 50 yards moulton cloth.

Mr. G. A. Dyer, 3 doz. handkerchiefs.

E. W. P. quantity old linen and mufflers.

Mr. Dharamsey Ramji Guzerati books for Indian Troops.

A sympathiser, per Mr. Nowrojee, 6 gross safety pins.

E. W. T. 6 woollen vests, shirts and coat.

Scout H. Banks, Water bottle, 2 pairs slippers, and books.

Madame Pentasi, Warm clothes and books.

3 floor residents, Y. W. C. A., (10 doz. handkerchiefs, 6 doz. face towels, 9 rolls bandages, and box cards.

Miss Limji D. Panday, (2 pieces grey drill, 1 piece grey shirting, 6 doz. handkerchiefs, 3 woollen trousers, and pair woollen stockings.

Messrs. Phipson and Co., and Weinberg and Co., 1,500 cigarettes.

Mrs. Keshavji Nathu Sailor, 4 doz socks.

Mrs. Ruttonsee Moolji, 4 doz socks.

Mrs. Rivraz, 1,000 cigarettes, 3 flannel shirts, 3 pairs socks, sweater, vest and drawers.

Globe Dairy Co., 8 doz. ½ lb. tins Globe Butter.

The Ladies of Gokak Falls, through Mesdames William son, Harker, Ainsworth, and Misses Driver, 2 sleeping suits, 4 shirts, 2 jackets, 4 woollen vests, balaclava cap, blanket, books, etc.

Western India Spg. and Mfg. Co., Ld. 1 piece bed ticking, 6 pieces cashmere and 3 pieces hamburg check, 5 pieces longcloth, 27 pieces twill check, 57 pieces plain cl

Mrs. E. F. Halliwell, 1 doz. socks, 2 doz. handkerchiefs, 1 piece flannel and 1 piece calico.

Books and Magazines from:—Mrs. Murdock, Mrs. F. E. Anthony, Miss Giffert, A. Lady Friend, Mr. Gahagan, Mr. G. B. Ghaswala, Mrs. G. B. Hodge, A Friend.

J. A. D. McBAIN,
Honorary General Secretary.

LADIES' MEETING AT BHAVNAGAR.

H. H. THE MAHARANEE'S APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BHAVNAGAR, Sept. 7.

At the invitation of Her Highness the Maharani Nand Kunverba a meeting of the ladies of all classes and communities was held at Nilambag Palace on Saturday evening to open a branch of Lady Willingdon's War Relief Fund in Bhavnagar, Her Highness presiding. In opening the proceedings Her Highness briefly explained the objects of the meeting and enumerated the great benefits which India had received and was receiving from the British Raj. Incidentally she referred to the cruel barbarity of Germany in the sacrilege of Louvain. She then explained how this fund was necessitated for the relief of suffering and distress consequent upon the war, and paid a high tribute to Her Excellency Lady Willingdon for exerting herself so much and for giving the ladies of the Bombay Presidency an opportunity to partake in this noble cause of humanity and to practically display their attachment to the British Raj. Finally she exhorted all present to give their mite and to help the committee to collect further subscriptions.

Mrs. Tribhuvandas then addressed the assembly and spoke eloquently about the excellence of the British Raj and laid stress on the duty which lay on every one to support this movement for the relief of the distressed.

Mrs. Tana then briefly narrated the history of the present war and added that the causes which drew Great Britain into this war were that of justice, righteousness and maintenance of the balance of power and it was nature's law that these causes must eventually conquer. She exhorted all present to preserve calmness and not to be led away by idle gossip and rumours. She then made an eloquent appeal for subscriptions and announced amidst loud cheers that Her Highness Maharani Shri Nand Kunverba who had already subscribed Rs. 5,000 to the Bombay Fund, has inaugurated the Bhavnagar Fund by a further contribution of Rs. 1,000. She was also happy to announce that telegrams had been received from Their Highnesses the Maharani of Panna and the Maharani of Devgadh Baria expressing sympathy with the object of the meeting and subscribing Rs. 500 and Rs. 200 respectively. Lastly, she declared that the Maharaja's stepmothers had subscribed Rs. 350 between them.

Mrs. Lilavad Kaushikram and Mrs. Abdul Hafiz Baakza then made a stirring appeal for subscriptions. Mrs. Harisukhgavri Vamanram proposed the appointment of a committee for collecting subscriptions with Mrs. Tana, Mrs. Vamanram and Mrs. Ratanbhai Dumri, as secretaries, which was seconded by Mrs. Ramalaxmi Manilal. Subscription lists were then sent round and the total amount subscribed on the spot was Rs. 2,500.

In proposing and seconding a vote of thanks to Her Highness, Miss. Khurshedbaau Dumri and Mrs. Monghibai Parmanand made short speeches. The meeting then dispersed with loud cheers for His Majesty the King Emperor and His Highness Maharaja Bhavsinhji.

ROYAL PRISONER.

The Kaiser's Nephew. Prince George taken prisoner by the Belgians.

WAR AND RELIEF FUND.

MEETING OF WOMEN'S BRANCH.

LADY WILLINGDON PRESIDES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Sept. 7.

This evening in Kirloskar Theatre, her Excellency Lady Willingdon presided at a very largely attended meeting of the Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund. All sections were well represented, there being close on a thousand women present.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon was received with a song of welcome sung by the girls of the High School and in the course of a brief speech thanked those present for the generous response to her invitation.

There was, her Ladyship said, a great war going on as they knew, and as women they wished to help the soldiers, both Indian and European. They were all fellow citizens of the Empire, and should help in every possible way.

Mrs. Kanatkar, a Brahmin lady, then explained how the women of the city could best assist in relieving pain and suffering of the sick and wounded.

Dr. Satpute and the Hon. Moulvie Rafiuddin Ahmed also spoke, the former in Marathi and the latter in Urdu. The proceedings concluded with the singing of the National Anthem.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

WAR GIFTS.

The St. John Ambulance Association War Gifts Depot, Bombay, have from the 25th August to date, shipped in all 79 cases of Red Cross Gifts comprising supplementary Hospital Comforts for 700 beds.

The management of the depot is greatly indebted to Messrs. Mackenzie Saw Mills for their assistance in the construction of the necessary boxes and to

Messrs. Automobile Co., Ltd.,
Messrs. Ralli Bros.,
Messrs. Shaw Wallace & Co.,
Messrs. Bombay Gas Co., Ltd.,
Messrs. Volkart Bros.,
The Western Indian Transport Co., Ltd.
Wallace Flour Mills,
The Bombay Municipality,
The G. I. P. Ry., and
The B. B. & C. I. Ry.,

for their kind assistance in transport facilities, etc. Also to:—

Messrs. Phillips & Co.,
Messrs. Asquith & Lord,
Messrs. Evans Fraser & Co.,
Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co.
Messrs. Treacher & Co.,
Messrs. Badham Pile & Co.,
Messrs. Osler & Co.,
Messrs. Leach & Weborny & Co.,
The Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Ltd.,

for their kind assistance in lending their packers:—

The appeal to all firms in Bombay for old packing cases has been most generously responded to.

The following monetary contributions have also been received:—

	Rs.
M. R. Jardine, Esq.	150
W. H. Rose, Esq.	200
Bombay War and Relief Fund	5,000
Mrs. Dunkerley	20
Anonymous	20
Mrs. Slaney	100
Mrs. Pattani (for purchase of 100 bed unit).	350

As well as these:—a large quantity of garments, Cigars, Cigarettes, Bidees, Books, Magazines, etc., have been received from the Bombay Central Office, Women's Branch War and Relief Fund, and from a number of Bombay and Up-country residents.

PROTESTANT INDIAN CHRISTIANS OF BOMBAY.

MASS MEETING IN AID OF RELIEF FUND.

A mass meeting of the Protestant Indian Christians of Bombay was held on Thursday evening, the 3rd inst., at the C. M. S. Hall, Procter Road, Girgaum, under the auspices of the Indian Christian Association, when the president Dr. L. L. Joshi took the chair. The proceedings opened with a hymn, followed by a prayer by Rev. R. Dhowle. The Rev. Dr. Mackichan then addressed the meeting and delivered a most impressive speech, in the course of which he spoke about the ties that so closely bind together the Great British Empire, consisting of diverse races and creeds and added that never was the solidarity of the Empire so conspicuously manifest as at this time of stress and peril. He dwelt upon the gratification and enthusiasm felt by all India that some of her brave sons were to fight side by side with their European comrades for the cause of justice and the prestige of tehir Empire. He then vividly described the sufferings and misery of the soldiers on the battlefield and of their destitute families and said that as Christians, the members of the community were in duty bound to do all in their power to relieve a small part, if not the whole, of this terrible distress.

Dr. Mackichan was followed by Mr. B. Athavle, who mentianed three ways of doing their duty:—(1) To give all the pecuniary help they could. (2) To give personal help by removing all silly fears and misunderstandings from the minds of the ignorant, with whom they come in contact. (3) To daily offer prayers as they gathered round the family altar that God might hasten to stamp out of this world all the oppression and injustice practised by the powerful over the weak.

Then Mr. T. Buell, the Secretary of the Secretary of the Association, read out two resolutions requesting the pastors of the various congregations to give a Sunday's (preferably that on the 6th of September) collection and to collect any subscriptions up to the 30th of Sept. 1914.

The president Dr. L. L. Joshi then made a few weighty remarks that cheerfulness in subscribing and a genuine desire to relieve distress should characterise their giving.

A fair sum was then collected on the spot and written promises to pay were promptly given.

A hymn and intercessory prayers by Revds. Canon Joshi, J. Malelu, J. Martyn and M. B. Nikambe brought the meeting to a close.

THE DEPRESSED CLASSES AND THE WAR.

A public meeting of the depressed classes and their well wishers of the city and suburbs of Poona was held at the Depressed Classes Mission School, Poona Camp at 5 p.m. on the 4th September to pass resolutions of loyalty to the British Government. Mr. E. Maconochie I.C.S. Commissioner C. D. who was voted to the Chair observed in opening the proceedings that the loyalty of the depressed classes would be appreciated most by the Government. One hundred years ago England had to save Europe from a military bully and now England has had to face another such bully. England has already built a great Empire and has to build a still greater empire of truth and justice by coming out successful from the present great struggle. The sending of Indian troops will not only modify the political situation in this country but even that abroad.

The following resolutions were then duly proposed and unanimously passed:—

(1) That in behalf of the depressed classes of the city and district of Poona, we assembled here beg to declare our most heartfelt sentiments of loyalty, gratitude and devotion to this gracious Majesty King Emperor George V and his Majesty's representative in this country and pray for victory of the British arms at the present critical times.

(2) That the depressed classes would think it a high previlege to offer their services humble though they be by all such means as may be possible for them and acceptable to the Government.

(3) That the General Secretary of the D. C. M. Society of India be authorised to forward through Mr. Maconochie these resolutions to the proper authorities in due course, and take such further measures as would be deemed desirable under the present circumstances e. g., enabling such of the men and women of these poor communities as are willing to contribute their small aid by lending their personal services and such other means within their power to the war relief work which is now being organized under several agencies in the country.

The Hon. Mr. B. S. Kamat and Rao Bahadur H. T. Vaidya spoke on the resolution in addition to the several representative speakers belonging to the depressed classes.

MEETING AT WADHWAN CAMP.

(From a Correspondent.)

WADHWAN CAMP, Sept. 7.

A meeting was held in the Palace at Wadhwan City last evening, His Highness the Thakore Sahib presiding. Diwan Harilal and others made speeches about the righteous cause of the British Government in the present war and appealing for help towards the Imperial Indian Fund. The Diwan stated that the Thakore Sahib had offered his services of all kind to the British Government. Resolutions were passed unanimously expressing loyalty, praying for the success of British arms and appealing for subscriptions to the Relief Fund. A committee for collecting subscriptions was appointed. Rs. 10,507, was promised on the spot, out of which Rs. 5,000 was from the Thakore Sahib.

THE "TIFERETH ISRAEL" SYNAGOGUE.

The Congregation of the T. I. Synagogue held a special prayer for the Victory of Britain on Sunday last at 5 p.m. At the conclusion of the prayer an address was delivered by Mr. Aaron Benjamin exhorting the congregation to show their loyalty to the Crown by subscribing to the Relief Fund. A subscription list was immediatly started.

LOYALTY MEETINGS IN BURMA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Sept. 5.

Reports of meetings held by various communities at Moulmein, Bassein and other centres in Burma are coming in at which resolutions were passed expressing loyalty and devotion to the Throne and willingness to subscribe to the War Relief Fund.

SURAT MAHOMEDANS' LOYALTY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SURAT, Sept. 5.

A public meeting of about 500 Mahomedan citizens of Surat was convened at Edroos Durgah by the Hon. Sirdar Syed Ali El-Edroos to express their unflinching loyalty towards the British Crown, to offer prayers for the success of the British arms and to adopt measures for the collection of contributions towards the Imperial War Relief Fund. A resolution was unanimously and enthusiastically passed by the audience, with expressions of unswerving loyalty and devotion to the Government and their willingness to contribute for the benefit of the Fund.

EXPORT OF TANNED HIDES FROM INDIA.

PROHIBITIVE ORDER RELAXED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Sept. 5.

The Commissioner in Sind has received the following telegram from the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry:—"Please instruct Custom Officers that the prohibition of export of tanned hides, published under the Commerce and Industry Department Notification, dated the 10th August, 1914, should be relaxed until further orders, so as to permit exports to the United Kingdom, France and Russia, provided there is no reason to suspect possible diversion to other countries.

LONDON INDIANS AND THE WAR.

THE LETTER TO THE KING.

A number of prominent Indians who are at present in London have addressed the following letter to the Secretary of State for India for submission to his Majesty the King-Emperor. The signatories include, among others, Sir Mancherjee Bhownaggree, Mr. Justice Abdur Rahim, Mr. Ratan Tata, Sir Krishna G. Gupta, the Hon. Mr. M. B. Chaubal, Mr. Baupendranath Basu, Mr. N. M. Samarth, Mr. R. D. Sethna, Mr. B. L. Gupta, Mr. C. A. Latif, Lala Lajpat Rai, Mr. S. A. Bhisey, Col. Bhola Nath, Col. Warliker, Mr. A. S. M. Anik, the Hon. Mr. Krishna Sahay, Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Mr. N. C. Sen, Mr. K. D. Vacha, Mr. K. S. Jassawala, Mr. R. B. Boman-Behram, Mr. R. S. Bajpai, Mr. M. K. Apte, Mr. Syud Hossain, and Mr. Bhugwandin Dube (honorary secretary):—

"At the present juncture, when the forces and armaments of the British Empire are called upon to defend the nations in alliance with his Majesty and to protect the vital interests of his vast dominions against the aggressive action of a foreign Power, we, the subjects of his Majesty's Indian Empire, who are now residing in the metropolis, feel it our duty and privilege to express what we believe is the prevailing feeling throughout India—namely, a sincere desire for the success of British arms in the struggle.

"We have not the slightest doubt that, as on previous occasions when the British forces were engaged in defending the interests of the Empire, so on the present, the princes and peoples of India will readily and willingly co-operate to the best of their ability and opportunities in securing that end by placing the resources of their country at his Majesty's disposal.

"We wish it to be clearly understood that, whatever differences on questions affecting the internal administration of our country might exist in peaceful times, the devotion of the people of India to the British Throne in the face of an external foe is bound to ensure such a feeling of harmony and internal peace that they can have no other thought than that of being united with the British nation in a whole-hearted endeavour to secure a speedy victory for the Empire.

"With our fervent prayer that by the blessing of God this object may be realised before long, we beg your lordship to submit to his Majesty the King-Emperor this respectful expression of our loyal sentiments."

The following reply has been received in acknowledgment from Sir Thomas Holderness, writing on behalf of Lord Crewe. It is dated August 8:—

"I am directed by the Secretary of State for India to inform you and your co-signatories that he has great pleasure in submitting to his Majesty the King-Emperor the notable tribute of loyalty offered at this crisis by Indian gentlemen in London. The Marquess of Crewe desires to say that he is deeply impressed by the sentiment of sincere and unselfish devotion to the common cause of the Empire, which finds eloquent expression in the Address. He has telegraphed to his Excellency the Viceroy the substance of the letter."

PATHARE PRABHUS' PRAYER MEETING.

A very enthusiastic gathering of ladies and gentlemen of the Pathare Prabhu community was held in Zaoba's Shri Ram Mandir on Sunday last at 6-30 p.m., (S. T.), to offer prayers for the success of British Arms in a war which England has been forced to wage against Germany and Austria in a just and righteous cause. Hari Bhakt Parayan Vishnu Shastri Atre preached a sermon which was listened to with wrapt attention. The preacher alluded to an episode in the Mahabharat and Compared the present war with that of the greatest epic of the Hindus in which Shri Krishna the 8th incaranation of Vishnu had assisted the Pandavas against whom the Kauravs had waged an unjust war. He said that in this Kali-yaga although God did not appear in corporeal form. He being omnipresent invisibly helped the cause of righteousness. Mr. Vasudev Narayan Zaoba sang some special songs composed for the occasion. The preacher invoked divine assistance which, he said, was sure to be vouchsafed to our benign British rulers, who involuntarily had been dragged into this huge struggle involving death and destruction. At the end of the sermon all rose and sang the Raj Git specially composed by Mr. R. B. Kirtikar. The gathering disposed with shouts for "British Sarkarka Jaya."

LOYAL DEMONSTRATION IN JANJIRA.

(From a Correspondent.)

JANJIRA, Sept. 5.

A crowded public meeting of the citizens of Murud, Janjira, was held to-day in the Darbar Hall under the presidentship of the Dewan of Janjira. Resolutions were passed (1) expressing loyalty to Britain; (2) praying for her success in the field; and (3) evincing sympathy with his Excellency the Viceroy at the sad news of his son being wounded on the field of battle. A Central Committee for the whole State was formed at Murud with branch committees at Mhasla, Shrivardhan, Janjira fort and Jafarabad, to make collections for the Indian Relief Fund. Over Rs. 2,000 were subscribed on the spot. The meeting closed with hearty cheers for the Empire and the King-Emperor.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET.

PARSIS V. MAHOMEDANS

PARSIS LEAD ON THE FIRST INNINGS.

MAHOMEDANS COLLAPSE.

FINE INNINGS BY WARDEN.

The third Quadrangular Tournament commenced yesterday, on the Esplanade, the Parsis meeting the Mahomedans. The spectators had betaken themselves to the maidan long before the appointed time, and about 15,000 witnessed the start, which was made at 11-45 p.m.

As the result of yesterday's game the Parsis are leading by 104 runs on the first innings. Going in to bat first, they knocked up the respectable total of 176 and then disposed of the Mahomedans for a paltry 72. The fortunes of the game varied with surprising rapidity, the balance leaning now on one side, and now another. When the Parsis lost their most dashing bat Kapadia with the total only at 5 and Driver, their most reliable man, 15 runs later, it looked as if one were going to witness a repetition of last year's Parsi debacle. Then, however, their skipper Warden put a better aspect on the game for them, and the situation steadily improved. When he and Vajifdar were associated their side had lost 4 wickets for 42 but by a plucky effort the two batsman took the total to 80 without further loss at lunch time, and they were only separated when they had added 54 for the fifth wicket. And though the Parsis lost the sixth wicket without addition, they continued making substantial additions to the score, which eventually reached 176.

MAHOMEDAN'S BATTING FAILURE.

But if the Parsi innings was attended with surprises at various stages of its career the Mahomedans batting failure was astonishing. Here was a strong batting side, the strongest the Mahomedans have hitherto put in the field in these international contests, and yet they failed to reach three figures. Elavia and Mirza bowled splendidly, yet not even by the widest stretch of imagination could the bowling be called unplayable. The wicket played slow, but it was at the same time easy, and the Mahomedans batting failure was under the circumstances altogether inexplicable. The only extenuating circumstance was that they had to bat after a hard outing. But this would only partially excuse their failure.

A SENSATIONAL START.

Their start was sensational enough in all conscience when they lost Aziz at 5 and Maslahodin 7 runs later. But the greatest surprise of the day was still to come. At 20 Ali was sent back, and then without any addition to the total Pheroze Khan and Hasan Shah were also dismissed. Their only hope now centred in Usuf Beg. But even this great Poona batsman failed to stop the rot, and with Nazir Hussein's dismissal vanished the last flickering gleam of a Mahomedan stand. Saleh Mahomed, the genial Pathan,, and Erfani made a last gallant effort to retrieve the falling fortunes of their side but it was a belated attempt and the end was not long in coming.

UNINTERESTING BATTING.

Except for a very short time, the batting on either side was extremely dull and uninteresting. This was especially so during the early stages of the Parsi innings, when even Warden played a barn-door game, and it was for once difficult to recognise in him the brillant batsman who had knocked up a big total against practically the same bowling two years ago. But he had to set his men an example, and it must be remembered that though the Parsis were able to run up a total of 176, the Mahomedan attack at no stage of the game allowed of any liberties being taken with it. Nevertheless from the spectators' point of view, the batting was altogether unattractive. The Parsis took an hour to make their first 38 runs and an hour more to add 42, their total of 176 taking altogether 200 minutes in coming and the Mahomedan innings lasted little over an hour.

WARDEN'S FINE INNINGS.

The outstanding feature of the day's batting was the display of Warden, the Parsi skipper who knocked up 65 in fine style. His was a greater effort than the figures would indicate, for the circumstances under which he batted would have unnerved many an experienced wielder of the willow. It argues a stout heart for a man to keep his end up while his colleagues are falling at a quick pace at the other, and the only material assistance that he received from his men was from Vajifdar. This young man's batting effort was meritorious in the extreme. He played a confident game from the very start and made some pretty strokes his clean hard driving being especially much admired.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET.

PARSIS V. MAHOMEDANS.

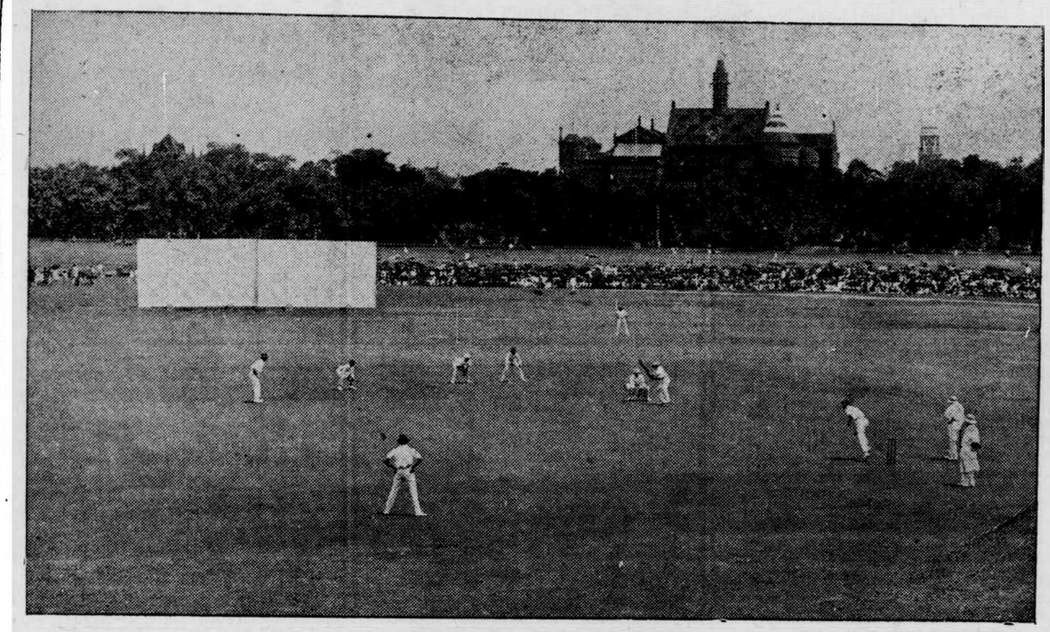

Photo by Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd.

The Parsis batting:—Warden and Vajifdar at the wickets, against Saleh Mahomed and Hossain. Vajifdar facing Hossain's bowling.

THE SUCCESSFUL BOWLERS.

The bowling honours of the day were carried off by Elavia and Mirza for the Parsis and Saleh Mahomed for the Mahomedans. The Kashmere man, especially bowled splendidly, getting a lot of work on the ball even on an easy wicket like yesterday's, and only rarely sending down a loose delivery. He possesses wonderful stamina, and, the wisdom of taking him off when his attack had shown no failing off whatever was doubted by many. P. J. Chinoy did useful work behind the stumps, bringing off two fine catches and allowing no extras.

The Parsis winning the toss elected to bat, and Driver and Kapadia, on coming out of the Bombay Gymkhana pavilion were cheered by the spectators. The Mahomedan attack was delivered by Saleh Mahomed of Kashmere from the Police Court end, and Aziz of Bombay from the Gymkhana end. Saleh Mahomed sent down a maiden over to Driver and in the next over Kapadia opened the account by getting a single off Aziz. In the Kashmere bowler's second over Kapadia cut him to the boundary but Saleh Mahomed had his revenge quick, for in the same over he completely beat the batsman with a well-pitched delivery. Kapadia is generally considered the Parsis' most dashing bat and his cheap dismissal was a great disappointment to his supporters (5-1-5). S. M. Chothia, who partnered Driver, played the remaining deliveries of Saleh Mahomed.

In Aziz's next over Driver nicely put him to the leg for three. Saleh Mahomed next sent down another maiden over to Driver, and, then Chothia, sending Aziz to the Waudby Road boundary, telegraphed the first ten and next glanced him to leg. This brought the score to 19, and in Saleh Mahomed's next over 20 appeared on the board with a single by Chothia. The Mahomedan skipper, Ali, now put on Khan Mahomed of Aligarh to bowl in place of Aziz. The Parsis at this stage met with a piece of ill-luck. Chothia cut the new bowler, and Driver in attempting to snatch a run was given run out, Feroze Khan hitting the wicket with a magnificently thrown ball. (20-2-3). Warden, the Parsi skipper, on coming out of the pavilion to retrieve the fortunes of his side, was given a warm welcome by the spectators. Saleh Mahomed sent down yet another maiden over, and the Parsi skipper then made a magnificent boundary hit off Khan Mahomed.

Runs came in at a very slow pace the Mahomedan bowlers, especially Saleh Mahomed, maintaining a grand length and at times sending down well-nigh unplayable deliveries. Chothia then, however, quickened the pace a bit by cutting Khan Mahomed twice to the boundary and signalling 30. Chothia had a "life" at this stage, being missed in the slips by Usuf Beg off Saleh Mahomed, which was however a very difficult chance. The pace again slowed down, runs coming in only in singles. The total stood at 38, when Chothia was brilliantly held in the long slips by Maslahodin off Saleh Mahomed (38-3-20). The total came as the result of an hour's play. Parekh now partnered his skipper, who, sending Khan Mahomed, to the Waudby Road boundary, enabled 40 to be put up.

Saleh Mahomed was now doing anything he liked with the ball breaking in yards at times. He sent down a ball to Parekh who as it was pitched off the stumps, thought it was a harmless delivery. The deceptive movement of Saleh Mahomed's delivery completely puzzled Parakh. The latter evidently thought the ball was going to pitch off the wickets. It however came straight on, and, passing between his legs, found wickets. (42-4-0). Vajifdar, the next man in, got a single off Saleh Mahomed. At 44 Aziz relieved Khan Mahomed. Vajifdar then nicely cut the new bowler for 4 and telegraphed 50, which came as the result of 80 minutes' play. At 58, Hasan Shah was entrusted with the attack in place of Aziz. Runs continued coming in only in singles and the next decade crawled up the board at a tediously slow pace. Even Warden for the nonce discarded his usual brilliant methods and took to stone-walling, which was however excusable to some extent in view of the deadly character of the Mahomedan attack. There was yet another change in the bowlers, Khan Mahomed relieving Shah. Warden nicely pulling the new bowler to the leg boundary, signalled 70. The extreme dulness of the play might be imagined from the fact that the score at this stage was 75 after two hours' play. Nazir Husein now took up the attack, Vajifdar hitting him for two and a little later the telegraph board showed 80. When play was adjourned at 2 p.m., for lunch, the Parsis had made 80 for 4 wickets, Warden being not out with 30 to his credit and Vajifdar being not out with 19.

On the resumption after luncheon interval, Warden and Vajifdar, the not-outs of the morning, faced Aziz, who bowled from the Gymkhana end, and Khan Mahomed at the Police Court end. Four byes were realised off the first ball bowled and, next, Warden got a single off Aziz. The total reached 90 on Vajifdar finely driving Khan Mahomed to the ropes. This roused the spirits of the Parsi spectators, who wildly cheered his next boundary stroke, a beautiful cut off the same bowler. Aziz sent down a "maiden" over to Vajifdar. In Khan Mahomed's next over, Vajifdar was brilliantly caught at cover-point by Shah. The outgoing batsman had played brilliant cricket, meeting all the Mahomedan attack with great confidence and never making a faulty stroke. His contribution of 29 included three 4's (96-5-29). P. D. Chothia, the new-comer, was quickly sent back, Khan Mahomed finding his wickets (96-6-0). Elchidana was now associated with Warden, who cut Aziz for 4 and the century was then telegraphed amid loud cheering. Warden sent Aziz to the boundary, this time with a fine drive, and had now evidently opened his shoulders, for in the next over, he twice sent Khan Mahomed to the boundary. The batsmen had made the pace pretty fast to suit the Mahomedan skipper, who, at 117, entrusted the attack to Saleh Mahomed in place of Aziz. The Kashmere bowler once more started with a "maiden" over, following it up with another. With the total at 120, Elchidana was given out "leg before" to Khan Mahomed (120-7-3). P. J. Chinoy next joined Warden. A little later the century was telegraphed amid cheering. Warden continued hitting out twice finding the boundary off Khan Mahomed, and signalling 130, to which his contribution was 60 not out. Five runs later Tumboowalla relieved Khan Mahomed, Chinoy getting a two off the new bowler. At 143 Warden was given out l-b.w., to Tumboowalla. (143-8-65). The out-going batsman received a tremendous ovation on his return to the pavilion, a reception which he had, richly deserved. J. Elavia who was the next man in, drove Aziz, who had again taken up the attack, for 3 and 150 was telegraphed.

Four runs later Aziz completely beat Chinoy (154-9-6). Mirza, the last man in, got a single off Aziz, Elavia replying with a four off the same bowler. The scoring board showed 160, and Aziz gave over charge of the attack to Khan Mahomed, whom Elavia finely hit to the leg boundary, the total reaching 170. At 176 Mirza was finely caught at the wickets by Erfani off Saleh Mahomed (176-10-8), Elavia being not out with 18, to his credit. The Parsis' first venture thus terminated at 4-35 p.m. with the total at 176. Present scores:—

PARSIS.

1st Innings.

D. D. Driver, run out	3
D. K. Kapadia, b Saleh Mahomed	5
S M. Chothia, c Maslahodin, b Saleh Mahomed	20
J. S. Warden (Capt.), l-b-w, b Tumboowalla	65
M. D. Parekh, b Saleh Mahomed	0
H. Vajifdar, c Shah, b Khan Mahomed	29
P. D. Chothia, b Khan Mahomed	0
J. Elchidana, l-b-w, b Khan Mahomed	3
P. J. Chinoy, b Aziz	6
J. Elavia, not out	18
B. Mirza, c Erfani	8
Extras	19
Total	176

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Parsis—1st Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Saleh Mahomed	29	82	18	4
*Aziz	11	47	1	1
Khan Mahomed	16	61	5	3
Shah	3	5	0	0
Nazir Hussein	2	3	0	0
Tumboowalla	2	7	0	1
Maslahodin	1	2	0	0

*Bowled two "no-balls."

MAHOMEDANS' FIRST VENTURE.

The Mahomedans entered upon their first venture at 4-45 p.m., S. A. Aziz and C. M. Ali being their first representatives. Elavia bowled from the Police Court end, while Mirza delivered the attack from the Gymkhana end. Aziz opened with a single off Elavia, and in the next over finely hit Mirza to the Waudby Road boundary. The bowler, however, soon revenged himself by getting the batsman caught at the wickets by Chinoy (5-1-5). Maslahodin, the new-comer, nicely put Mirza to the leg boundary, Ali replying with a single off Elavia, and sending up the first decade. A misfortune then befell the Mahomedans, who lost Maslahodin, one of their finest bats, with the total only at 12, Elavia getting past his defence with a beautiful yorker (12-2-6).

S. H Shah, who now joined his skipper made a magnificent cut off Elavia for 4, the board showing 20. The Mahomedans at this stage met with a piece of ill-luck, their captain, Ali, who had been playing a steady game being given run out (20-3-2). This was a bad start, but worse was still to follow, as Feroze Khan of Kashmere, another fine bat, was brilliantly held at point by S. M. Chothia off Mirza, before the total had been added to by a single (20-4-0. Usuf Beg, now stepped into the breach, to whom Mirza sent down a "maiden" over. In Elavia's next over Shah was given out l-b-w. (20-5-7). Nazir Husein, the next man in, opened brilliantly by getting a two and four off Elavia, his partner Usuf Beg responding with two 4's. This somewhat roused the drooping spirits of the Mahomedans, who however soon after, met with yet another disappointment, Usuf Beg being caught at the wickets by Chinoy off a bumping delivery off Mirza (34-6-8). Khan Mahomed joined Nazir Hussein, who, two runs later, was given out l-b-w to Elavia. (37-7-7). Saleh Mahomed now joined Khan Mahomed. The latter nicely placed Elavia to the leg boundary, and next finely drove Mirza twice to the boundary, the board showing 50. Khan Mahomed's merry career at the wickets then came to a close. He skied one of Mirza's deliveries and was splendidly caught in the long field by Kapadia (54-8-15). K. Tumboowalla, the next man in, was quickly sent back, Elavia having him caught in the slips by Vajifdar (54-9-0). Erfani, the last man in, joined Saleh Mahomed, who getting a 3 off Elavia, signalled 60. Erfani then sent Mirza twice to the boundary, and the board showed 70. Two runs later Erfani, in attempting to pull Elavia to the leg, lost his wickets, the Mahomedans' first innings thus terminating, shortly before time, at 72 (72-10-12).

MAHOMEDANS.

1st Innings.

S. A. Aziz, c. Chinoy, b. Mirza	5
C. M. Ali (Capt.), run out	2
Maslahodin Khan, b. Elavia	6
S. H. Shah, l-b-w., b. Elavia	7
Feroze Khan, c. S. M. Chothia, b. Mirza.	0
Usuf Beg, c. Chinoy, b. Mirza	8
Nazir Hussein, l-b-w., b. Elavia	7
Khan Mahomed, c. Kapadia, b. Mirza	15
Saleh Mahomed, not out	10
K. Tumboowalla, c. Vajifdar, b. Elavia	0
P. B. Erfani, b. Elavia	12
Total	72

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Mahomedans 1st Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Elavia	9	27	0	5
Mirza	9	45	1	4

Play to-day will commence at 11-30 a.m instead of 12 noon as previously announced.

PRESIDENCY XI.

Sir F. Sprott has been selected to fill the wicket-keeper's place in the Presidency XI.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure: Stearns' Head ache Cure; headache gone in a few minutes.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

A MISLAID WILL.

(*Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Davar.*)

PHEROZESHAW N. MASANI .....Petitioner.

The petitioner applied for probate of a copy certified as true by the Registrar of the last will and testament of Hormusjee Pestonjee Masani, dated 8th October, 1912. The testator died in November, 1913. The will was not forthcoming having been mislaid. The petitioner asked for a probate from the ecclesiastical Registrar. He asked the petitioner to apply to the Court.

Mr. J. B. Kanga appeared for the petitioner.

Probate of the copy was granted. Costs of the petitioner out of the estate.

ADOPTION OF AN ORPHAN.

SITARAM LUXMON'S ESTATE.

(*Before Mr. Justice Macleod.*)

BHAJUBAI *v.* KASHIBAI AND ORS.

This was a suit for the administration of the estate of the late Sitaram Luxmon. The suit was, some time ago, referred to the Commissioner for taking certain accounts. The matter came, on this occasion, before his Lordship for the determination of a side issue which arose as follows:—

In his will Sitaram appointed one Bala Bhan Nayak his nephew, one of his executors and directed that he and his family were to be maintained out of his estate so long as they lived together and pulled on well with the members of his family. If the family of Bala Bhan Naik lived separate from that of Sitaram the will directed that two rooms in Bombay or a room in Pona, belonging to Sitaram's estate were to be allcted to them for residence. Moreover a sum of Rs. 10,000 was to be set apart and the interest of that sum was to be paid to Bala Bhan, and, after his death, to members of his family by way of maintenance. After the death of Bala Bhan and his wives the sum of Rs. 10,000 was directed to be paid to his children.

Bala Bhan died in November 1909 soon after the death of Sitaram. He left two widows Mandubai and Sarswatibai and an adopted son Vishwanath whom he had adopted a fortnight prior to his death. One of the widows viz., Saraswatibai now alleged that the adoptee Vishwanath was an orphan, that, therefore his adoption by Bala Bhan was invalid, and that, therefore, the adoptee was not entitled to take any interest under the afore-recited provision of Sitaram's will.

Mr. B. J. Wadia and Mr. Jayakar appeared for Vishwanath and Mandubai, one of the widows of Bala Bhan.

Mr. Desai and Mr. Taraporewalla appeared for Saraswatibai.

Mr. Wadia stated to the Court that he intended to raise the plea that Saraswatibai was estopped by her conduct from disputing the adoption and he asked the Courts' permission to put in a supplemental written statement embodying that plea.

Mr. Desai objected.

His Lordship admitted the supplemental written statement.

Evidence was then led on the question of estoppel.

Mr. Wadia then addressed the Court on that question. He said that Vishwanath had been treated for 4 years as the adopted son by Saraswatibai. The funeral and shradhha ceremonies of Bala Bhan had been performed by him. Saraswatibai made a representation to Vishwanath of the fact of her concurrence in the adoption and of her intention not to dispute it. Vishwanath had acted on that representation of Saraswatibai and had changed his position to his detriment. For four years he had been considered to be out of his natural family and he could not now go back to it. Saraswatibai by her conduct brought about the existence of a certain state of things and she cannot be now heard to deny the existence of that state of things. He then cited cases in support of that proposition.

Mr. Desai contended first that the adoption of an orphan boy was void ab initio and the doctrine of estoppel could not apply. The Court was bound by the doctrine as formulated by section 115 of the Evidence Act. In this case there was no misrepresentation of fact. Misrepresentation of law was not conveyed by section 115. The facts were well known to both sides; the only thing was a false inference of law. The adoption affected no rights of Saraswatibai and therefore she was under no duty to speak. The invalidly adopted boy had not lost his rights in the natural family. He could assert them with the period of limitation.

THE JUDGMENT.

His Lordship then delivered judgment on the issue of estoppel. His Lordship said that a large number of cases had been cited to show that persons who participated in an adoption and by their conduct acquiesced in the adoption were not allowed to contest the validity of the adoption after the lapse of a certain period of time. He was bound by the terms of section 115 of the Evidence Act. Only cases of misrepresentation of fact came under that section. All that Saraswatibai could be considered to have done during the four years was to induce Vishwanath to believe that his adoption was valid. That was not a representation of fact. She never represented to Vishwanath that he was not an orphan at the time of the adoption nor allowed him to act under the belief that such representation was true. Estoppel could arise only on question of fact and not of law. The issue must therefore be found against Vishwanath.

The hearing of the suit therefore produced on the issue whether the adoption of Vishwanath was valid, he being an orphan in October 1909, when the ceremony of adoption took place.

Mr. Wadia stated to the Court that his case was that Setabai, the mother of Vishwanath had prior to her death, called Bala Bhau in and Vishwanath in her presence, and said "Bala Bhau you take him" and Bala Bhau had accepted the boy. What was done in 1909, after Sitabai's death, was only the customery ceremonial of adoption. The boy was thus not an orphan at the date at which the essential going and taking in adoption took place.

His Lordship, therefore, went into the evidence on this issue and then delivered judgment. His Lordship said that he had carefully considered the oral evidence led on behalf of Vishwanath and the impression formed in his mind was that it was not trustworthy. The documentary evidence was in direct conflict with it. There was no doubt that the adoption deed recited what had actually taken place. All that had taken place before Sitabai's death was an agreement that Vishwanath should be given in adoption to Bala Bhau in accordance with the usual rites. No giving and taking took place before Sitabai's death. If that had been so, Sitaram would not have in his will desired Bala Bhau to adopt. Then Sitabai had remarried in 1901, and the question arose whether a Hindu widow could give in adoption a son of her former husband after remarriage. That had been decided in the negative in a case reported in 24-Bom. p. 89, and his Lordship was of opinion that that case was a good authority, in spite of a decision in 33 Bom. which threw some doubts on it. His Lordship found that Vishwanath's adoption took place in 1909 and was invalid when made because he was an orphan. Further, even if the adoption took place in 1907 it was invalid as Sitabai had remarried long before that.

Attorneys for the 4th and 6th defendants, Vachha and Co.

Attorneys for the 5th defendant, Manchershaw and Narmadashanker.

APPELLATE SIDE.

UNCLE MURDERED BY NEPHEWS.

SENTENCES CONFIRMED.

HARI DAMA AND KALIA DAMA *v.* THE KING-EMPEROR.

(*Before Justices Heaton and Shah.*)

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. J. Dixit, Sessions Judge of Thana. The accused were charged with murdering their uncle, but were convicted of the minor offence of grievous hurt, and sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each.

The two accused had been quarrelling with their uncle for ten days over the partition of certain property situated at Bassein, in the Thana District. The quarrel culminated on the morning of the 3rd June, when the two accused followed their uncle to a well, where he was working at the Persian wheel. They dragged him from his seat and attacked him with clubs, and battered his head. The deceased was then taken to the Bassein dispensary, where he died on the morning of the 4th June from the effects of his injuries.

The prosecution relied on the dying declaration of the injured man, and on the evidence of two women who were eye-witnesses of the attack.

The defence of the accused was that the man died from a fall and that the *panachnama* had been fabricated. The dying man was unconscious and therefore incapable of making any dying declaration. The first accused further pleaded an *alibi*, and stated that on the morning in question he was in Bombay selling milk.

Their Lordships, after hearing counsel, confirmed the convictions and sentences and dismissed the appeal.

Mr. Baptista with Mr. D. A. Khare appeared for the accused. The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

FACILITIES FOR ADMISSION OF WIVES AND CHILDREN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5.

A resolution is published notifying the arrangements made by the Government of India in discussion with the Government of the Union of South Africa to facilitate the admission into the Union of the wives and minor children of the Indians resident there. The scheme provides for certificates to facilitate admission, to be issued by a principal local Magistrate in the place in India on the application of the husband or father resident in South Africa.

TRADE ROUTES TO AUSTRALA AND PENANG SAFE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5,

A "Press Communique" announces for general information that the trade routes to Australia and Penang are considered safe.

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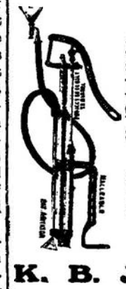

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INDIAN VOLUNTEER RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

IMPORTANCE OF MUSKETRY PRACTICE.

RESULTS OF COMPETITIONS.

The nineteenth annual report of the Indian Volunteer Rifle Association has been issued. It says:—

With the Empire once again at war, the question of skill with the rifle becomes one of the very highest importance, and the Council of the Indian Volunteer Rifle Association feel that they are entitled to ask for the enthusiasm of all members of the Indian Volunteer Force in doing everything that is possible to improve the musketry of the force by fostering an interest in competitive practice.

Under the conditions which are inevitable in the work of the I.V.R.A. it is difficult to carry out competitions of the so-called "Service" character; but the Council is confident that the care, skill, knowledge and physical condition which are necessary if an individual is to gain distinction as a marksman, will help him to discharge the primary duty of a soldier on service—that is to shoot straight.

WORLD'S BIGGEST SHOOTING COMPETITION.

So far as the past season is concerned the entries for the Viceroy's Competition and the great team competitions were very satisfactory. There were indeed, 1,195 entries for the first-named shoot, which may be compared with 1,052 entries for the King's Prize at Bisley; so that the Viceroy's match remains the biggest shooting competition in the world. Thirty-five corps entered for the Rivett-Carnac regimental team match, and 74 companies for the Hill Memorial; figures which show how keen the emulation is to win these trophies. The monthly membership matches were, however, not so well supported; a result which is variously attributed to the transition stage of the rearmament of the Indian Volunteer Force, and to the Association Rule, recently adopted, under which all competitors must enter for the Aggregates. This is a matter of considerable importance to the Association, as it cannot too often be insisted upon that rifle associations are dependent for their financial stability upon the attractions offered by their programmes to the average competitor.

THE "CAPITAL" REVOLVER CUP.

The support given to this interesting Competition, although considerably more than that extended in previous years, should undoubtedly be still greater, seeing that the revolver is again the official officer's weapon. The Cup was won this season by the Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles, Secunderabad, Major Sewell once more showing his handiness with either weapon by securing the Association silver medal for the highest individual score.

HILL MEMORIAL CUP.

The Cup for Company teams, which commemorates the many valuable services rendered to the Indian Volunteer Force by the late Major-General W. Hill, C.B., first Inspector-General of Volunteers, was won by "B" Company, Nagpur Volunteer Rifles, with a score of 571 points, followed by "F" Company, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, with 563. Four hundred and forty-four officers and men fired in this Competition, and Volunteer Brigrade, "B" Company, Nagpur Volunteer Rifles, had the distinction of making the highest individual score, thus securing a silver medal.

VICEROY'S COMPETITION.

The Competition for the blue riband of the Indian Volunteer shooting world, called forth considerably more interest than in the previous year, the total entries, as already noted, being 1,195. The outstanding feature of the Competition was the wonderful record made by Colour-Sergeant R. H. Neemuchwalla, a Parsee member of the Poona Volunteer Rifles, who was successful in winning the bronze, silver and gold medals, together with the cash prize of Rs. 500. His aggregate score was 333 points, which is one better than that of last year's winner, Colour-Sergeant R. W. Hart, of the Nagpur Volunteer Rifles. Colour-Sergeant R. H. Neemuchwalla's achievement is indeed a magnificent one, as he showed consistent steadiness throughout the Competition.

The following is a roll of honour showing the number of Viceroy's badges secured by Corps, and it is very interesting to note that the Kolar Corps retain their proud pre-eminence with the same number as last year, viz., 14.

VICEROY'S BADGES WON BY EACH CORPS.

Kolar, Gold Field Vols. Oorgaum.	14
S. I. Ry. Vols., Negapatam	7

THE SHORT RIFLE.

As to the merits of the short rifle with which the Indian Volunteer Force is being slowly re-armed, the opinion of expert shorts is divided as to its value as a long range target ribe, the majority attributing higher merit to selected long rifles. Be that as it may, however, there can be no doubt that the average shooting of the force as a whole must be greatly improved by the issue of such a handy weapon, and the replacement of so many worn out weapons by efficient rifles.

In the matter of aperture sights, it is extremely difficult to understand the attitude of the British military authorities in seeking to bar this contrivance in the programme of the National Rifle Association. This Association has received evidence from marksmen all over India, that the use of the aperture sight has proved of the very greatest value in both deliberate and rapid shooting, and it would certainly appear that to debar the use of the "aperture" is to restrict the capacity for accurate shooting on service, and to forego a simple and efficient optical aid to that end.

THE BINNING EMPIRE DAY SHIELD.

This splendid Troply, which is open to teams from any branch of the King's forces in India and Ceylon, has again been won by a Volunteer team, the Kolar Gold Field Rifles, with a total of 772 points, which is exactly the same score with which the Nagpur Volunteer Rifles were winners in 1912-13. The runners-up were the Second (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, the late Colonel Binning's own Battalion, who were the winners the first year the competition was instituted.

As a matter of fact, a team from a British Regular Battalion was very close to the top but, unfortunately, owing to a doubt about some of the conditions, this score had to be disqualified; and the highest score shown on the list made by a Regular regiment is that of the 38th Dogras, who fired at Malakhand. The winner of the silver medal for the best individual score was Corporal G. Watts of the Eastern Bengal State Railway Rifles.

THE RIVETT-CARNAC CUP.

This fine Cup, which was presented to the Association from the proceeds of a subscription raised to commemorate the distinguished services of Colonel J. H. Rivett-Carnac, C.I.E., as an Indian Volunteer, was won this season by the 1st Battalion Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, with a score of 712. This is the first time that the Cup has been won by a Calcutta Corps, and Colonel Grice's team is to be congratulated upon the handsome score which they put up. The Association silver medal fell once more to that always reliable veteran marksman, Major R. A. D. Sewell, V. D., Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

1st G. I. P. Ry. Vols., Bombay	7
2nd B. B. and C. I. Ry. Vols. Ajmer	6
2nd (Presy.) Bat. Cal. V. R. Calcutta	5
E. I. Ry. Vols. Jamajpore	5
Nilgiri V. R. Ootacamund	5
Bangalore Vol. R. Bangalore	4
1st Cal. V. R., Calcutta	3
Coorg and M. Rifles, Mercara	3
Bombay Vol. Arty., Bombay	3
2nd B. N. Ry. Vols., Nagpur	3
Simla Vol. Rifles, Simla	3
Nagpur Vol. Rifles, Nagpur	3
2nd N. W. Ry. Vols., Karachi	3
Cawnpore Vol. Rifles, Cawnpore	2
2nd M. and S. M. Ry. Vol., Hubli	2
1st M. and S. M. Ry. Vols., Madras	2
Burma Ry. Vols., Rangoon	2
Hyderabad Vol. Rifles, Secundrabad	2
1st N. W. Ry. Vols., Lahore	2
Bombay Vol. Rifles, Bombay.	2
O. and R. Ry. Vols., Lucknow	1
1st Punjab Vol. Rifles, Lahore	1
Rangoon Vol. Rifles, Rangoon	1
Rangoon Port Defence Vols., Rangoon	1
East Coast Vol. Rifles, Vizagapatam	1
Chota Nagpur Light Horse, Ranchi	1
Madras Vol. Guards, Madras	1
Upper Burma Vol. Rifles, Mandalay	1
Madras Artillery Vol., Madras	1
1st B. N. Ry. Vols., Khargpur	1
Sind Vol. Rifles, Karachi	1
Poona Vol. Rifles, Poona	1

THE HANHART CUP.

The Challenge Cup presented to the Association by Messrs. Hanhart and Co., Calcutta, is held by the team in the old Bengal Command making the highest score in the Hill Memorial Competition, and has been won by "D" Company, Cawnpore Volunteer Rifles.

THE HEATLY AND GRESHAM SHIELD.

This trophy, presented by Messrs. Heatly and Gresham, Limited, Calcutta, for competition among teams of bona fide railway employees, was fired for concurrently with the Hill Memorial Cup, with the result that the Shield was won by "F" Company, 1st North-Western Railway Rifles, Lahore.

THE LIGHT HORSE SHIELD.

The competition for the Shield presented by Walter Davies, Esq., of Messrs. Hamilton and Co., Calcutta, and late a member of the Calcutta Light Horse, brought out more teams last season, and the Council trust that with the re-armament of the Force many more entries will be received. The Shield won by the Cawnpore Squadron, 1st United Provinces Horse. Trooper V. Bose, No. 1 Mounted Company, Nagpur Volunteers, won the silver medal for the highest individual score.

MONTHLY MATCHES.

As already noted the entries for the Monthly Matches (reserved for Membesr of the Association) showed a decline last season. The winner of the Grand Aggregate Gold Cross proved to be Sergeant-Major W. Tomlinson, Madras Volunteer Guards, his total being 9 points more than last year's winner, Corporal M. Gindell, 1st G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers. The silver and bronze Aggregate Crosses were won by Sergeant-Major G. Darby, and 2nd-Lieutenant L. C. West, both of the 2nd Madras and S. M. Ry. Rifles. The N. R. A. Silver Medal, which is presented for the best aggregate at the Short Ranges, also went to Sergeant-Major W. Tomlinson. The S. I. R. A. Silver Medal, for the best aggregate in the Long Ranges, was also won by Sergeant-Major G. Darby.

INDIAN VOLUNTEERS.

A SUGGESTION FROM THE HON MR. ABBOTT.

The Hon. Mr. Abbott has suggested to the Government in the Military Department that volunteers, be utilized to garrison the cantonment stations in the absence of the British troops ordered on field service. This will giwe the volunteers some training in military routine and duties in the event of their being called out.

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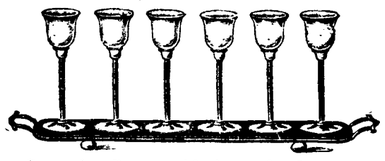

Green glass liqueurs with electro-plated stems on E. P. tray; very effective. Rs. 45.

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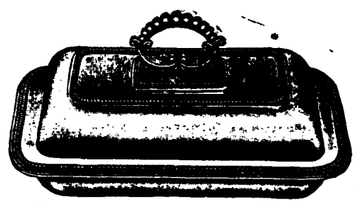

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Silver and velvet combined pin cushion and trinket-box, from Rs. 20.

Large range of E. P cruets in stock, from Rs. 12/8.

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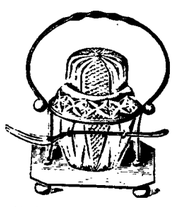
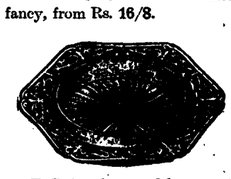


E. P. and glass pickle jar with fork Rs. 13/8.

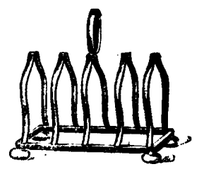
Solid-silver cruet new design. Rs. 55.

Silver ash-tray, many varieties in stock, from Rs. 15/8.

E. P. and English glass jam jar. Rs. 8/8 each.



E. P. hand pierced butter dish. Rs. 8 each.



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Choice selection silver bon-bon dishes. Rs. 9/8 each.

Glass jam jar with E. P. cover and spoon. Rs. 7/8 each.

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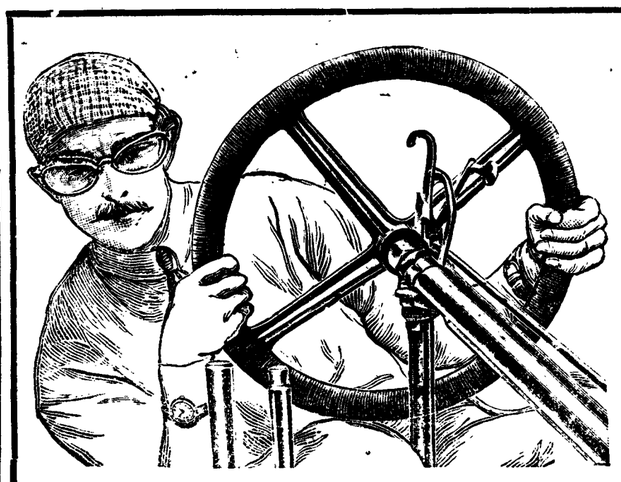

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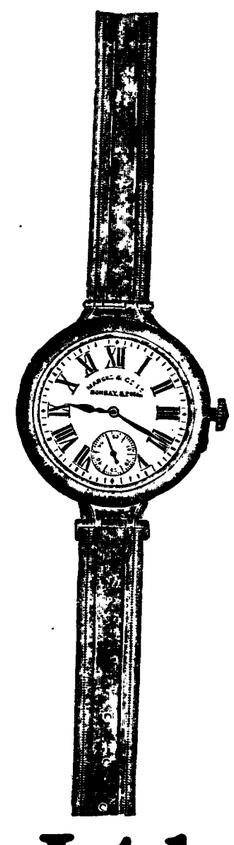

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FASHIONS OF TO-DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

Even the outbreak of what may eventuate in a great European conflagration does not deaden the interest of fashion's followers in pretty clothes; although, as a matter of fact, there is little that is new to chronicle in demi-saison modes. The cancellation of the gaieties of Cowes has caused much heart-burning among those who hoped to display the last mode of the season at its brilliant social gatherings; and in these modern days, when fashions change so rapidly and completely, it is useless to lay pretty dresses aside in the hope of wearing them on some future occasion. That which to-day is the last word from the most forward of Paris ateliers will next week be looked upon as hopelessly demode; so it is as well to display one's furbelows at any opportunity that may present itself even at the dead-end of the season. In spite of the national anxiety, there will be may country-house gatherings; and if the men are away at the call of their country women will dress—if only for each other.

A BEAUTIFUL VISITING COSTUME.

An elegant visiting or promenade toilette is given here by our artist—in grey and pastelblue "gros-de-Londres" taffetas. It exhibits the rendering to-day of the tight-fitting corsage worn in the early eighties. It fastens down the front with small black buttons, and the neck-part is finished with a large black bow ornamented with an enamelled buckle. The lace at the neck softens the lines most becomingly. The hat is all black, and is a little reminiscent of that denominated in old days the "pork pie"! The points on bodice and tunic are quite the latest vagary of fashion; and the skirt falls fairly tightly round the ankles. The row of pearls round the neck is an almost indispensable adjunct in these decollete days.

NEW WAISTCOAT BLOUSE.

The blouse shown here is made of pale canary-coloured crepe-de-chine, and has the prevailing waistcoat effect. The blouse is gathered into a gauged belt of the same material—the style being both fashionable and very becoming. This belt is finished by a cut-jet buckle. The vest and collar, of cream ninon, are completed by a black tulle bow and cutjet buttons. The sleeve is set in in quite original style, and is finished by stitching. It is of full length, and somewhat full all the way down. This blouse should not be difficult of achievement if due regard is paid to the pattern and care exercised in fitting on before stitching up.

A PRETTY HAT.

A distictly smart velours hat is here brought to our notice, and is of a style that would be very generally becoming. It is trimmed with the popular feather ruche and mount. The hat would look very nice in either navy or tete-de-negre; and the chic neckweaf, of tulle and velvet, might be of the same colour as the straw. The front neckwear is finished by a Wedgwood brooch. So many of the season's coats are cut with the neckband high at the back and the dainty little tulle finish has a very softening effect. These little dress accessories can be easily made by oneself in an otherwise, idle half-hour, the cost in this case being only infinitesimal.

PLANT SURGERY.

DR. BURNS' LECTURE.

A lecture on plant surgery under the auspices of the Students Brotherhood was delivered on Saturday last, in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, by Dr. W. Burns, Economic Botanist, Agricultural College, Poona. There was a very large number of students present. Lt.-Col. K. R. Kirtikar, I.M.S., occupied the chair.

In the course of his lecture, Dr. Burns said:—

By the term surgery we mean the art of healing by operation. In healthy animal bodies wounds do not remain open, they heal. In plant bodies, healing also takes place, both after natural and artificial wounds. We can therefore talk of plant surgery, and shall consider first the process of healing in plant bodies and second the art of operation as applied to plants.

The first tissue that heals a plant would is called *callus*. This is composed of large cells, and may be formed by any living plant tissue. Dead cells such as those of the old wood cannot form *caluls*. The callus is however only a temporary means of closing the wound. There arise afterwards in the *callus* itself a cork forming layer, and later a layer of cells that produces new wood and bast. If healing is perfect the wound thus healed may be sunk and concealed in the body of the plant. Its presence can then only be seen after the plant is cut down when it may appear as a knot in the timber. Certain plaints make very careful arrangements for protecting the places where their old leaves fall off. Even before the leaf falls a protecting layer has been prepared, and so there is no gaping wound. Plant wounds may also be naturally closed by resin or the milky juice that belongs to plants such as indiarubber.

In applying this knowledge of the healing of plant bodies to practical operations, we have to take into account the very great difference between the higher animals and plants. The animal has a centralised body from which one cannot remove a member without damaging the whole permanently. The plant is a colonial organism and can lose a part and replace it. Indeed some plants can replace all their missing parts from any part that may remain. Thus we come to the well-known means of propagating plants by cuttings, layers, and *gooties*. In a lecture delivered in Edinburgh in 1912, Professor Bayley Balfour gave many interesting facts as to the physiology of the taking root of cuttings. A cutting that takes root and establishes itself in the soil is said to "strike." It has long been a belief among gardeners that cuttings of some plants will strike and of others will not. Professor Balfour showed how some of the plants hitherto considered difficult or impossible of propagation by cuttings, could by such means as scraping the *callus*, be induced to strike.

In the Ganeshkhind Botanical Gardens, Poona, many experiments on propagation have been carried out. The mango cutting refuses steadily to strike, but the mango has, in the above garden, been successfully propagated by layering, and this means may perhaps become of more importance in the future in the propagation of this fruit tree. In layering the cutting is not disconnected from the tree till its roots are formed. Croton buds have produced roots freely and acted as if they were complete cuttings. The propagation of begonias by leaf-cuttings is a common operation.

In budding and grafting we come to operations in which the ability to produce *callus* is used to join together the scion (i.e. the graft) and the stock. To ensure perfect union there must be a smooth joint, no loss of water, and vigorous growth. As an example of the lengths to which grafting can be carried, photos were shown of some remarkable grafts recently made in the Bassein and Ganeshkhind Botanical Gardens, in which the flowering shoot of the mango actually carrying fruit, had been grafted and transferred on to the top of a young seedling, and in another case on to another flowering shoot of the same tree.

In conclusion it was stated that in the case of a wounded root-tip the plant rapidly casts off the old root-tip and replaces it by a fresh one, since the root-tip is the sensitive part of the root and the root is practically "blind" without it.

Many interesting specimens were exhibited by the lecturer.

Lt.-Col. K. R. Kirtikar paid a warm compliment to the lecturer for the very able, lucid and interesting way in which the lecturer had delivered his lecture. After a vote of thanks to the lecturer and the Chairman the meeting dispersed.

JOINING THE COLOURS.

SCENES IN A FRENCH VILLAGE.

How a French village responded to the call to arms is described by a returned tourist in the "Daily Graphic."

The first news of it (he says) came on Saturday. We were out of the village, spending a day with the rocks and the waves, which are always at war. Suddenly we heard a gunshot and noticed a red flag flying on the point at the further end of the bay. The fishing fleet turned and set full sail for the port. We wondered, that was all.

But when we returned to the village in the evening we knew at once. The usually deserted street was full of people, the women all red-eyed, the men some sullen, some eager. On the wall a little further on was a big white placard headed by two crossed tricolours. Right across ran the magic words:—

"*Mobilisation generale: Armee de terre; armee de mer.*"

Beneath the big lettering followed a lot of details and the first day of mobilisation, Sunday, August 2nd, filled in in ink.

In the tiny village were at least half a dozen of these placards, and before every one a little crowd of people, some gesticulating wildly, but most staring stupidly in silence. The day of reckoning, never forgotten even by the stupidest French peasant had come at last. Now or never was the time to teach those accursed Germans a lesson, to free Alsace-Lorraine! The spirit of a whole race hummed in the conversation of this tiny village.

TEARS AND ALARMS.

On Sunday nothing much happened Most of the men of the village are fishermen, and as such liable to service in the navy. The sailors are not called till Monday. They have a day to make their adieux. That makes it all the worse. Many will get drunk and thrash the Germans a thousand times before going to bed. But the women will cry all the time, however brave their hearts, however implacable their hatred. The afternoon was full of rumours, obviously false. The Germans had crossed the frontier, the French had crossed the frontier; fifteen English ships had met twenty Germany ships and sunk them; England had declared war; England had decided to remain neutral—all the canards imaginable.

The village wiseacres went about explaining the situation, with admirable clearness it must be admitted. Few Englishmen of the middle class could have equalled their grasp of essential facts. A French elementary school education does at any rate teach a man how to marshal and present his ideas. In the evening the garde-champetre came up to our inn to collect the signatures of all foreigners, and incidentally to give us a dozen reasons why the Germans must be defeated. He had fought in 1870. He knew.

"AUX ARMES, CITOYENS!"

Then came Monday morning. At eleven o'clock the men assembled on the little village square. They were going to maron across the country to the nearest station, a mile or two away. In front a particularly fine strong fellow—and they were all fine and strong—carried an enormous tricolour. "En route, mes enfants!" somebody cries, and they start down the little village street. There are not very many of them—perhaps fifty in all—but when they are gone there will be no man under forty-five left in the village.

On they go, singing the "Marseillaise," the tune which even in ordinary circumstances turns you inside out. Now. . . . The whole way along the street the women are weeping, not silently to-day, but loudly, in great sobs—not very many women, because there are not many in the village, but all the women. Occasionally a man falls out for a moment, runs to the side and kisses mother, sister, wife, or sweetheart. Sometimes a woman rushes in among the marching sailors and throws her arms about her man for the last time. And above all the sobs, the lamentations floats the gay tricolour, rises the nervous heart-wrecking tune:

"Aux armes citoyens!
Formez vous bataillons."

That is what Mobilisation Generale means. It is very different from our General Mobilisation. We never see all our men go; all our women have not red eyes. That, too, is how France is going to war.

None of us who saw that night will ever forget it.

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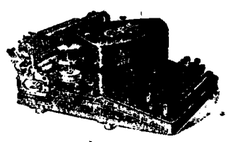

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